Workarounds & API Guide

Appeon® for PowerBuilder® 2013 R2 FOR WINDOWS & UNIX & LINUX

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Contents

1 .	About This Book	. 1
	1.1 Audience	
	1.2 How to use this book	. 1
	1.3 Related documents	
	1.4 If you need help	. 3
2	Appeon Workarounds PBL Reference	. 4
	2.1 Introduction to Appeon Workarounds	4
	2.2 Best practices for calling APIs	
	2.3 General API	
	2.3.1 AppeonExtFuncs object	
	2.3.1.1 of_getappeonusername function	
	2.3.1.2 of_getbrowserversion function	. 7
	2.3.1.3 of_getcachedir function	
	2.3.1.4 of_getclientid function	
	2.3.1.5 of_getclientip function	
	2.3.1.6 of_getclienttype function	
	2.3.1.7 of_gethttpinfo function	
	2.3.1.8 of_getiehandle function	
	2.3.1.9 of_getieurl function	
	2.3.1.10 of_getostype function	
	2.3.1.11 of_getrunmode function	
	2.3.1.12 of_getservertype function	
	2.3.1.13 of_getsessioncount function	
	2.3.1.14 of_is64browser function	
	2.3.1.15 of_ldaplogon function	
	2.3.1.16 of_log function	
	2.3.1.17 of_clearlog function	
	2.3.1.18 of_popmenu function	
	2.3.1.19 of_popmenuon function	
	2.3.1.20 of_print2file function	
	2.3.1.21 of_Print2PDF function (Obsolete)	
	2.3.1.22 of_switchRealTimeCalc function	
	2.3.2 Appeon Client Functions	
	2.3.2.1 AppeonGetAppeonUserName function	
	2.3.2.2 AppeonGetBrowserVersion function	
	2.3.2.3 AppeonGetCacheDir function	
	2.3.2.4 AppeonGetClientID function	
	2.3.2.5 AppeonGetClientIP function	
	2.3.2.6 AppeonGetClientType function	
	2.3.2.7 AppeonGetHttpInfo function	
	2.3.2.8 AppeonGetIEHandle function	
	2.3.2.9 AppeonGetIEURL function	
	2.3.2.10 AppeonGetOSType function	
	2.3.2.11 AppeonGetRemainingdays function	
	2.3.2.12 AppeonGetServerType function	
	2.3.2.13 AppeonGetSessionCount function	22

	2.3.2.14 appeonisin64browser function	22
	2.3.2.15 AppeonLDAPLogon function	22
	2.3.2.16 AppeonPopMenu function	22
	2.3.2.17 AppeonPopMenuOn function	23
	2.3.2.18 AppeonPrint2File function	24
	2.3.2.19 AppeonPrint2PDF function (Obsolete)	25
	2.3.2.20 AppeonSwitchRealTimeCalc function	25
	2.3.3 Client Logs	26
	2.3.3.1 eon_logex object	26
	2.3.4 File Upload and Download	
	2.3.4.1 Configuring and deploying Appeon File Server	26
	2.3.4.2 Uploading and downloading files	43
	2.3.5 Distributed DataWindows (EAServer only)	48
	2.3.5.1 AppeonDataWindow and AppeonDataStore	48
	2.3.5.2 Workaround steps	50
	2.3.5.3 Workaround limitations	50
	2.3.6 Appeon Labels	51
	2.3.6.1 Appeon Commit/Rollback Label	52
	2.3.6.2 Appeon Commit Label	53
	2.3.6.3 Appeon Rollback Label	
	2.3.6.4 Appeon Queue Labels	54
	2.3.6.5 Appeon Immediate Call Label	56
	2.3.6.6 Appeon Update Label	57
	2.3.7 Calling EJB Component	59
	2.3.7.1 Appeon Bridge	59
	2.3.7.2 EJBObject object	60
	2.3.7.3 Appeon requirements for EJB development	67
	2.3.8 Calling .NET/COM server components (.NET only)	68
	2.3.8.1 AppeonDotNetComponent object	69
	2.3.9 Calling Web Service	73
	2.3.9.1 appeonwebservicecomponent object	
2.4 N	Mobile Device API	77
	2.4.1 Appeon Workspace	77
	2.4.1.1 eon_mobile_awsex object	77
	2.4.2 Barcode	91
	2.4.2.1 eon_mobile_barcodeex object	91
	2.4.3 Camera	96
	2.4.3.1 eon_mobile_cameraex object	96
	2.4.4 Connection	100
	2.4.4.1 eon_mobile_connectionex object	101
	2.4.5 Device	101
	2.4.5.1 eon_mobile_deviceex object	101
	2.4.6 Geolocation	
	2.4.6.1 eon_mobile_geolocationex object	108
	2.4.7 Map	115
	2.4.7.1 eon_mobile_mapex object	116
	2.4.8 Media	125
	2.4.8.1 eon_mobile_mediaex object	125

2.4.9 Notification	126
2.4.9.1 eon_mobile_notificationex object	126
2.4.10 Offline	
2.4.10.1 eon_offlineex object	128
2.4.11 Textchecker	
2.4.11.1 eon_mobile_textcheckex object	131
2.4.12 NFC	
2.4.12.1 eon_mobile_nfcex object	
3 Appeon Resize PBL Reference	
3.1 eon_cst_resize object	149
3.1.1 Functions	149
3.1.1.1 of_checkSizeType	
3.1.1.2 of_getComponentName	
3.1.1.3 of_init	
3.1.1.4 of_init (userobject)	
3.1.1.5 of_init (window)	
3.1.1.6 of_register	
3.1.1.7 of_setResizeType	
3.1.1.8 of_typeOf	
3.1.2 Properties	
3.2 eon_cst_resizeattrib object	
3.3 eon_cst_resizecompose object	
3.3.1 Functions	
3.3.1.1 of_init	
3.3.1.2 of_register (a_obj, as_method)	
3.3.1.3 of_register (a_component, a_obj, as_method)	
3.3.2 Properties	
3.3.3 Event	
3.3.3.1 pfc_resize	
4 Workarounds for Unsupported Features	
4.1 Objects & Controls	
4.1.1 External user object	
4.1.2 UserObject object	
4.1.2.1 AddItem function (EAServer only)	
4.1.2.2 DeleteItem function	
4.1.3 System Objects	
4.1.3.1 PipeLine object	
4.1.3.2 Application object	
4.1.4 System Controls	
4.1.4.1 ListView control	
4.1.4.2 TreeView control	
4.1.4.3 Tab control	
4.2 System Functions	
4.2.1 DDE Server functions	
4.2.2 FileDeadEx function	
4.2.3 FileReadEx function	
4.2.4 FileSeek64 function	
4.2.5 FileWriteEx function	15/

4.2.6 Fromansi function	157
4.2.7 FromUnicode function	157
4.2.8 Garbage Collection functions	158
4.2.9 GetLibraryList function	158
4.2.10 Help functions	
4.2.11 HyperLinkToURL function	
4.2.12 LibraryDirectory function	
4.2.13 PopulateError function	
4.2.14 Registry function	
4.2.15 Shared Object functions	
4.2.16 SignalError function	
4.3 PowerScript Reference	
·	
4.3.1 PowerScript Topics	
4.3.1.1 Calling functions and events	
4.3.1.2 Declarations	
4.3.1.3 Language basics	
4.3.2 PowerScript Statements	
4.3.2.1 GOTO statement	
4.3.3 SQL Statements	
4.3.3.1 Stored procedure with Null output	
4.3.4 PowerScript Events	
4.3.4.1 Help event	165
4.3.4.2 Other event	166
4.4 DataWindow Reference	166
4.4.1 DataWindow operators	166
4.4.1.1 DataWindow operator precedence	166
4.4.2 DataWindow Object Properties	
4.4.2.1 Retrieve. As Needed	
4.4.3 DataWindow control	167
4.4.3.1 Functions	
4.4.3.2 Events	
4.4.3.3 Properties	_
4.4.4 Controls in a DataWindow	
4.4.4.1 Large Binary/Text database OLE object	
4.4.4.2 Column control	
4.4.5 Functions of DataStore object	
4.5 DBParm parameters in Database	
4.5.1 ConnectString parameter	
4.6 Workaround Techniques (for EAServer only)	
	174
4.6.1 Appeon GetFullState/SetFullState/GetChanges/SetChanges	474
(Windows only)	
4.6.2 Packaging unsupported features in n-Tier NVOs or DLLs	
4.6.2.1 Packaging unsupported objects into n-Tier NVOs	
4.6.2.2 Placing unsupported functions into n-Tier NVOs	
5 FAQ & Workarounds	
5.1 How to remove the Internet Explorer menu	
5.2 How to deploy NVO to EAServer 6.1	183
5.3 How to deploy NVOs to EAServer without PowerBuilder	194

	5.4 How to use Client resources in Appeon Web applications	194
		195
		196
Ę	5.7 How to log in the Web application with single sign-on	196
Ę	5.8 How to add headers & footers to a Web application	197
Į	5.9 How to get the user name and password of the operating system	197
į	5.10 How to modify the storage location of Web application files in Appeon	
[Developer	197
Į	5.11 How to integrate Appeon Web applications with JSP/ASP	198
	5.11.1 Applying Appeon CommandParm and Hyperlink features	198
	5.11.2 Using Internet Explorer Frame	198
	5.11.3 Integration through intermediate n-Tier Server-level solutions	199
Į	5.12 No Workarounds	199
Index	X	200

1 About This Book

1.1 Audience

This book is for developers who want to use APIs to implement various functionalities in the Web or mobile applications and get solutions for issues encountered when using Appeon Web or Appeon Mobile.

1.2 How to use this book

There are five chapters in this book.

Chapter 1: About This Book

A general description of this book.

Chapter 2: Appeon Workarounds PBL Reference

Lists the syntax and code examples of the programming interfaces provided by the Appeon Workarounds PBL, to implement corresponding functionalities.

Chapter 3: Appeon Resize PBL Reference

Lists the syntax and code examples of the programming interfaces provided by the Appeon Resize PBL, to resize and move the controls within a window.

Chapter 4: Workarounds for Unsupported Features

Provides suggestions to work around the unsupported features that have functional impact on the running of the application.

Chapter 5: FAQ and Workarounds

Lists some frequently asked questions and workaround tips regarding the Appeon application architecture or product features.

1.3 Related documents

Appeon provides the following user documents to assist you in understanding Appeon for PowerBuilder and its capabilities:

• Introduction to Appeon:

Gives general introduction to Appeon for PowerBuilder and its editions.

• Getting Started (for Appeon Mobile):

Guides you though installing PowerBuilder and Appeon for PowerBuilder, and developing and deploying a mobile application.

• New Features Guide:

Introduces new features and changes in Appeon for PowerBuilder.

• Appeon Mobile Tutorials:

Gives instructions on deploying, running, and debugging the mobile application, distributing native mobile apps, and configuring the Appeon Server cluster.

• Appeon Mobile (Offline) Tutorials:

Gives instructions on setting up the Appeon Mobile (Offline) environment, and configuring, deploying, running, updating, and debugging the offline application.

• Appeon Installation Guide:

Provides instructions on how to install Appeon for PowerBuilder successfully.

• Installation Guide on Cloud Platform:

Provides instructions on how to install Appeon for PowerBuilder on the cloud-based platform such as Windows Azure and AWS EC2 and S3.

• Mobile UI Design & Development Guide:

Introduces general guidelines on designing and developing the mobile app and UI.

• Migration Guidelines for Appeon Web:

A process-oriented guide that illustrates the complete diagram of the Appeon Web migration procedure and various topics related to steps in the procedure, and includes a tutorial that walks you through the entire process of deploying a small PowerBuilder application to the Web.

• Supported PB Features:

Provides a detailed list of supported PowerBuilder features which can be converted to the Web/Mobile with Appean as well as which features are unsupported.

Appeon Developer User Guide:

Provides instructions on how to use the Appeon Developer toolbar in Appeon for PowerBuilder.

• Workarounds & API Guide:

Provides resolutions for unsupported features and various APIs to facilitate you to implement the features (including Web and mobile) that are not easy or impossible to implement in the PowerBuilder IDE.

Appeon Workspace User Guide:

Gives a general introduction on Appeon Workspace and provides detailed instructions on how to use it.

Appeon Server Configuration Guide:

Provides instructions on how to configure Appeon Server Monitor, establish connections between Appeon Servers and database servers, and configure AEM for maintaining Appeon Server and the deployed applications.

• Web Server Configuration Guide:

Describes configuration instructions for different types of Web servers to work with the Appeon Server.

• Troubleshooting Guide:

Provides information on troubleshooting issues; covering topics, such as product installation, application deployment, AEM, and Appeon application runtime issues.

• Appeon Performance Tuning Guide:

Provides instructions on how to modify a PowerBuilder application to achieve better performance from its corresponding Web/mobile application.

Testing Appeon Web Applications with QTP:
 Provides instructions on how to test Appeon Web applications with QTP.

1.4 If you need help

If you have any questions about this product or need assistance during the installation process, access the Technical Support Web site at http://www.appeon.com/support.

2 Appeon Workarounds PBL Reference

This chapter lists the syntax and code examples of the programming interfaces provided by the Appeon Workarounds PBL, to implement the various functionalities in Appeon Web application and Appeon mobile application.

2.1 Introduction to Appeon Workarounds

Appeon Workarounds provides a bunch of APIs and packaged solutions to facilitate you implement the features that are not easy or impossible to implement in the PowerBuilder IDE. Appeon Workarounds includes one PBL, three DLLs and one XML file to help to work around some PowerBuilder features and extend the usability of the deployed application.

- One PBL: appeon_workarounds.pbl
- Three DLLs: EonAXNVO.dll, EonEmfPic.dll and Eonejbclient.dll
- XML file: ejb_err_info.xml

They are located in the \appeon_workaroundsxxxe (xxx indicates the PowerBuilder version) folder under the Appeon Developer installation directory. For example, C:\Program Files \Appeon\Developer2013R2\appeon_workarounds125e.

To use the APIs or solutions provided in the Appeon Workarounds PBL, you will need to add the appeon_workarounds.pbl library to the Library Search Path of the application.

2.2 Best practices for calling APIs

Not all of the APIs can be used in both the Mobile and Web environment. In Section 2.3, "General API", the following functions: of popmenu, of popmenuon, of print2file, of Print2PDF, of getbrowserversion, of getiehandle, of getieurl, & of is64browser from the AppeonExtFuncs object are effective in the Web environment only. In Section 2.4, "Mobile Device API", all listed functions are effective in the Mobile environment. If a function that is effective in the Web environment only is executed in a Mobile environment, or if a function that is effective in the Mobile environment only is executed in a Web environment, the function may return unexpected values, and cause the application to perform abnormally.

Therefore, to avoid the aforementioned problem, you should detect the running environment first before calling the corresponding functions.

For example, to call the **of_setapprotationlock** API which take effects in the mobile environment only, you are recommended to write the scripts in this way:

```
if appeongetclienttype()="MOBILE" then
  eon_mobile_awsex lgnv_aws
  lgnv_aws = CREATE eon_mobile_awsex
  lgnv_aws.of_setAppOrientation(2)
  lgnv_aws.of_setapprotationlock(1)
  destroy lgnv_aws
end if
```

2.3 General API

The APIs listed in this section take effects in both the Web and Mobile environment, except for those specified otherwise.

2.3.1 AppeonExtFuncs object

AppeonExtfuncs object provides functions to help users manipulate the deployed application. The function of the AppeonExtfuncs object usually returns different values in the PowerBuilder application and in the deployed application. The values returned in the PowerBuilder application are defined in the AppeonExtfuncs object; while the values returned in the deployed application are defined in the Appeon client library.

The function of AppeonExtfuncs object performs almost identical to the global function of the <u>Appeon client functions</u>. Typically, the function of AppeonExtfuncs object is recommended over the <u>Appeon client functions</u> for the following three reasons:

- The function of the AppeonExtfuncs object delivers a better extensibility and is much easier to manage.
- Calling too much global functions of <u>Appeon client functions</u> may affect the performance.

Calling functions of AppeonExtFuncs object

The best way to use these functions is to pass their return values into Appeon Server NVO components. Then, in the Appeon Server NVO components, the information (such as browser version, user name etc.) can be utilized to code more application features such as security authentication, auditing, logging, file operation, etc. This means you can write more scripts in NVO components for implementing more application features.

Below lists the function of AppeonExtfuncs object and their corresponding <u>Appeon client functions</u>.

Table 2.1: Functions of AppeonExtFuncs object

Function of AppeonExtFuncs object	Appeon client functions	Description
of getappeonusername function	AppeonGetAppeonUserName function	Gets the user name that you type into the Appeon Login dialog box.
of getbrowserversion function	AppeonGetBrowserVersion function	Gets the Internet Explorer version of the client.
of getcachedir function	AppeonGetCacheDir function	Gets the Cache directory that is used by the current Web application. Generally the cache directory is \Documents and Settings\username \Application Data\appeon \application_name.
of getclientid function	AppeonGetClientID function	Gets the unique session identifier for the Internet Explorer client.
of getclientip function	AppeonGetClientIP function	Gets the IP address of the Internet Explorer client.
of_getclienttype function	AppeonGetClientType function	Gets the type of an application.

Function of AppeonExtFuncs object	Appeon client functions	Description
of gethttpinfo function	AppeonGetHttpInfo function	Gets the HTTP header information from a particular request.
of getiehandle function	AppeonGetIEHandle function	Gets the Internet Explorer handle for the current application.
of getieurl function	AppeonGetIEURL function	Gets the URL of the Web application.
of getostype function	AppeonGetOSType function	Gets the type of OS that runs your application (the Appeon Web application, the Appeon mobile application, or the PowerBuilder client application).
NA	AppeonGetRemainingdays function	Gets the remaining day(s) of license or technical support.
of getservertype function	AppeonGetServerType function	Gets the Appeon Server type where the application runs.
of getsessioncount function (Obsolete)	AppeonGetSessionCount function (Obsolete)	of_getsessioncount function is obsolete since Appeon for PowerBuilder 2013.
of is64browser function	appeonisin64browser function	Detects if the IE browser where the application runs is 64-bit.
of Idaplogon function	AppeonLDAPLogon Function	Logs in to the LDAP server with the specified user name and password.
of popmenu function	AppeonPopMenu function	Pops up Appeon DataWindow menu at a specified position in a specified DataWindow control.
of popmenuon function	AppeonPopMenuOn function	Pops up Appeon DataWindow menu in a specified window when you right click the mouse button.
of print2file function	AppeonPrint2File function	Saves the specified DataWindow as image files of BMP, JPG or GIF format.
of Print2PDF function (Obsolete)	AppeonPrint2PDF function (Obsolete)	of_Print2PDF is an obsolete function and will be discontinued in a future release. Please replace it with the SaveAs function of

Function of AppeonExtFuncs object	Appeon client functions	Description
		the DataWindow or Child DataWindow and set the saveas file type to PDF format.
of_switchRealTimeCalc function	AppeonSwitchRealTimeCalc function	Performs the DataWindow real-time expression calculation in time or performs the calculation for only one time in the whole life-cycle.

2.3.1.1 of_getappeonusername function

Description

Gets the user name that you type into the Appeon Login dialog box.

Syntax

appeonextfuncs.of_getappeonusername()

Argument	Description
appeonextfuncs	A reference to an AppeonExtFuncs object.

Return value

String.

Usage

This function takes effect in the deployed Appeon application, not in the PowerBuilder application.

2.3.1.2 of_getbrowserversion function

Description

Gets the Internet Explorer version of the Web client.

Supported on the Web client only.

Syntax

appeonextfuncs.of_getbrowserversion()

Argument	Description
appeonextfuncs	A reference to an AppeonExtFuncs object.

Return value

String.

Usage

This function takes effect in the deployed Appeon application, not in the PowerBuilder application.

2.3.1.3 of_getcachedir function

Description

Gets the Cache directory that is used by the current application.

Generally, for the Web application, the cache directory is C:\Users\Administrator\AppData \Local\Microsoft\Windows\Temporary Internet Files\systemfolder1\subsystemfolder1 (The name for the subsystemfolder1 is random), for example, C:\Users\Administrator\AppData \Local\Microsoft\Windows\Temporary Internet Files\content.IE5\. The directory may vary depending on different operating systems.

For the iOS mobile application, the cache directory is \\$Appeon_Mobile_folder\$\Documents\\$your_application_folder\$, for example, \(\frac{var/mobile}{Applications}\)/144F5F33-A33F-480D-A3D9-01BBA5410EB2\(\text{Documents}\)/4c001b05.

For the Android mobile application, the cache directory is /data/data/\$Appeon_Mobile_folder \$/files/\$your_application_folder\$, for example, /data/data/com.appeon.mobile/files/21746870.

Syntax

appeonextfuncs.of_getcachedir()

Argument	Description
appeonextfuncs	A reference to an AppeonExtFuncs object.

Return value

String.

Usage

This function takes effect in the deployed Appeon application, not in the PowerBuilder application.

2.3.1.4 of_getclientid function

Description

Gets the unique session identifier for the Web or mobile client.

Syntax

appeonextfuncs.of_getclientid()

Argument	Description
appeonextfuncs	A reference to an AppeonExtFuncs object.

Return value

String.

2.3.1.5 of_getclientip function

Description

Gets the IP address of the Web or mobile client.

Syntax

appeonextfuncs.of_getclientip()

Argument	Description
appeonextfuncs	A reference to an AppeonExtFuncs object.

Return value

String.

2.3.1.6 of_getclienttype function

Description

Gets the type of an application.

Syntax

appeonextfuncs.of_getclienttype()

Argument	Description
appeonextfuncs	A reference to an AppeonExtFuncs object.

Return value

String.	Returns "WEB" if the application runs on the Web.	
	Returns "PB" if the application runs in PowerBuilder.	
	Returns "MOBILE" if the application runs on a mobile device.	

2.3.1.7 of_gethttpinfo function

Description

Gets the HTTP header information from a particular request.

Syntax

appeonextfuncs.of_gethttpinfo(string attribute)

Argument	Description
appeonextfuncs	A reference to an AppeonExtFuncs object.
attribute	The required HTTP information. For example, "Host", "Cookie", etc.

Return value

String.

Usage

This function takes effect in the deployed Appeon application, not in the original PowerBuilder application.

2.3.1.8 of_getiehandle function

Description

Gets the Internet Explorer handle for the Web application.

Supported on the Web client only.

Syntax

appeonextfuncs.of_getiehandle()

Argument	Description
appeonextfuncs	A reference to an AppeonExtFuncs object.

Return value

Long.

Usage

This function takes effect in the deployed Appeon application, not in the PowerBuilder application.

2.3.1.9 of_getieurl function

Description

Gets the URL of the Web application.

For the mobile application, use <u>of_getappinfo</u> to get the URL of the mobile application.

Syntax

appeonextfuncs.of_getieurl()

Argument	Description
appeonextfuncs	A reference to an AppeonExtFuncs object.

Return value

String.

Usage

This function takes effect in the deployed Appeon application, not in the PowerBuilder application.

2.3.1.10 of_getostype function

Description

Gets the type of OS that runs your application (the Appeon Web application, the Appeon mobile application, or the PowerBuilder client application).

Syntax

appeonextfuncs.of_getostype()

Argument	Description
appeonextfuncs	A reference to an AppeonExtFuncs object.

Return value

String.	Returns the type of OS that runs the Appeon Web application, the
	Appeon mobile application, or the PowerBuilder client application.

2.3.1.11 of_getrunmode function

Description

Gets the running mode of an application.

Syntax

appeonextfunc.of_getrunmode()

Argument	Description
appeonextfuncs	A reference to an AppeonExtFuncs object.

Return value

String	Returns "" an empty string if the application runs in PowerBuilder.
	Returns "RELEASE" or "DEBUG" (Debug JS, or debug JS/PS)
	(according to the generation mode setting in Appeon Developer, see
	Section 4.2.1.1.2, "Selecting an application file generation mode" in
	Appeon Developer User Guide) if the application runs on the Web or a
	mobile device.

2.3.1.12 of_getservertype function

Description

Gets the Appeon Server type where the application runs.

Syntax

appeonextfuncs.of_getservertype()

Argument	Description
appeonextfuncs	A reference to an AppeonExtFuncs object.

Return value

Integer	Returns 1 if the Appeon applications runs on an Appeon Server that is installed to a Java Server (such as EAServer).
	Returns 2 if the Appeon applications runs on an Appeon Server that is installed to a .NET IIS server.

Usage

This function takes effect in the deployed Appeon application, not in the PowerBuilder application.

2.3.1.13 of_getsessioncount function

This function is obsolete since Appeon for PowerBuilder 2013.

2.3.1.14 of_is64browser function

Description

Detects if the IE browser where the Web application runs is 64-bit.

Supported on the Web client only.

Syntax

appeonextfuncs.of_is64browser()

Argument	Description
appeonextfuncs	A reference to an AppeonExtFuncs object.

Return value

Boolean	Returns "true" if the Appeon application runs on a 64-bit IE browser.
	Returns "false" if the Appeon application runs on a 32-bit IE browser.

Usage

This function takes effect in the deployed Appeon application, not in the PowerBuilder application.

2.3.1.15 of_Idaplogon function

Description

Logs in to the LDAP server with the specified user name and password.

Syntax

appeonextfuncs.of_ldaplogon (string as_username, string as_password)

Argument	Description
appeonextfuncs	A reference to an AppeonExtFuncs object.

as_username	User name for logging into the LDAP server.
as_password	Password for logging into the LDAP server.

Return value

String.	Returns "" an empty string if the login succeeds.
	Returns the error information.

Usage

This function takes effect in the deployed Appeon application, not in the PowerBuilder application. To make this function work in the Appeon application, you should set the System Security to ON in AEM, and make sure the LDAP server is correctly set up. For detailed instructions, refer to Section 5.3.5.5, "System Security" in *Appeon Server Configuration Guide for .NET* or Appeon Server Configuration Guide for J2EE.

2.3.1.16 of_log function

Description

Generates the Web/mobile client log information, and the default log level is INFO.

This function is supported on both the Web and mobile clients.

Syntax

appeonextfuncs.of_log(integer ai_level, string as_info)

Argument	Description
appeonextfuncs	A reference to an AppeonExtFuncs object.
ai_level	1 - FATAL level.
	2 - ERROR level.
	3 - WARNING level.
	4 - INFO level. (Default value)
	5 - DEBUG level.
as_info	The log information.

Return value

integer

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder, or there is an error.

Usage

For the log path of Web applications, mobile applications (that run in Appeon Workspace), and native mobile applications, please refer to Section 5.4.6.8, "Client Logs" in *Appeon Server Configuration Guide for .NET* or Appeon Server Configuration Guide for J2EE.

2.3.1.17 of_clearlog function

Description

Clears the Web/mobile client log information.

This function is supported on both the Web and mobile clients.

Syntax

appeonextfuncs.of_clearlog()

Argument	Description
appeonextfuncs	A reference to an AppeonExtFuncs object.

Return value

integer

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder, or there is an error.

2.3.1.18 of_popmenu function

Description

Pops up Appeon DataWindow menu at a specified position in a specified DataWindow control.

Appeon DataWindow Menu is available in Appeon Web only. For more information about the menu items, refer to Section 8.3, "Appeon DataWindow menu" in *Appeon Developer User Guide*.

Supported on the Web client only.

Syntax

appeonextfuncs.of_popmenu (datawindow adw_dw , integer nx , Integer ny)

Argument	Description
appeonextfuncs	A reference to an AppeonExtFuncs object.
adw_dw	The DataWindow control on which you want to pop up the Appeon DataWindow menu.
nx	The distance from the left edge of the popup menu.
ny	The distance from the up edge of the popup menu.

Return value

None.

Usage

- 1. The user customized RMB menu has a higher priority than the Appeon customized menu.
- 2. The AppeonPopMenu function has a higher priority than the AppeonPopMenuOn function.

3. Defining your RMB menu in RButtonDown event is not recommended because this will cause confusion in the system. To work around this, define your RMB menu in the RButtonUp event.

2.3.1.19 of_popmenuon function

Description

Pops up Appeon DataWindow menu in a specified window when you right click the mouse button.

Appeon DataWindow Menu is available in Appeon Web only. For more information about the menu items, refer to Section 8.3, "Appeon DataWindow menu" in *Appeon Developer User Guide*.

Supported on the Web client only.

Syntax

appeonextfuncs.of_popmenuon(datawindow adw_dw, Boolean ab_show)

Argument	Description
appeonextfuncs	A reference to an AppeonExtFuncs object.
adw_dw	The DataWindow control on which you want to show the Appeon DataWindow menu.
ab_show	Gives an option whether to display the Appeon DataWindow menu.
	True - Display the Appeon DataWindow menu.
	False - Not to display the Appeon DataWindow menu.

Return value

None.

Usage

- 1. The user customized RMB menu has a higher priority than the Appeon customized menu.
- 2. The AppeonPopMenu function has a higher priority than the AppeonPopMenuOn function.
- 3. Defining your RMB menu in RButtonDown event is not recommended because this will cause the confusion of the system. To work around this, define your RMB menu in the RButtonUp event.

2.3.1.20 of_print2file function

Description

Saves the specified DataWindow as image files of BMP, JPG or GIF format.

Supported on the Web client only.

Syntax

appeonextfuncs.of_print2file(datawindow adw, string asoutpath, string
asoutname, long alouttype)

Argument	Description
appeonextfuncs	A reference to an AppeonExtFuncs object.
adw	The DataWindow object to be saved as image files.
asoutpath	The path of image files.
asoutname	The specified name of image files.
alouttype	The format type of files: 1-BMP; 2-JPG; 3-GIF

Return value

Integer	Returns 1 if it succeeds in saving the specified DataWindow as image files.
	Returns -1 if an unknown error occurs.
	Returns -2 if alouttype is an unsupported format.
	Returns -3 if adw is an invalid DataWindow object, DataStore object or DataWindowChild object.
	Returns -4 if it fails in creating a file, e.g., the specified path does not exist or without access rights.
	Returns -5 if it fails in creating device context, e.g., user sets a large size when customizing page property.
	Returns -6~-12 if an internal error occurs.

Usage

- 1. This function is used to execute saving DataWindow as image files.
- 2. If the page size is large enough, a DataWindow is saved as one file; if the size of a DataWindow surpasses the page size, the DataWindow is saved as several files.
- 3. The asoutname is the file name specified by user, for example, the function is appeonprint2file(adw, "c:\", "appeon", 1), if a DataWindow is saved as one file, the file is like C:\appeon.bmp; if a DataWindow is saved as several files, the files are like C:\appeon1.bmp, C:\appeon2.bmp, ..., C:\appeonN.bmp. Another example, the function is appeonprint2file(adw, "c:\", "test.bmp", 1), if a DataWindow is saved as one file, the file is like C:\ test.bmp.bmp; if a DataWindow is saved as several files, the files are like C:\ \test.bmp1.bmp, C:\test.bmp2.bmp, ..., C:\test.bmpN.bmp.
- 4. The upper limit of page size is restrained by the type of operating system. For instance, in Windows Vista, the upper limit of customized page size is 5500*5500 around. However, the page size can also be 1024*10000 by reducing page width and increasing page height.

2.3.1.21 of_Print2PDF function (Obsolete)

Obsolete function

of_Print2PDF is an obsolete function and will be discontinued in a future release. Please replace it with the SaveAs function of the DataWindow or Child DataWindow and set the saveas file type to PDF format. For details, refer to Section 11.10.3, "Functions of DataWindow control" in *Supported PB Features for Appear Web* or Supported PB Features for Appear Mobile.

Supported on the Web client only.

2.3.1.22 of switchRealTimeCalc function

Description

Performs the DataWindow real-time expression calculation in time or performs the calculation for only one time in the whole life-cycle.

Syntax

appeonextfuncs.of_switchRealTimeCalc(powerobject adw, integer para)

Argument	Description
appeonextfuncs	A reference to an AppeonExtFuncs object.
adw	The DataWindow/DataStore/DataWindowChild object.
para	0 - Default value, performs the real-time calculation;1 - No need to perform the real-time calculation, and performs the calculation for only one time in the whole life-cycle.

Return value

Integer.	0 - Success.	
	-1 - Failure.	

2.3.2 Appeon Client Functions

Appeon client functions are PowerBuilder global functions which perform identical functionalities to the function of <u>AppeonExtFuncs object</u>. However, global functions are not recommended for use due to their poor extensibility and performance compared to object functions, therefore, Appeon client function should be replaced with the equivalent function of <u>AppeonExtFuncs object</u>.

2.3.2.1 AppeonGetAppeonUserName function

Description

Gets the user name that you type into the Appeon Login dialog box.

Syntax

AppeonGetAppeonUserName()

Return value

String.

Usage

This function takes effect in the deployed Appeon application, not in the PowerBuilder application.

2.3.2.2 AppeonGetBrowserVersion function

Description

Gets the Internet Explorer version of the Web client.

Supported on the Web client only.

Syntax

AppeonGetBrowserVersion()

Return value

String.

Usage

This function takes effect in the deployed Appeon application, not in the PowerBuilder application.

2.3.2.3 AppeonGetCacheDir function

Description

Gets the Cache directory that is used by the current application.

Generally, for the Web application, the cache directory is C:\Users\Administrator\AppData \Local\Microsoft\Windows\Temporary Internet Files\systemfolder1\subsystemfolder1 (The name for the subsystemfolder1 is random), for example, C:\Users\Administrator\AppData \Local\Microsoft\Windows\Temporary Internet Files\content.IE5\. The directory may vary depending on different operating systems.

For the iOS mobile application, the cache directory is \\$Appeon_Mobile_folder\$\Documents\\$your_application_folder\$, for example, \(\frac{var/mobile}{Applications} \) \(144F5F33-A33F-480D-A3D9-01BBA5410EB2/Documents \(\frac{4}{2}C001b05 \).

For the Android mobile application, the cache directory is /data/data/\$Appeon_Mobile_folder \$/files/\$your_application_folder\$, for example, /data/data/com.appeon.mobile/files/21746870.

Syntax

AppeonGetCacheDir()

Return value

String.

Usage

This function takes effect in the deployed Appeon application, not in the PowerBuilder application.

2.3.2.4 AppeonGetClientID function

Description

Gets the unique session identifier for the Web or mobile client.

Syntax

AppeonGetClientID()

Return value

String.

2.3.2.5 AppeonGetClientIP function

Description

Gets the IP address of the Web or mobile client.

Syntax

AppeonGetClientIP()

Return value

String.

Usage

This function takes effect in the deployed Appeon application, not in the PowerBuilder application.

2.3.2.6 AppeonGetClientType function

Description

Gets the type of an application.

Syntax

AppeonGetClientType()

Return value

String	Returns "WEB" if the application runs on the Web.
	Returns "PB" if the application runs in PowerBuilder.
	Returns "MOBILE" if the application runs on a mobile device.

2.3.2.7 AppeonGetHttpInfo function

Description

Gets the HTTP header information from a particular request.

Syntax

AppeonGetHttpInfo(string attribute)

Argument	Description	
attribute	The required HTTP information. For example, "Host", "Cookie", etc.	

Return value

String

2.3.2.8 AppeonGetlEHandle function

Description

Gets the Internet Explorer handle for the Web application.

Supported on the Web client only.

Syntax

AppeonGetIEHandle()

Return value

Long.

Usage

This function takes effect in the deployed Appeon application, not in the PowerBuilder application.

2.3.2.9 AppeonGetIEURL function

Description

Gets the URL of the Web application.

For the mobile application, use of getappinfo to get the URL of the mobile application.

Syntax

AppeonGetIEURL()

Return value

String.

Usage

This function takes effect in the deployed Appeon application, not in the PowerBuilder application.

2.3.2.10 AppeonGetOSType function

Description

Gets the type of OS that runs your application (the Appeon Web application, the Appeon mobile application, or the PowerBuilder client application).

Syntax

AppeonGetOSType()

Return value

String.	Returns the type of OS that runs the Appeon Web application, the
	Appeon mobile application, or the PowerBuilder client application.

2.3.2.11 AppeonGetRemainingdays function

Description

Gets the remaining day(s) of license or technical support.

Syntax

AppeonGetRemainingdays (String as_type, ref string as_error)

Argument	Description
as_type	License or technical support that you want to get the remaining day(s). "license" indicates to get remaining day(s) of license. "support" indicates to get remaining day(s) of technical support.
as_error	An empty string or error messages.

Return value

Long.	Returns a number >0 if the license or technical support has remaining day(s).
	Returns 0 if there is no expiration date.
	Returns -1 if license or technical support has expired, Appeon Server has an exception, or parameter is invalid.

2.3.2.12 AppeonGetServerType function

Description

Gets the Appeon Server type where the application runs.

Syntax

AppeonGetServerType()

Return value

Integer.	Returns 1 if the application runs on an Appeon Server that is installed to a Java Server (such as EAServer).
	Returns 2 if the application runs on an Appeon Server that is installed to a .NET IIS server.

Usage

This function takes effect in the deployed Appeon application, not in the PowerBuilder application.

2.3.2.13 AppeonGetSessionCount function

This function is obsolete since Appeon for PowerBuilder 2013.

2.3.2.14 appeonisin64browser function

Description

Detects if the IE browser where the application runs is 64-bit.

Syntax

appeonisin64browser()

Return value

Boolean.	Returns "true" if the application runs on a 64-bit IE browser.
	Returns "false" if the application runs on a 32-bit IE browser.

Usage

This function takes effect in the deployed Appeon application, not in the PowerBuilder application.

2.3.2.15 AppeonLDAPLogon function

Description

Logs in to the LDAP server with the specified user name and password.

Syntax

AppeonLDAPLogon (string as_username, string as_password)

Argument	Description	
as_username	User name for logging into the LDAP server.	
as_password	Password for logging into the LDAP server.	

Return value

String.

Usage

This function takes effect in the deployed Appeon application, not in the PowerBuilder application. To make this function work in the deployed application, you should set the System Security to **ON** in AEM, and make sure the **LDAP server** is correctly set up. For detailed instructions, refer to Section 5.3.5.5, "System Security" in *Appeon Server Configuration Guide for .NET* or Appeon Server Configuration Guide for J2EE.

2.3.2.16 AppeonPopMenu function

Description

Pops up Appeon DataWindow menu at a specified position in a specified DataWindow control.

Appeon DataWindow Menu is available in Appeon Web only. For more information about the menu items, refer to Section 8.3, "Appeon DataWindow menu" in *Appeon Developer User Guide*.

Supported on the Web client only.

Syntax

AppeonPopMenu (datawindow adw_dw, Integer nx, Integer ny)

Argument	Description
adw_dw	The DataWindow control on which you want to pop up the Appeon DataWindow menu.
nx	The instance from the left edge of the popup menu.
ny	The instance from the up edge of the popup menu.

Return value

None.

Usage

- 1. The user customized RMB menu has a higher priority than the Appeon customized menu.
- 2. The AppeonPopMenu function has a higher priority than the AppeonPopMenuOn function.
- 3. Defining your RMB menu in RButtonDown event is not recommended because this will cause confusion in the system. To work around this, define your RMB menu in the RButtonUp event.

2.3.2.17 AppeonPopMenuOn function

Description

Pops up Appeon DataWindow menu in a specified window when you right click the mouse button.

Appeon DataWindow Menu is available in Appeon Web only. For more information about the menu items, refer to Section 8.3, "Appeon DataWindow menu" in *Appeon Developer User Guide*.

Supported on the Web client only.

Syntax

AppeonPopMenuOn (datawindow adw_dw, Boolean ab_show)

Argument	Description
adw_dw	The DataWindow control on which you want to show the Appeon DataWindow menu.
ab_show	Gives an option whether to display or not display the Appeon DataWindow menu.

Argument	Description
	True - Enables the display of the Appeon DataWindow menu.
	False - Disables the display of the Appeon DataWindow menu.

Return value

None.

Usage

- 1. The user customized RMB menu has a higher priority than the Appeon customized menu.
- 2. The AppeonPopMenu function has a higher priority than the AppeonPopMenuOn function.
- 3. Defining your RMB menu in RButtonDown event is not recommended because this will cause the confusion of the system. To work around this, define your RMB menu in the RButtonUp event.

2.3.2.18 AppeonPrint2File function

Description

Saves the specified DataWindow as image files of BMP, JPG or GIF format.

Supported on the Web client only.

Syntax

AppeonPrint2File (datawindow adw, string asoutpath, string asoutname, long alouttype)

Argument	Description
adw	The DataWindow object to be saved as image files
asoutpath	The path of image files
asoutname	The specified name of image files
alouttype	The format type of files: 1-BMP; 2-JPG; 3-GIF

Return value

Integer.	Returns 1 if it succeeds in saving the specified DataWindow as image files.
	Returns -1 if an unknown error occurs.
	Returns -2 if alouttype is an unsupported image format.
	Returns -3 if adw is an invalid DataWindow object, DataStore object or DataWindowChild object.

Returns -4 if it fails in creating a file, e.g., the specified path does not exist or without access rights.
Returns -5 if it fails in creating device context, e.g., user sets a large size when customizing page property.
Returns -6~-12 if an internal error occurs.

Usage

- 1. This function is used to execute saving DataWindow as image files.
- 2. If the page size is large enough, a DataWindow is saved as one file; if the size of a DataWindow surpasses the page size, the DataWindow is saved as several files.
- 3. The asoutname is the file name specified by user, for example, the function is appeonprint2file(adw, "c:\", "appeon", 1), if a DataWindow is saved as one file, the file is like C:\appeon.bmp; if a DataWindow is saved as several files, the files are like C:\appeon1.bmp, C:\appeon2.bmp, ..., C:\appeonN.bmp. Another example, the function is appeonprint2file(adw, "c:\", "test.bmp", 1), if a DataWindow is saved as one file, the file is like C:\ test.bmp.bmp; if a DataWindow is saved as several files, the files are like C:\ \test.bmp1.bmp, C:\test.bmp2.bmp, ..., C:\test.bmpN.bmp.
- 4. The upper limit of page size is restrained by the type of operating system. For instance, in Windows Vista, the upper limit of customized page size is 5500*5500 around. However, the page size can also be 1024*10000 by reducing page width and increasing page height.

2.3.2.19 AppeonPrint2PDF function (Obsolete)

Obsolete function

AppeonPrint2PDF is an obsolete function and will be discontinued in a future release. Please replace it with the SaveAs function of the DataWindow or Child DataWindow and set the saveas file type to PDF format. For details, refer to Section 11.10.3, "Functions of DataWindow control" in *Supported PB Features for Appeon Web* or Supported PB Features for Appeon Mobile.

Supported on the Web client only.

2.3.2.20 AppeonSwitchRealTimeCalc function

Description

Performs the DataWindow real-time expression calculation in time or performs the calculation for only 1 time in the whole life-cycle.

Syntax

AppeonSwitchRealTimeCalc (powerobject adw, integer para)

Argument	Description
adw	The DataWindow/DataStore/
	DataWindowChild object.

Argument	Description
para	0 - Default value, performs the real-time calculation;
	1 - No need to perform the real-time calculation, and performs the calculation for only one time in the whole life-cycle.

Return value

Integer.	0 - Success.	
	-1 - Failure.	

2.3.3 Client Logs

2.3.3.1 eon_logex object

Description

Facilitates users to debug the deployed applications.

The of_log function and of_clearlog function of eon_logex object call the corresponding function of AppeonExtFuncs object respectively, please refer to of log function and of_clearlog function of AppeonExtFuncs object for details.

These two functions are supported on both the Web and mobile clients.

2.3.4 File Upload and Download

Appeon provides a non-visual object, AppeonFileService object, with five functions for uploading files to and downloading files from the file server. This is a web-based solution, and it does not work in your client/server application.

You should follow the steps below to implement File Upload and Download:

Step 1: Configuring and deploying the file server

Step 2: <u>Uploading and Downloading files</u>

2.3.4.1 Configuring and deploying Appeon File Server

Appeon File Server is a standard non-visual Web application running on the back-end for uploading and downloading files. For Appeon Server installed to the .NET IIS, the setup wizard of Appeon File Server (setup.exe) can be found under *%IIS_Web_Root%\appeon\plugin\fileservice*. For Appeon Server installed to the Java server, the WAR package of Appeon File Server (fileservice.war) can be found under *%Appeon_Server%\plugin\fileservice*.

You must configure and deploy the file server first in order to use the AppeonFileService object in the Appeon Workarounds PBL. In most cases Appeon File Server is deployed to the machine where the application server is installed. It can also be deployed separately. For example, when the file size is too big, uploading or downloading it will negatively impact the performance of the application server, you can deploy the file server separately to another machine.

In the following section, you will be guided to configure and deploy Appeon File Server to IIS (.NET Framework), WebLogic, WebSphere, JBoss, JEUS, EAServer and NetWeaver. For more about the deploy instructions, refer to related documents of IIS, WebLogic, WebSphere, JBoss, JEUS, EAServer, and NetWeaver.

2.3.4.1.1 Deploying Appeon File Server to IIS

Installing the Appeon File Server

You will need to install first and then configure the Appeon File Server. For installing the file server to IIS, Appeon provides a **setup.exe** file at *%IIS_Web_Root%\appeon\plugin* *fileservice*.

Step 1: Double click the **setup.exe** file to start the setup.

If the "Installation Incomplete" error displays, please try the solution in the Section 1.4.1, "Appearent File Server Installation Incomplete" in *Troubleshooting*.

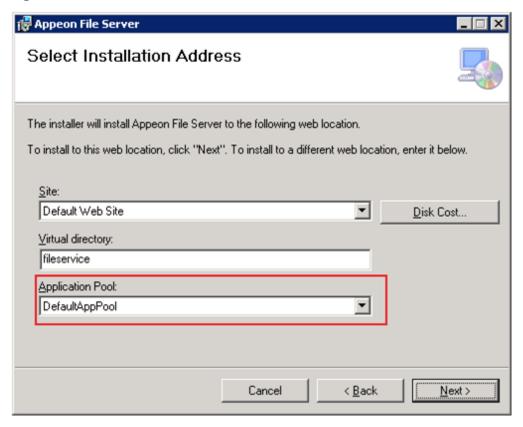
Figure 2.1: Appeon File Service Setup Wizard



Step 2: Click the **Next** button and then the following window pops up. Select a Web site where the Appeon File Server will be installed.

Note that DO NOT change the name of Virtual directory otherwise Appeon File Server will fail to start.

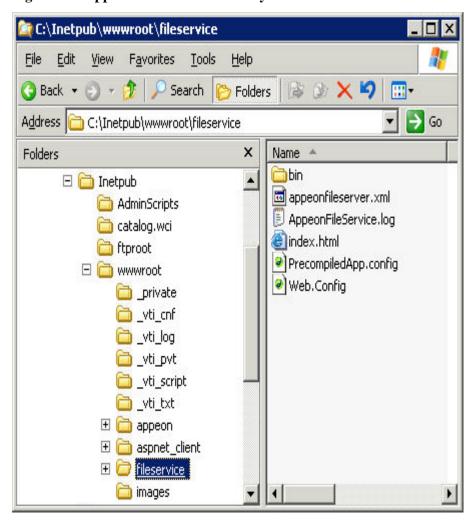
Figure 2.2: Select Installation Address



Step 3: Click **Next** until the installation is complete.

Step 4: Go to directory where the Appeon File Server is installed, for example (*C:\inetpub\wwwroot\fileservice*).

Figure 2.3: Appeon File Server directory

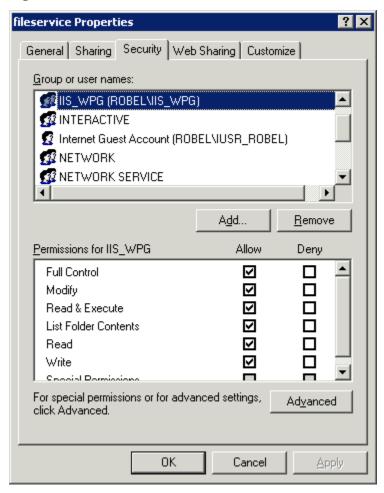


Step 5: Select **Properties** from the right-click menu of the **fileservice** folder.

Step 6: In the Security tab page of the fileservice Properties window,

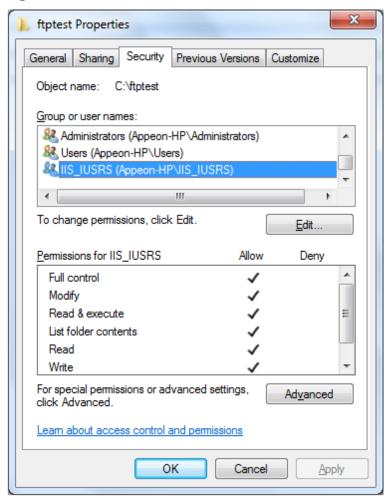
For **IIS 6.0**, grant the **IIS_WPG** user with **Full Control** permission to this folder.

Figure 2.4: Grant Full Control (IIS6)



For **IIS 7.0 or above**, grant the **IIS_IUSRS** user with **Full Control** permission to this folder.

Figure 2.5: Grant Full Control (IIS7)



Uninstall Appeon File Server

- Step 1: Go to Start | Control Panel | Add and Remove Programs.
- Step 2: Select **Appeon File Server** and click **Remove** button.

Configuring the Appeon File Server

After deploying the Appeon File Server, follow steps below to configure it.

Open the appeonfileserver.xml in *C*:\Inetpub\wwwroot\fileservice.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<webserver>
<!-- The value of attribute "value" must begin with either a single or double quote
character. -->
<file-path value="D:\appeon\upload" />
<log-level value="3" />
                                 <!--0 Error,1 Info,2 Func, 3 Debug-->
<session-timeout value="3600" /> <!-- the unit is second -->
<allowed-file-types value="txt;doc;jpg;mpeg" ignorecase="true" />
<max-file-size value="20" />
                                <!-- the unit is M -->
 <user name="test" password="password" />
 <user name="userA" password="userA" />
 <user name="userB" password="userB" />
</users>
</webserver>
```

Modify the file according to your own demands.

Table 2.2: Settings specification value

Settings	The value of the setting specifies	
<file-path></file-path>	Specifies the directory to which all uploaded files are saved. Files are automatically saved under the application folder.	
<log-level></log-level>	Specify the log level.	
	Value: 0 - Error	
	1 - Information	
	2 - Function	
	3 - Debug	
<session- timeout></session- 	Specifies the time, in seconds, that passes after the last request is processed before the session times out.	
<allow-file-< td=""><td>Specifies the file types that can be uploaded. Use a ";" between two file</td></allow-file-<>	Specifies the file types that can be uploaded. Use a ";" between two file	
type>	types.	
	1. "*" - Any file types are allowed. Note: Do not use "*" with other file types because "*" will not take any effect. For example, "*;text" means that only text file is allowed.	
	2. Using a "-" before the file types - Any file type is allowed, excluding the listed ones. For example, "-text;doc;jpg;mpeg" means that any file type is allowed, excluding text, doc, jpg and mpeg files.	
	3. "Ignorecase" - The file type is not case sensitive.	
<max-file-size></max-file-size>	Specifies the maximum size (MB) of the file that can be uploaded.	
<user></user>	Specifies the User Name and Password that can log on the file server. Multiple users are allowed as shown in the code example above.	

2.3.4.1.2 Deploying Appeon File Server to WebLogic

Configuring the Appeon File Server

You will need to configure first and then deploy the Appeon File Server. Follow steps below to configure the Appeon File Server:

Step 1: On the machine where the Appeon File Server will be deployed, create an XML file wherever you like and name it whatever you wish. In this example, create an XML file named "appeonfileserver.xml" under $D:\langle appeon \rangle config directory$.

Step 2: Copy the following code to the XML file.

Step 3: Modify the settings in the XML file if necessary.

Table 2.3: The settings specification value

Settings	The value of the setting specifies
<file-path></file-path>	Specifies the directory to which all uploaded files are saved. Files are automatically saved under the application folder.
<session- timeout></session- 	Specifies the time, in seconds, that passes after the last request is processed before the session times out.
<allow-file- type></allow-file- 	Specifies the file types that can be uploaded. Use a ";" between two file types.
	1. "*" - Any file types are allowed. Note: Do not use "*" with other file types because "*" will not take any effect. For example, "*;text" means that only text file is allowed.
	2. "-" - Exclude the file types listed after "-". For example, "-text;doc;jpg;mpeg" means that any file type is allowed, except for text, doc, jpg and mpeg files.
	3. "Ignorecase" - The file type is not case sensitive.
<max-file-size></max-file-size>	Specifies the maximum size (MB) of the file that can be uploaded.
<user></user>	Specifies the User Name and Password that can log on the file server. Multiple users are allowed as shown in the code example above.

Step 4: On the machine where the Appeon Server is installed, unzip the **fileservice.war** (%AppeonServer%\plugin\fileservice) and find the **web.xml** file under the **WEB-INF** folder. Then open **web.xml** with a text editor. Replace the **bold** text with the name and directory of the XML file created in the previous steps.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE web-app PUBLIC '-//Sun Microsystems, Inc.//DTD Web Application 2.3//EN'</pre>
'http://java.sun.com/dtd/web-app_2_3.dtd'>
<web-app>
<servlet>
<servlet-name>fileservice</servlet-name>
 <servlet-class>com.appeon.fileserver.WebServiceDispatcher/servlet-class>
 <init-param>
 <param-name>config</param-name>
 <param-value>D:\appeon\config\appeonfileserver.xml</param-value>
</init-param>
<load-on-startup>1</load-on-startup>
</servlet>
<servlet>
<servlet-name>uploadfile</servlet-name>
<servlet-class>com.appeon.fileserver.UploadFile/servlet-class>
 <param-name>config</param-name>
 <param-value>D:\appeon\config\appeonfileserver.xml</param-value>
</init-param>
<load-on-startup>1</load-on-startup>
</servlet>
<servlet-mapping>
<servlet-name>fileservice</servlet-name>
<url-pattern>/fileservice</url-pattern>
</servlet-mapping>
</web-app>
```

Step 5: Save the file and re-compress the **fileservice** folder to **fileservice.war** using WinZip, WinRAR or JDK. Do not use the other compression tools such as 7-zip.

Then follow the next section Deploying the Appeon File Server to deploy fileservice.war.

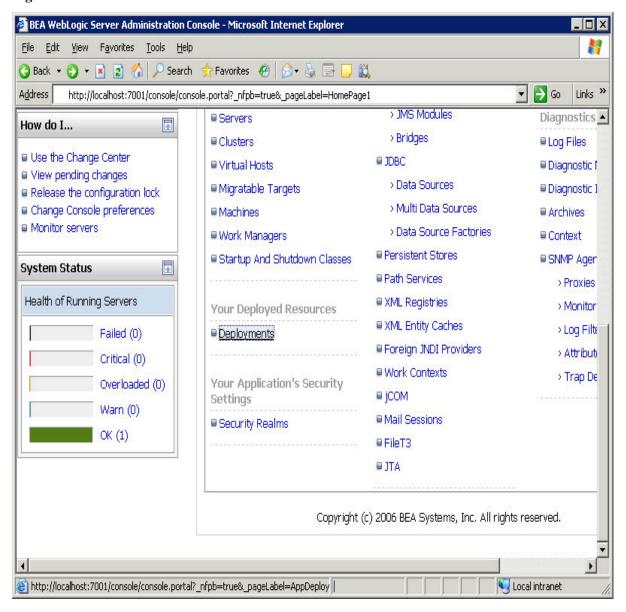
Deploying the Appeon File Server

After configuring the Appeon File Server, follow steps below to deploy it:

Step 1: On the machine where Appeon Server is installed, access the **WebLogic Server Administration Console** in a Web browser.

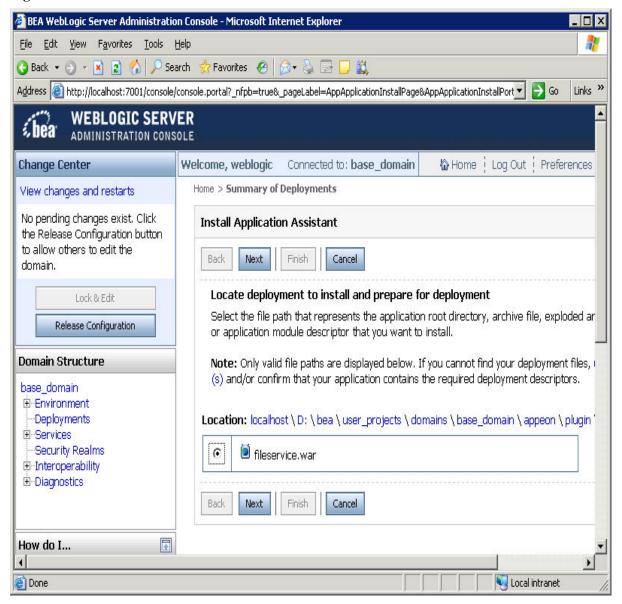
Step 2: Click the **Deployment** link.

Figure 2.6:



Step 3: Click the **Install** button and select the **fileservice.war** file at *%AppeonServer%\plugin* *fileservice*.

Figure 2.7:



Step 4: Click the **Next** button to use the default settings and then click the **Finish** button to finish the deployment of Appeon File Server.

2.3.4.1.3 Deploying Appeon File Server to WebSphere

Configuring the Appeon File Server

Configuring the Appeon File Server in the Java server such as WebLogic, WebSphere, JBoss, JEUS, NetWeaver etc. is the same. Please refer to Configuring the Appeon File Server for WebLogic.

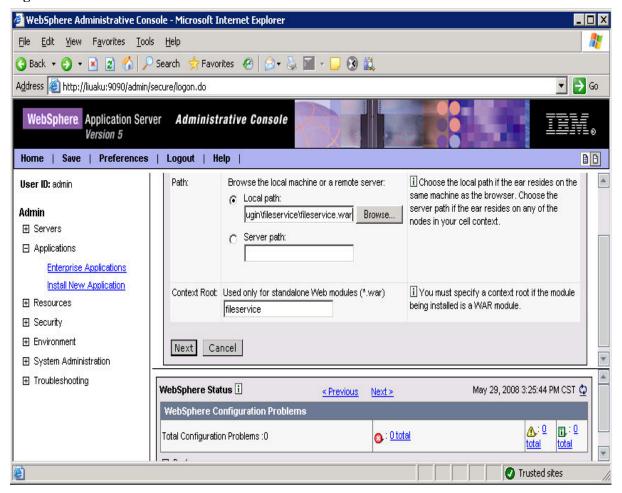
Deploying the Appeon File Server

After configuring the Appeon File Server, follow steps below to deploy it:

Step 1: On the machine where Appeon Server is installed, access the **WebSphere Administrative Console** in a Web browser.

Step 2: Select **Applications** | **Install New Applications** from the left tree view. And then in the right page specify the path where the **fileservice.war** is (by default at *%AppeonServer%* \plugin\fileservice) and **Context Root** for the WAR file and click the **Next** button.

Figure 2.8:



Step 3: Click **Next** with default settings until the file server is successfully installed on the WebSphere server.

2.3.4.1.4 Deploying Appeon File Server to JBoss

Configuring the Appeon File Server

Configuring the Appeon File Server in the Java server such as WebLogic, WebSphere, JBoss, JEUS, NetWeaver etc. is the same. Please refer to Configuring the Appeon File Server for WebLogic.

Deploying the Appeon File Server

After configuring the Appeon File Server, follow steps below to deploy it. There are two methods to deploy the Appeon File Server in JBoss:

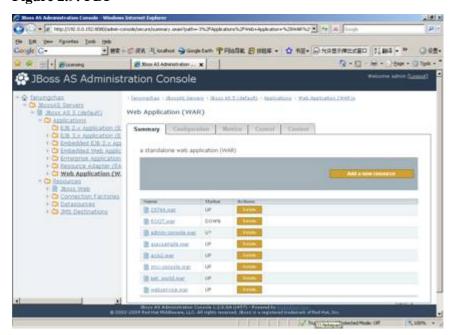
Automatic deploy

Copy the file **fileservice.war** to the directory %JBoss installation root directory%\server \<instance>\deploy and then start JBoss.

The fileservice.war file will be deployed automatically.

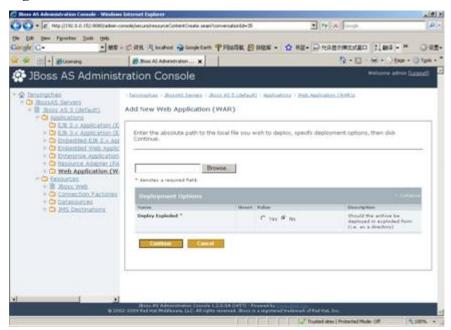
- Manual deploy
 - 1. Start JBoss and log in to JBoss console.
 - 2. Select **Web Application** in the left tree view and then click **Add a new resource** in the right page.

Figure 2.9: PDF



3. Click **Browse** and locate the file **fileservice.war**.

Figure 2.10:



4. Click **Continue** with default settings until the file server is successfully deployed in the JBoss server.

2.3.4.1.5 Deploying Appeon File Server to JEUS

Configuring the Appeon File Server

Configuring the Appeon File Server in the Java server such as WebLogic, WebSphere, JBoss, JEUS, NetWeaver etc. is the same. Please refer to Configuring the Appeon File Server for WebLogic.

Deploying the Appeon File Server

After configuring the Appeon File Server, follow steps below to deploy it:

Copy the **fileservice.war** file to the directory *%JEUS installation root directory%* \webhome\autodeploy and then start JEUS server. The fileservice.war file will be deployed automatically.

2.3.4.1.6 Deploying Appeon File Server to EAServer

Configuring the Appeon File Server

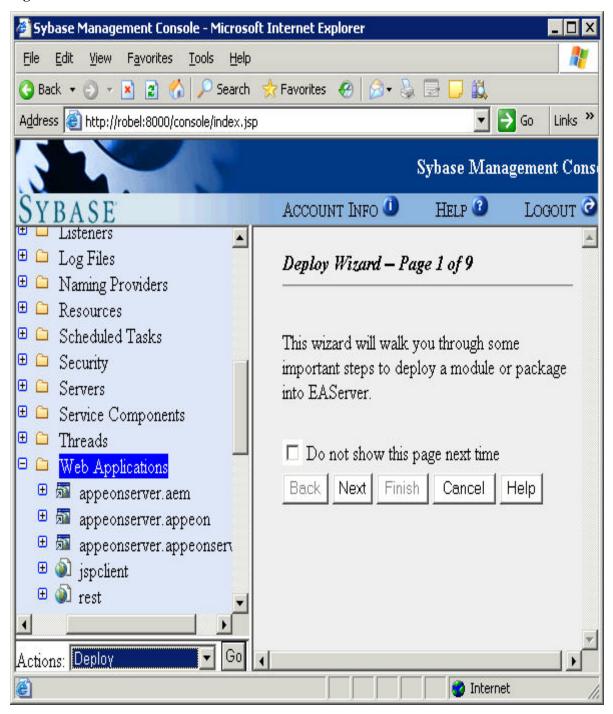
Configuring the Appeon File Server in the Java server such as WebLogic, WebSphere, JBoss, JEUS, NetWeaver etc. is the same. Please refer to Configuring the Appeon File Server for WebLogic.

Deploying the Appeon File Server

After configuring the Appeon File Server, follow steps below to deploy it:

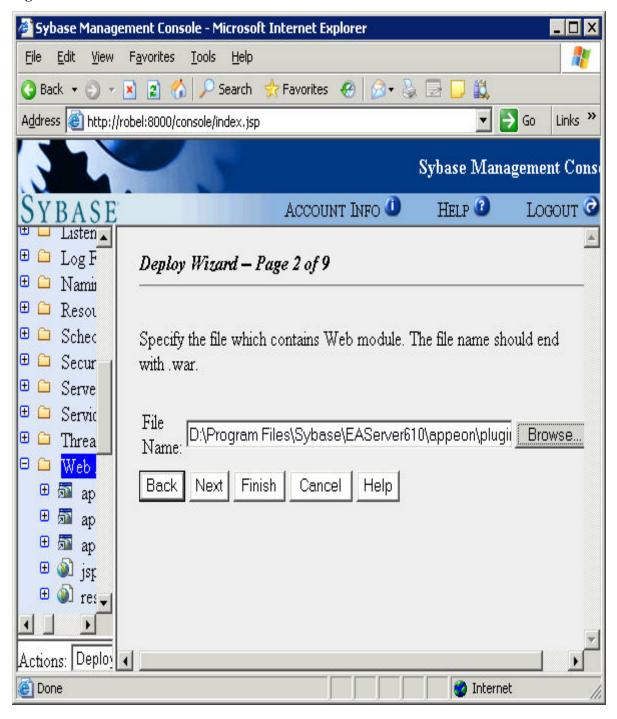
Step 1: Open **Sybase Management Console**, click **Web Applications** and select **Deploy** from the **Actions** list box and click the **Go** button.

Figure 2.11:



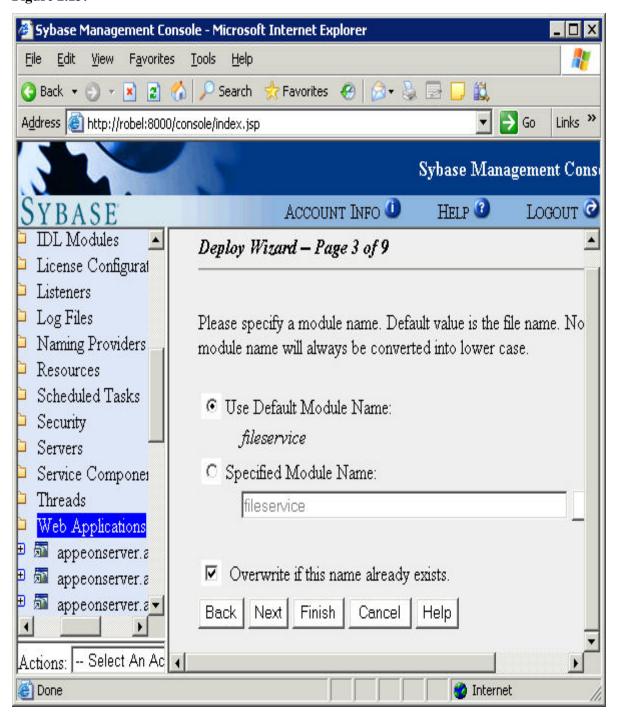
Step 2: Click **Browse** to choose the **fileservice.war** file and then click **Next**.

Figure 2.12:



Step 3: Choose Use Default Module Name and click Next to continue the deployment.

Figure 2.13:



Step 4: Click the **Finish** button to complete the deployment of Appeon File Server.

2.3.4.1.7 Deploying Appeon File Server to NetWeaver

Configuring the Appeon File Server

Configuring the Appeon File Server in the Java server such as WebLogic, WebSphere, JBoss, JEUS, NetWeaver etc. is the same. Please refer to Configuring the Appeon File Server for WebLogic.

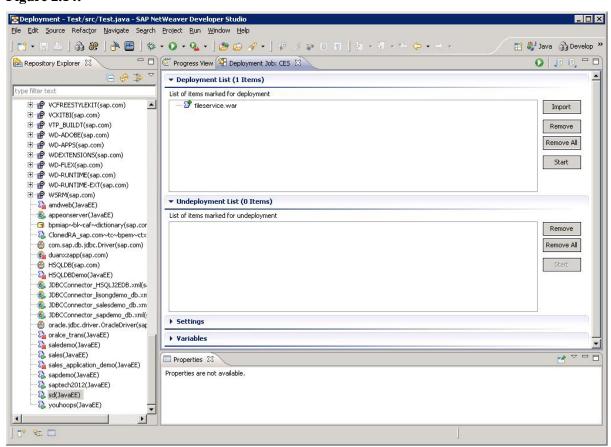
Deploying the Appeon File Server

After configuring the Appeon File Server, follow steps below to deploy it:

Step 1: Open the deployment perspective in the SAP NetWeaver Developer Studio by clicking the menu **Window** | **Open Perspective** | **Other** and then selecting **deployment** in the pop-up window. The deployment perspective is shown as below.

Step 2: Click the **Import** button to import the **fileservice.war** file and then click **Start** to deploy the Appeon File Server after the file is imported successfully.

Figure 2.14:



2.3.4.2 Uploading and downloading files

After configuring and deploying the Appeon File Server, you can follow the steps below to upload files to or download files from the Appeon File Server.

- Step 1: Add Appeon Workaround PBL to your PowerBuilder project.
- Step 2: Define a variable and create an instance for the **AppeonFileService** object.
- Step 3: Call <u>of logonfileserver</u> to connect to the file server.
- Step 4: Call of appeonupload or of appeondownload to upload or download files.
- Step 5: Call of logofffileserver to disconnect from the file server.

2.3.4.2.1 AppeonFileService object

AppeonFileService object provides service about the file uploading and downloading.

Functions for AppeonFileService object

AppeonFileService object provides the following functions to upload and download files:

- <u>of logonfileserver function</u>: Connects to the file server.
- of logofffileserver function: Disconnects from the file server.
- of appeonupload function: Uploads file to the file server. You can specify the path where the source file locates and the path where the file will be uploaded.
- <u>of appeondownload function</u>: Downloads the specified file from the file server. You can specify the path from which the file is downloaded and the path to which the file will be saved.
- of FileExists function: Reports whether the specified file exists on the file server.

of_logonfileserver

Description

Connects to the Appeon File Server.

Syntax

appeonfileservice.of_logonfileserver (string *fileserveripaddress*, long *port*, string *connectstring*)

Parameter	Description
appeonfileservice	An instance of an AppeonFileService object
fileserveripaddress	IP address or machine name of the Appeon File Server.
port	HTTP Port of the application where the Appeon File Server is deployed. HTTPS port is unsupported.
connectstring	User name and password for connecting to the Appeon File Server. Format: "username=username;password=password". Use a semicolon ";" to separate the user name and password. The user name and password should be consistent with the specification in the XML.

Return value

Long.	Return values are:
	0 - The logon is successful.
	-1 - Connection to the file server fails.
	-2 - The provided user name or password is invalid.

of_logofffileserver

Description

Disconnects from the Appeon File Server.

Syntax

appeonfileservice.of_logofffileserver()

Parameter	Description
appeonfileservice	An instance of an AppeonFileService object

Return value

Long.	Return values are:
	0 - The logoff is successful.
	-1 - Connection to the Appeon File Server fails.
	-2 - The session has timed out or the user has not logged into the file
	server.

of_appeonupload

Description

Uploads file to the Appeon File Server.

Syntax

appeonfileservice.of_appeonupload (string *source*, string *destination*, boolean *isrename*, ref long *errorcode*)

appeonfileservice.of_appeonupload (string *destination*, boolean *isrename*, ref long *errorcode*) appeonfileservice.of_appeonupload (boolean *isrename*, ref long *errorcode*)

Parameter	Description
appeonfileservice	An instance of an AppeonFileService object.
source	(Optional) The directory of the source file. If no directory is specified here, a dialog box will be displayed prompting the user to select a file to upload.
destination	(Optional) The destination directory where the file is uploaded. The directory specified here is a relative path to the upload file directory on the file server.
isrename	Whether to rename the file if another file with the same name already exists.
errorcode	The error occurred in uploading files. Values are:
	0 - Succeeded.
	-1 - Connection to the file server fails.

Parameter	Description
	-2 - ID error.
	-3 - The format of the source file is forbidden.
	-4 - Destination directory is invalid or the file is too large.

Return value

String.	Returns the URL of the uploaded file if it succeeds and returns an empty
	string if it fails.
	Returns NULL if any argument is NULL.

Usage

If you want to delete an uploaded file, you must restart the file server after deleting it. Otherwise, you will fail to upload the file with the same name.

$of_appeondownload$

Description

Downloads the specified file from the Appeon File Server.

Syntax

appeonfileservice.of_appeondownload (string *source*) appeonfileservice.of_appeondownload (string *source*, string *target*)

Parameter	Description
appeonfileservice	An instance of an AppeonFileService object.
source	The directory of the source file. The directory specified here is a relative path to the download file directory on the Appeon File Server.
target	(Optional) The destination directory where the file is saved. If no directory is specified here, a dialog box will be displayed prompting the user to select a location to save the file.

Return value

Long.	Return values are:
	0 - The file is successfully downloaded.
	-1 - The file download failed or exceptions occurred.
	-3 - File name is empty.
	NULL if any argument is NULL.

of_FileExists

Description

Reports whether the specified file exists on the Appeon File Server.

Syntax

appeonfileservice.of_FileExists (String filename)

Parameter	Description
appeonfileservice	An instance of the AppeonFileService object.
filename	A string whose value is the name of a file.

Return value

Long.

- 1 The file exists.
- 0 The file does not exist on the Appeon File Server.
- -1 Failed to connect to the Appeon File Server.

of_downloadfile (Obsolete)

Obsolete function

of_downloadfile is an obsolete function and will be discontinued in a future release. Please replace it with of_appeondownload.

of_uploadfile (Obsolete)

Obsolete function

of_uploadfile is an obsolete function and will be discontinued in a future release. Please replace it with of_appeonupload.

Properties for AppeonFileService object

AppeonFileService object provides the following properties (private instances) to upload and download files:

- is_FileServerName instance: Indicates the name of the file server.
- <u>is LogOnParams</u> instance: Indicates the connection string for logging into the file server.
- il Id instance: Long. Indicates the ID number returned from the file server when logon has succeeded.

is FileServerName

Description

Indicates the IP address or machine name of the file server. This property is initialized after the of_LogOnFileServer function is called.

Return value

String.

is_LogOnParams

Description

Indicates the connection string for logging into the file server. This property is initialized after the of_LogOnFileServer function is called.

Return value

String.

il Id

Description

Indicates the ID number returned from the file server when logon has succeeded. This property is initialized after the of_LogOnFileServer function is called. It is used by the file server to validate the client.

Return value

Long.

2.3.5 Distributed DataWindows (EAServer only)

"Distributed DataWindows" refers to the use of DataWindow/DataStore objects in a distributed environment. In a distributed PowerBuilder application, a DataWindow control at the Client can associate with a DataStore object in EAServer. The Client DataWindow control is responsible for the visual representation of data and user operations, while the DataStore object in EAServer is responsible for transactions. The state of the Client DataWindow control is synchronized with the state of the DataStore object in EAServer and vice versa, using relevant DataWindow functions.

There are two benefits to using distributed DataWindow technology with Appeon:

- Provides more scalability by separating user interface and business logic.
- Works around the Appeon-unsupported DataWindow functions by moving the functions to the server DataStore objects.

2.3.5.1 AppeonDataWindow and AppeonDataStore

AppeonDataWindow and AppeonDataStore are two standard user objects provided by Appeon. The appeondatawindow is inherited from the PowerBuilder system DataWindow control, and the appeondatastore is inherited from the PowerBuilder system DataStore object.

Why is workaround required if you use distributing DataWindows in Appeon

PowerBuilder **GetFullState**, **SetFullState**, **GetChanges** and **SetChanges** functions use BLOB (Binary Large Object) parameters for passing DataWindow or DataStore object specifications. Although Appeon supports BLOB, but it cannot directly interpret the BLOB DataWindow or DataStore object specifications. To work around the unsupported features (the BLOB parameter) in **GetFullState**, **SetFullState**, **GetChanges** and **SetChanges**, you should use *appeondatawindow* and *appeondatastore*.

Functions for AppeonDataWindow and AppeonDataStore

There are six functions provided by AppeonDataWindow and AppeonDataStore.

- 1. GetFullState, SetFullState, GetChanges and SetChanges functions are derived from corresponding PowerBuilder functions.
- 2. AppeonGetFullStateEX and AppeonSetFullStateEX functions.

2.3.5.1.1 AppeonGetFullStateEX

Description

Retrieves the complete state of the main DataWindow into a blob, excluding the information of its DropDownDataWindow.

Syntax

Long dwcontrol.AppeonGetFullStatusEX(blob *dwasblob*)

Argument	Description
dwcontrol	A reference to an appeondatawindow control and an appeondatastore object.
dwasblob	A variable into which the returned DataWindow will be placed.

Return value

Returns the number of rows in the DataWindow blob if it succeeds and returns -1 if an error occurs. If any argument value is NULL, the method returns NULL.

2.3.5.1.2 AppeonSetFullStateEX

Description

Applies the contents of a DataWindow blob retrieved by AppeonGetFullStateEX to a DataWindow. If the source DataWindow object matches the target DataWindow, DropDownDataWindow information of the target DataWindow will not be changed.

Syntax

Long dwcontrol.AppeonSetFullStatusEX(blob dwasblob)

Argument	Description
dwcontrol	An reference to an appeondatawindow control and an appeondatastore
dwasblob	A variable into which the returned DataWindow will be placed.

Return value

Long. Return value are:

- 1 DataWindow objects match; old data and state overwritten.
- 2 DataWindow objects do not match; old object, data, and state replaced.

3 - No DataWindow object associated with DataWindow control or DataStore; the DataWindow object associated with the blob is used. The value of the DataObject property remains an empty string.

2.3.5.2 Workaround steps

This section introduces the main workaround steps you should take for using distributed DataWindows in your application.

Step 1: Add the Workaround PBL and DLLs provided by Appeon to your application.

Step 2: Derive all distributed DataWindows and DataStores from appeondatawindow and appeondatastore.

appeondatastore and appeondatawindow are built in appeon_workarounds.pbl.

Step 3: Migrate n-Tier DataWindows. In PowerBuilder, deploy the server DataWindows and DataStores that are inherited from appeondatastore to Appeon Server.

You also need to deploy appeondatawindow objects and appeondatastore objects to the Appeon Server.

Step 4: Generate stubs and skeletons for the server DataWindows and DataStores as well as n-Tier NVOs in the application by following the instructions in <u>How to deploy NVO to EAServer 6.1</u>.

A detailed sample for the workaround is provided in <u>Section 4.6.1</u>, "<u>Appeon GetFullState/SetFullState/GetChanges/SetChanges (Windows only)</u>".

2.3.5.3 Workaround limitations

When using the *appeondatawindow* and *appeondatastore* objects to work around the distributed DataWindow technique, there are some limitations regarding the use of Appeon **GetFullState**, **SetFullState**, **GetChanges**, and **SetChanges** functions.

Limitation/ Difference in	Limitation/Difference Description
DataWindow styles	The workaround works with DataWindows or DataStores of all styles, except for OLE and Treeview.
Return value of the functions	The return value of Appeon SetFullState may have a different meaning from that of PowerBuilder system SetFullState function.
	The Appeon GetChanges function always returns -1 if it fails. In PowerBuilder, the function can return more error numbers (-1, -2 and -3).
	The Appeon SetChanges function can return -1 and -3, but cannot return 2 and -2.
DataWindow ImportString function	If using the DW ImportString function in a distributed DataWindow environment, keep the date display format the same at the Client and Appeon Server machines. In addition, the date/time format configuration in AEM should be kept the same as that of Appeon Server.
State information initialization of	In PowerBuilder, the state information of a DataWindow/DataStore is initialized whenever you set its DataObject property. However, if using appeandatawindow and appeandatastore, the state information is

Limitation/ Difference in	Limitation/Difference Description
a DataWindow/ DataStore	initialized only when you change the DataObject property to a different DataWindow object.
Truncation of characters in certain cases	When applying Appeon SetChanges to a target DataWindow/DataStore, if a column of Char type in the source DataWindow/DataStore has defined more characters than its corresponding column in the target DataWindow/DataStore, characters from the source column that exceed the length limit of the target column are truncated, but in PowerBuilder the extra characters are preserved.
Un-modified or modified data	When calling PowerBuilder GetFullState and GetChanges, changed (but not accepted) data in a DataWindow control is treated as un-modified data, but if using the Appeon <i>appeondatawindow</i> and <i>appeondatastore</i> , changed (but not accepted) data is treated as modified data.

2.3.6 Appeon Labels

Overview

Appeon Labels provided in the Appeon Workarounds PBL can reduce the interactions between the client and Appeon Server, thus boosting the performance of Appeon applications.

The Appeon Labels associated functions are contained in the appeon_nvo_db_update object in appeon_workarounds.pbl.

Appeon Labels and associated functions

Label Name	Label Associated Function	Description
Appeon Commit/ Rollback Label	of_autocommitrollback	Automatically commits or rolls back the first database operation statement after the label.
Appeon Commit Label	of_autocommit	Automatically commits the first database operation.
Appeon Rollback Label	of_autorollback	Automatically rolls back the first database operation statement if the operation fails.
Appeon Queue Labels	of_startqueue of_commitqueue	The Appeon Queue Labels are designed for use when it is necessary to execute numerous database operation statements on Appeon Server, and the returned values of the statements are not validated or used. Using the pair of labels can dramatically reduce the number of client-server interactions.
Appeon Immediate Call Label	of_imdcall	Immediately commits a database operation.
Appeon Update Label	of_update	Reduces the number of interactions with the server caused by "interrelated updates".

Usage

For detailed instructions on how to take advantages of Appeon Labels to improve performance of the application, please refer to the Section 6.5, "Technique #4: grouping multiple server calls with Appeon Labels" in *Appeon Performance Tuning Guide*.

2.3.6.1 Appeon Commit/Rollback Label

Description

The Appeon Commit/Rollback Label is used to automatically commit or rollback the first database operation statement after the label.

Controls

appeon_nvo_db_update object

Associated functions

of autocommitrollback

Syntax

objectname.of_autocommitrollback()

Argument	Description
_	An instance of the appeon_nvo_db_update object.

Return value

None.

Usage

With the Appeon Commit/Rollback Label, the database operation statement will be sent to the Appeon Server. The server will automatically commit (or roll back) the statement according to the execution result. If the execution succeeds, the result will be committed; if the execution fails, the result will be rolled back.

The first Commit or Rollback statement after the Appeon Commit/Rollback Label will not be submitted to the Appeon Server. Therefore, there must be no more than one database operation statement between the label and the first Commit or Rollback statement. For example, the IF statement should not contain database operation statements, since the executed result will not be committed to the database.

There must be database related operations after the label.

There must be no labels between the Appeon Rollback Label and the first Commit or Rollback statement.

2.3.6.2 Appeon Commit Label

Description

The Appeon Commit Label is used to automatically commit the first database operation.

Controls

appeon_nvo_db_update object

Associated functions

of_autocommit

Syntax

objectname.of_autocommit()

Argument	Description
-	An instance of the appeon_nvo_db_update object.

Return value

none.

Usage

After the label there must be database operations.

With Appeon Commit Label, Appeon Server does not validate the execution result of the database operation statement. Instead, the server automatically commits the statement regardless of the execution result.

The first Commit statement after the Appeon Commit Label will not be submitted to the Appeon Server, however, the first Rollback statement will be submitted to the server. Therefore, there should be no more than one database operation between the label and the first Commit statement. For example, the IF statement should not contain database related business logic, since the executed result will not be committed to the database.

There must be no labels between the Appeon Commit Label and the first Commit statement.

2.3.6.3 Appeon Rollback Label

Description

The Appeon Rollback Label is used to automatically roll back the first database operation statement if the operation fails.

Controls

appeon_nvo_db_update object

Associated functions

of autorollback

Syntax

objectname.of_autorollback()

Argument	Description
_	An instance of the appeon_nvo_db_update object.

Return value

None.

Usage

After the label there must be database operations.

With the Appeon Rollback Label, Appeon Server only commits an unsuccessful database operation.

The first Rollback statement after the Appeon Rollback Label will not be submitted to the Appeon Server if the execution fails. Therefore, there should be no more than one database operation between the label and the first Commit or Rollback statement.

There must be no labels between the Appeon Rollback Label and the first Rollback statement.

Code Example

```
gnv_appeonDbLabel.of_autorollback()
IF dw_1.update() <> 1 THEN
   ROLLBACK;
   ..... // non-database related business logic
END IF
```

2.3.6.4 Appeon Queue Labels

Description

Appeon Queue Labels consist of the Appeon Start Queue Label and the Appeon Commit Queue Label. The Appeon Queue Labels are designed for use when it is necessary to execute numerous database operation statements on Appeon Server, and the returned values of the statements are not validated or used. Using the pair of labels can dramatically reduce the number of client-server interactions.

Controls

appeon_nvo_db_update object

Associated functions

of_startqueue, of_commitqueue

Syntax

objectname.of_startqueue()
objectname.of_startqueue({integer stopmode})

Argument	Description
objectname	An instance of the appeon_nvo_db_update object.
stopmode	0 - continue executing the remaining SQL scripts when an error occurs;
	1 - stop executing the remaining SQL scripts when an error occurs.
	Note: The of_startqueue function without this argument is preserved for compatibility.

objectname.of_commitqueue()

Argument	Description
	An instance of the appeon_nvo_db_update object.

Return value

none.

Usage

Appeon Queue Labels must be used in the same field.

All the database operations in the labels will be submitted to the Appeon Server.

If there are multiple Appeon Commit Queue Labels used together with an Appeon Start Queue Label, only the first Appeon Commit Queue Label that is executed will be effective. Other Appeon Commit Queue Labels will be ignored.

With the stopmode argument, users can choose to continue running or return immediately when an error occurs in the database syntax operation in the queue.

In the Appeon Queue Labels, the SELECT statement cannot be used in the condition statements. The following example is incorrect.

Incorrect Example

```
nv_appeonDbLabel.Of_startqueue()
IF.....THEN
    SELECT STATEMENT 1
else
    SELECT STATEMENT 2
END IF
gnv_appeonDbLabel.Of_commitqueue()
```

In the Appeon Queue Labels, script that stops the execution of another script cannot be included in some events of the DataWindow object, For example, in the following events of DataWindow, the Return statement should not be used: the RetrieveStart event, the RetrieveEnded event, the RowFocusChanged event, the UpdateStart event, the UpdateEnd event, and etc.

For every RETURN statement, there must be an database operation statement or unexpected errors occur.

You can open a cursor in the Appeon Queue Labels.

Using multiple Appeon Queue Labels

Appeon Queue Labels can be embedded in other Appeon Queue Labels. However, only the outer Appeon Queue Labels take effect.

Using non-queue labels together with Appeon Queue Labels

When there are multiple non-queue labels embedded in the Appeon Queue Labels, only the first non-queue label takes effect.

When the other Appeon Labels is embedded in Appeon Queue Labels, the format should be the same as the following code example. Please note that only Commit or Rollback statements are involved in the condition statements.

Code Example

```
nv_appeonDbLabel.of_startqueue()
dw_1.update()
gnv_appeonDbLabel.of_autocommitrollback() // the label takes effect
gnv_appeonDbLabel.of_imdcall() // The label takes no effect
IF dw_2.update() = 1 THEN
 COMMIT;
ELSE
 ROLLBACK;
END if
nv_appeonDbLabel.of_startqueue(1) // Stop immediately when an error occurs
dw_1.update()
qnv appeonDbLabel.of autocommitrollback() // the label takes effect
qnv_appeonDbLabel.of_imdcall() // The label takes no effect
if dw_2.update() = 1 THEN
 COMMIT;
ELSE
 ROLLBACK;
END if
nv_appeonDbLabel.of_autocommitrollback()
UPDATE tab_a.....
if SQLCA.SQLCODE = 0 THEN
 COMMIT;
ELSE
 ROLLBACK;
END IF
INSERT tab_b.....
 COMMIT;
gnv_appeonDbLabel.of_commitqueue()
```

2.3.6.5 Appeon Immediate Call Label

Description

The Appeon Immediate Call Label is used to immediately commit a database operation.

Controls

appeon_nvo_db_update object

Associated functions

of imdcall

Syntax

objectname.of_imdcall()

Argument	Description
objectname	An instance of the appeon_nvo_db_update object.

Return value

none.

Usage

Appeon Immediate Call Label cannot be used alone, it must be used in Appeon Queue Labels.

With the Appeon Immediate Call Label, the first database operation statement will be sent to the server and executed immediately.

Code Example

```
gnv_appeonDbLabel.of_startretrievequeue()
dw_1.retrieve()
gnv_appeonDbLabel.of_imdcall()
SELECT .....INTO :var_1,:var_2...
IF var_1 > 0 THEN
   para = "ok"
ELSE
   para = "false"
END IF
dw_2.retrieve(para)
gnv_appeonDbLabel.of_endretrievequeue()
```

2.3.6.6 Appeon Update Label

Description

The Appeon Update Label is used to reduce the number of interactions with the server caused by "interrelated updates".

Controls

appeon_nvo_db_update object

Associated functions

of_update

Syntax

objectname.of_update (integer transactionflag, powerobject obj_1 , powerobject obj_2)

objectname.of_update (integer transactionflag, powerobject *obj_1*, powerobject *obj_2*, powerobject *obj_3*)

objectname.of_update (integer transactionflag, powerobject *obj_1*, powerobject *obj_2*, powerobject *obj_3*, powerobject *obj_4*)

objectname.of_update (powerobject obj)

objectname.of_update (powerobject obj_1, powerobject obj_2)
objectname.of_update (powerobject obj_1, powerobject obj_2, powerobject obj_3)
objectname.of_update (powerobject obj_1, powerobject obj_2, powerobject obj_3, powerobject obj_4)

Argument	Description
objectname	An instance of the appeon_nvo_db_update object.
transactionflag	0 - transaction is automatically committed;
	1 - transaction is not automatically committed.
	Note: the of_update() function without this argument is preserved for compatibility.
obj	The name of the DataWindow, DataStore or DataWindowChild that needs to update.
obj_1	The name of the DataWindow, DataStore or DataWindowChild that needs to update.
obj_2	The name of the DataWindow, DataStore or DataWindowChild that needs to update.
obj_3	(optional) The name of the DataWindow, DataStore or DataWindowChild that needs to update.
obj_4	(optional) The name of the DataWindow, DataStore or DataWindowChild that needs to update.

Return value

Integer.	Return values are:
	1 - Succeed in update
	-101 - Fail to update the first DataWindow/DataStore/DataWindowChild
	-102 - Fail to update the second DataWindow/DataStore/ DataWindowChild
	-103 - Fail to update the third DataWindow/DataStore/DataWindowChild
	-104 - Fail to update the fourth DataWindow/DataStore/ DataWindowChild

Usage

The update operations of the DataWindows, DataStores, or DataWindowChild will be submitted to the Appeon Server together. If the operation of a DataWindow, DataStore or DataWindowChild fails, Appeon Server will stop processing the update operation. Users can also use transactionflag argument to control whether to commit or rollback the Database update.

The following script has the same function. However, by using the Appeon Update Label the number of client-server interactions is reduced to one.

Using Appeon Update Label

```
l_rtn = gnv_appeonDb.of_update(0, dw_1,dw_2)
IF l_rtn = 1 THEN
    Messagebox("Success","Update success!")
ELSEIF l_rtn = -102 THEN
    Messagebox("Failure","Update all failure!")
ELSE
    Messagebox("Failure","Update dw_1 failure!")
END IF
```

Without using Appeon Update Label

```
IF dw_1.Update() = 1 THEN
    If dw_2.Update() = 1 THEN
        COMMIT;
    Messagebox("Success", "Update success!")
ELSE
    ROLLBACK;
    Messagebox("Failure", "Update all failure!")
END IF
ELSE
    ROLLBACK;
    Messagebox("Failure", "Update dw_1 failure!")
END IF
```

2.3.7 Calling EJB Component

In order to implement calling EJB components for applications deployed with Appeon, Appeon provides a customized object (EJBObject object), a DLL (EonEJBClient.dll) and a bridge (Appeon Bridge) in Appeon workarounds. With the two features you can call an EJB component either in the PowerBuilder application or in the deployed application. The solution is not suitable for applications that are deployed to Appeon Server for .NET.

Compared to the EJB solution of PowerBuilder, Appeon EJB solution can support more complex parameters such as Structure.

EonEJBClient.dll

Connects to and communicates with the Appeon Bridge. The DLL should exist on the machine on which the Client/Server application runs.

2.3.7.1 Appeon Bridge

Overview

Appeon Bridge is a standard J2EE-compliant Web application that can be deployed to any J2EE compliant application server regardless of whether EJB components exist on the server. It functions as the medium between the clients and EJB components, and can be deployed by installing the appeonbridge.war file, which is located in *%AppeonServer%* \plugin\appeonbridege.

Bundle EJB Client Proxies and Application Client to Appeon Bridge

Before deploying Appeon Bridge to a J2EE-compliant application server, you must bundle EJB client proxies (JAR file) and Application clients (JAR file) to Appeon Bridge to

implement the communication to EJB components. An Application client (for example, websphere.jar for WebSphere) is only required if the J2EE-compliant application server and Java Web server are different (for example, using EAServer as the J2EE-compliant application server and WebSphere as the Java Web Server).

Two ways of bundling the EJB client proxies and Application Clients to Appeon Bridge:

- 1. Add the proxies and clients to the lib directory in the appeonbridge.war file. Since the appeonbridge.war is a ZIP file, you can check the directory in the WAR file with a third party tools such as WinZip. For more details, take EAServer as an example, shown as below:
 - Locate to %EAServer%\appeon\plugin\appeonbridge folder and open appeonbridge.war with the third party tool such as WinZip.
 - Locate to *%EAServer%\deploy\ejbjars\md5generator\com\desta* folder.
 - Add full *md5generator*\com\desta folder to appeonbridge.war\WEB-INF\classes\com directory.
 - Login on EAServer console and locate to EAServer Manager > Local Server > Web Applications.
 - Delete appeonbridge.
 - Deploy %EAServer%\appeon\plugin\appeonbridge\appeonbridge.war.
 - Run your application and test again.
- 2. Move the EJB Client Proxies and Application Clients to the Lib directory in the Java Web server, and add the directory, where the proxies and clients are stored, to the CLASSPATH environment variable of the machine that hosts the Java Web Server.

Deploy Appeon Bridge to J2EE-compliant application server

Deploying Appeon Bridge (appeonbridge.war) is the same as deploying the file server. Please refer to the corresponding **Deploying the Appeon File Server** section under <u>Configuring</u> and <u>deploying the file server</u>. (Or you can refer to documents provided by the corresponding server vendors for the deployment instructions, as deploying Appeon Bridge is the same as deploying any other applications.)

2.3.7.2 EJBObject object

Appeon EJBObject object implements the interaction between client and Appeon Bridge. To use this object, you need to load **appeon_workaround.pbl** into your application and make sure the **EonEJBClient.dll** is stored on the machine where the Client/Server application will be run.

EJBObject object provides the following functions to perform the relevant actions:

Function	Description
ConnectServer function	Connecting and disconnecting to Appeon Bridge

Function	Description
DisConnection function	
LookUpJndi function	Obtaining the home interface of an EJB component
CreateRemoteInstance function	Creating and destroying the instance for an EJB component
DestroyRemoteInstance function	
Registering parameter functions	Registering parameters
Invoking component functions	Invoking EJB components
InitLocalLanguage function	Setting the language of the error message

A detail <u>code example</u> of how to call these functions is also provided.

2.3.7.2.1 ConnectServer function

Description

Connects a client application to Appeon Bridge.

Syntax

EJBObject.ConnectServer(string *url*, string *properties[]*)

Parameter	Description
EJBobject	A reference of an EJBobject.
url	URL with port, where Appeon Bridge is installed.
properties[]	Properties of Appeon Bridge.

Return value

String.

Returns empty string ("") if it succeeds.

2.3.7.2.2 DisConnection function

Description

Disconnects a client application from Appeon Bridge.

Syntax

EJBObject.DisConnection()

Parameter	Description
EJBobject	A reference of an EJBobject.

Return value

String.

Returns empty string ("") if it succeeds.

2.3.7.2.3 LookUpJndi function

Description

Obtains the home interface of an EJB component in order to create an instance for the component.

Syntax

EJBObject.lookupjndi (string *jndiname*, ref long *objid*)

Parameter	Description
EJBObject	A reference of an EJBobject.
jndiname	The JNDI name of the EJB component.
objid	The handle to the EJB home interface.

Return value

String.

Returns empty string ("") if it succeeds.

2.3.7.2.4 InitLocalLanguage function

Description

Sets the language of the error message in PowerBuilder IDE.

Syntax

EJBObject.initlocallanguage (long *nlocalcode*)

Parameter	Description
EJBObject	A reference of an EJBobject.
nlocalcode	A long value representing different languages.
	0 - English (default)
	1 - Japanese
	2 - Korean
	3 - Simplified Chinese
	4 - Traditional Chinese

Return value

Long.

2.3.7.2.5 Invoking component functions

Invokeretblob	Invokeretblobarray	Invokeretbool	Invokeretboolarray
Invokeretchar	Invokeretchararray	Invokeretdate	Invokeretdatearray
Invokeretdatetime	Invokeretdatetimearray	Invokeretdouble	Invokeretdoublearray
Invokeretint	Invokeretintarray	Invokeretlong	Invokeretlongarray
Invokeretreal	Invokeretrealarray	Invokeretstring	Invokeretstringarray
Invokerettime	Invokerettimearray	Invokeretuint	Invokeretuintarray
Invokeretulong	Invokeretulongarray	Invokeretstru	Invokeretstruarray
Invokeretvoid			

Description

Invoke an EJB component which returns a particular data type. All methods will share the same parameters, syntax and return value.

Syntax

string EJBObject.Invokeblob(long *objid*, string *methodname*, boolean *autoremove*, ref blob *retval*)

Parameter	Description
EJBObject	A reference of an EJBobject.
objid	The handle to the component method.
methodname	The name of the invoking component method.
autoremove	Unsupported. Input false.
retval	The return value of invoking the EJB component method. This parameter does not provided in the Invokeretvoid method. The data type of the retval argument keeps the consistence with the data type used in the invoking methods, except the Invokeretstru and Invokeretstruarray, the data type of the retval arguments for the two methods are both blob.

Return value

String.

Returns empty string ("") if it succeeds.

Usage

Variables cannot be null for structure and array.

For a structure to be registered, variables can be:

1. char, string, boolean, int, unit, long, ulong, real, double, datetime, date or time.

- 2. an array of the above types. The maximum dimension is 3.
- 3. a structure or a 1-dimensional structure array. And the array must be a fixed array.

For a return value of structure type, variables can be:

- 1. char, string, boolean, blob, int, unit, long, ulong, real, double, datetime, date or time.
- 2. a multidimensional array of the above types.
- 3. a structure or a 1-dimensional structure array. And the array must be a fixed array.

2.3.7.2.6 Registering parameter functions

Register functions are provided to register parameters with different data type. Except RegStruct and RegstructArray, all functions will share the same parameters, syntax, return value.

RegChar	RegCharArray	RegDate	RegDateArray
RegDateTime	RegDateTimeArray	RegDouble	RegDoubleArray
RegInt	RegIntArray	RegLong	RegLongArray
RegReal	RegRealArray	RegString	RegStringArray
RegBlob	RegBlobArray	RegBool	RegBoolArray
RegTime	RegTimeArray	RegUInt	RegUIntArray
RegULong	RegULongArray	RegStruct	RegStructArray

Description

Registers a parameter with a certain data type. Syntax below takes RegBlob as an example.

Syntax

EJBObject.RegBlob(blob data)

Parameter	Description
EJBObject	A reference of an EJBobject.
data	The parameter to be registered. Its name can be user-defined, but its type must be consistent with the data type specified in the Register method.

Return value

String.

Returns empty string ("") if it succeeds.

RegStruct and RegStructArray functions

Description

Registers a structure or structure array. The two functions will share the same parameters, syntax, return value. Syntax below takes regstructarrary as an example.

Syntax

EJBObject.regstructarrary (any data [], string javaclassname, readonly classdefinition cdef)

Parameter	Description
EJBObject	A reference of an EJBobject.
data	The parameter to be registered and the name is user-defined.
javaclassname	The name of the corresponding Java class in application server.
cdef	ClassDefinition property of structure.

Return value

String.

Returns empty string ("") if it succeeds.

Usage

Variables cannot be null for structure and array.

For a structure to be registered, variables can be:

- 1. char, string, bool, int, unit, long, ulong, real, double, datetime, date or time.
- 2. an array of the above types. The maximum dimension is 3.
- 3. a structure or a 1-dimensional structure array. And the array must be a fixed array.
- 4. (Only for RegStruct method) For the javaclassname parameter, input the full name of the Java class on EJB server corresponding to the structure you defined in PowerBuilder. For example, a.b.c.d.myclassName.

2.3.7.2.7 CreateRemoteInstance function

Description

Creates the instance for an EJB component.

Syntax

EJBObject.CreateRemoteInstance(string *jndiname*, string *homename*, string *methodname*, ref long *beanid*)

Parameter	Description	
EJBObject	A reference of an EJBobject.	
jndiname	The JNDI name of the EJB component.	
homename	The name of the home interface of an EJB component.	
methodname	The name of the method.	

Parameter	Description	
beanid	The handle to the EJB component.	

String.

Returns empty string ("") if it succeeds.

2.3.7.2.8 DestroyRemoteInstance function

Description

Destroys the instance for an EJB component.

Syntax

EJBObject.DestroyRemoteInstance(long objid)

Parameter	Description	
EJBObject	A reference of an EJBobject.	
objid	The handle to the EJB component.	

Return value

String.

Returns empty string ("") if it succeeds.

2.3.7.2.9 Code Example

This section gives you a detail example of how to invoke EJB components in PowerBuilder.

Step 1: Declare object and connect to Appeon Bridge.

```
ejbobject lo_ejb
long ll_bean1 = 0
long ll_homeHandle = 0
string ls_prop[4]
string ls_serurl, ls_msg
ls_serurl = "http://192.0.2.182:8080/appeonbridge/Dispatch"
ls_prop[1] = "applicationA"
ls_prop[2]= "javax.naming.Context.INITIAL_CONTEXT_FACTORY=
'com.sybase.ejb.InitialContextFactory'"
ls_prop[3]= "javax.naming.Context.PROVIDER_URL='iiop://192.0.2.182:9989'"
ls_prop[4]= "username=jagadmin"
ls_prop[5]= "password="
ls_msg = lo_ejb.connectserver(ls_serurl, ls_prop)
if ls_msg = "" then
 MessageBox("connectserver succeed!","srvId ="+string(lo_ejb.il_srvid))
 MessageBox("wrong!",ls_msg)
end if
```

Step 2: Obtain the home interface of an EJB component in a J2EE-compliant server.

```
ls_msg = lo_ejb.lookupjndi ("TestSBeanLess",ref ll_homeHandle)
```

Step 3: Create instance for EJB component.

```
ls_msg = lo_ejb.createremoteinstance("AllDataType","AllDataType","create", ref
ll_bean1)
```

Step 4: Invoke the EJB components method.

Example one:

```
string ls_msg char c_val c_val = 'a' lo_ejb.regchar(c_val) char retval ls_msg = lo_ejb.invokeretchar (ll_bean1, "getChar",true, ref retval)
```

Example two:

```
string ls_msg
boolean b_val
b_val = false
lo_ejb.regbool(b_val)
boolean retval
ls_msg = lo_ejb.invokeretbool (ll_bean1, "getBoolean", true, ref retval)
```

Step 5: Destroy the instance.

```
ls_msg = lo_ejb.destroyremoteInstance(ll_homeHandle)
If ls_msg <> "" Then
   MessageBox("Destroy Remote Instance Failed",ls_msg)
Return
End If
```

2.3.7.3 Appeon requirements for EJB development

1. Appeon Bridge maps datatypes (except structure) between Java and PowerBuilder is shown as below.

PowerBuilder data types	Java data types	
Char	char	
String	String	
Boolean	boolean	
Int	short	
Unit	int	
Long	int	
Ulong	long	
LongLong	long	
Real	float	
Double	double	
Decimal	java.math.BigDecimal	
Number	double	
Timestamp	java.sql.Timestamp	
Datetime	java.sql.Timestamp	
Date	java.util.Date	
Time	java.sql.Time	
Blob	byte[]	

2. With Appeon EJB solution, Structure data can be passed when invoking EJB components. To implement this, you need to define a Java class in the EJB components. There are two necessary elements in Java Class: 1) **private static String PBMap**[] and 2) **implementing java.io.Serializable interface**. In PBMap array you need to map the members with the identical order and datatype to a PowerBuilder Structure.

Following is an example of defining a Java class (please note that the member variables should be in lower case.)

```
package test;
import java.io.Serializable;
public class Simple implements Serializable {
 private short l_int;
 private boolean b bool;
 private String s_string;
 private static String PBMap[] = {"l_int", "b_bool", "s_string"};
 public String[] getPBMap() {
   return PBMap;
 public boolean isB_bool() {
   return b_bool;
 public short getL_int() {
   return l_int;
 public String getS_string() {
   return s_string;
 public void setB_bool(boolean b_bool) {
   this.b_bool = b_bool;
 public void setL_int(short l_int) {
   this.l_int = l_int;
 public void setS_string(String s_string) {
   this.s_string = s_string;
```

2.3.8 Calling .NET/COM server components (.NET only)

Applies to

Appeon Server for .NET.

Supported server component types

• .NET components: All valid .NET components, including executable files (.exe) and DLL files (.dll).

Supported parameters: primitive type parameters, such as int, vlong char, and boolean. Non-primitive type parameters, such as class, are unsupported.

Supports reference parameters.

COM components: COM/COM+ components
 Supported parameters: primitive type parameters, such as byte, int, long, and float.
 Supports reference parameters.

Description

To call .NET/COM components, Appeon provides a non-autoinstantiated NVO - AppeonDotNetComponent - as the proxy object to call the server-side components. The user can either create a local instance of AppeonDotNetComponent for each server component, or directly use an existing instance of AppeonDotNetComponent. The user must specify the properties of the instance, such as the component type, the library name and the class name, to bind the instance with the server component, or change the instance properties during runtime to dynamically bind with a different component.

It provides a universal single interface and a set of parameters which determines which component and methods will be called.

Note:

The script to call AppeonDotNetComponent takes effect only after the PowerBuilder application is deployed, and has no effect when the PowerBuilder application is run.

Register

The COM component must be registered using the regsvr32 tool.

Storage location

The components must reside in the %appeon%/AEM/components folder on the Appeon Server machine. You only need to place the .tlb library files and .dll files of the COM components to the folder. %appeon% indicates the installation directory of Appeon Server.

2.3.8.1 AppeonDotNetComponent object

2.3.8.1.1 Properties

Properties for AppeonDotNetComponent.

Properties	Type	Description	
ComponentType	String	The type of the component to be called.	
		"1" indicates a .NET Assembly to be called.	
		"2" indicates an unmanaged-code COM component to be called.	
		"3" indicates a managed-code COM component to be called.	
		"4" indicates a built-in Appeon Workaround .NET Assembly to be called.	

Properties	Type	Description
TypeLib	String	The name of the component library. Appeon Server uses this name to find the component.
ClassDescript	String	The class name.
ReturnValue	Any	Read-only. The return value of functions. The value and value type varies from function to function.
ErrorText	String	Read-only. The error message of functions. The message varies from function to function. Empty string if no error.

2.3.8.1.2 Functions

of execinterface

Description

Calls the function in the binding component.

Syntax

of_execinterface (string interfacename {, ref any paralist[]})

Argument	Description	
interfacename	The name of the component function.	
paralist[]	Optional. Arrays of Any type. Specifies the parameter arrays for the component function	

Return value

Long.

- 0 Call succeeded. Gets the value from the ReturnValue property of the proxy object.
- -1 Call failed. Gets the error message from the ErrorText property of the proxy object.

Usage

Before calling this function, use the proxy object properties to bind with the target component. If the component function contains no parameters, simply specify the function name. If the component function contains parameters, define an Any type array before the call, then place the argument to the array, finally pass the array as the second parameter of the function.

Examples

Example 1: the interface contains no parameters.

```
AppeonDotNetComponent lu_apf

lu_apf = create AppeonDotNetComponent lu_apf

lu_apf.ComponentType = "2"

lu_apf.TypeLib = "test.dll"

lu_apf.ClassDescript = "testclass"

ll_ret = lu_apf.of_ExecInterface("test")
```

Example 2: the interface contains four parameters, their types are: string, int, long, and string.

```
// Define the array variable
AppeonDotNetComponent lu_apf
any la_1[]

la_1[1] = "Appeon"
la_1[2] = 100
la_1[3] = 256
la_1[4] = "Sybase"

lu_apf = create AppeonDotNetComponent lu_apf
lu_apf.ComponentType = "1"
lu_apf.TypeLib = "testdotnet.dll"
lu_apf.ClassDescript = "interface1"

ll_ret = lu_apf.of_ExecInterface("test_dotnet", la_1)
```

2.3.8.1.3 Events

Constructor

Description

It will be triggered when you create an instance from a user-defined proxy object inherited from AppeonDotNetComponent.

Event ID

pbm_constructor

Argument

None

Return values

Long

Usage

Do not write scripts to this event directly, because the scripts will be abandoned when the application is deployed. Instead, define and inherit an object from AppeonDotNetComponent, and add the scripts to the Constructor event of the new object. The usage is the same as that of the PowerBuilder system object. For example, you can initialize the property value of this event, or define relevant information objects.

Destructor

Description

It will be triggered when you explicitly call Destroy to destroy the instance of a user-defined proxy object inherited from AppeonDotNetComponent.

Event ID

pbm_destructor

Argument

None

Long

Usage

Do not write scripts to this event directly, because the scripts will be abandoned when the application is deployed. Instead, define and inherit an object from AppeonDotNetComponent, and add the scripts to the Destructor event of the new object. The usage is the same as that of the PowerBuilder system object. For example, you can add scripts to release the instances related with the proxy object.

2.3.8.1.4 Code Examples

Example 1:

```
long lRet
int iResult
string strError
appeondotnetcomponent comcaller
// create appeondotnetcomponent instance and set properties
comcaller = create appeondotnetcomponent
comcaller.componenttype = '1'
comcaller.typelib = 'DotNetDll.dll'
comcaller.classdescript = 'DotNetClass'
// invoke component method
lRet = comcaller.of_execinterface("GetInt")
if lRet = 0 then
iResult = comcaller.ReturnValue
strError = comcaller.ErrorText
end if
// Bind with a component and call the component method
comcaller.componenttype = '2'
comcaller.typelib = 'comfordotnet.dll'
comcaller.classdescript = 'ifdotnet'
comcaller.of_execinterface("getint")
```

Example 2:

```
// Call a method with reference parameters

any paralist[]
long refparam1 = 32764
long refparam2 = 32763

paralist[1] = refparam1
paralist[2] = refparam2

comcaller.componenttype = '1'
comcaller.typelib = 'DotNetDll.dll'
comcaller.classdescript = 'DotNetClass'
comcaller.of_execinterface("GetIntAndRefInt",paralist)

refparam1 = paralist[1]
rafparam2 = paralist[2]
```

2.3.9 Calling Web Service

Description

To call Web services, Appeon provides a non-autoinstantiated NVO – AppeonWebServiceComponent – as the proxy object to call Web services. The user can either create a local instance of AppeonWebServiceComponent for Web service, or directly use an existing instance of AppeonWebServiceComponent. The user must specify the properties of the instance, such as the proxy type, the Web service location and the class name, to bind the instance with the Web service, or change the instance properties during runtime to dynamically bind with a different Web service.

It provides a universal single interface and a set of parameters which determines which Web service and methods will be called.

Note:

- 1. The script to call AppeonWebServiceComponent takes effect on both the Web and the mobile, and has no effect in the PowerBuilder application.
- 2. You need to restart the IIS after deploying a Web service with a new method.

2.3.9.1 appeonwebservicecomponent object

2.3.9.1.1 Properties

Properties for appeonwebservicecomponent.

Properties	Type	Description
CallType	String	The proxy type of the Web service to be called.
		"1" indicates the proxy type is Dynamic Proxy.
		"2" indicates the proxy type is DLL Proxy.
		Appeon for J2EE editions support only CallType="1".
ProxyDllOrUrl	String	If CallType="1", it indicates the URL of the Web service to be called;
		If CallType="2", it indicates the DLL name of the proxy used by the Web service to be called
ClassDescript	String	If CallType="1", it can be null;
		If CallType="2", it indicates class name.

Properties	Type	Description
ReturnValue	Any	Read-only. The return value of functions. The value and value type varies from function to function.
ErrorText	String	Read-only. The error message of functions. The message varies from function to function. Empty string if no error.

2.3.9.1.2 Functions

of callwebservice

Description

Calls the function in the binding Web service.

Syntax

of_callwebservice (value string methodname {, ref any paralist[]})

Argument	Description
methodname	The name of the Web service method.
paralist[]	Optional. Arrays of Any type. Specifies the parameter arrays for the Web service function.

Return value

Long.

- 0 Call succeeded. Gets the value from the ReturnValue property of the proxy object.
- -1 Call failed. Gets the error message from the ErrorText property of the proxy object.

Usage

Before calling this function, use the proxy object properties to bind with the target Web service. If the Web service method contains no parameters, simply specify the method name. If the Web service method contains parameters, define an Any type array before the call, then place the argument to the array, finally pass the array as the second parameter of the function.

Examples

Example 1: the interface contains no parameters.

```
appeonwebservicecomponent caller
caller= create appeonwebservicecomponent
caller.calltype="1"
caller.proxydllorurl="http://localhost/webservice.asmx"
caller.classdescript=""
integer IRet
IRet=caller.of_callwebservice("GetUserName")
```

Example 2: the interface contains two parameters, their types are any.

```
any paralist[]
appeonwebservicecomponent caller
caller=create appeonwebservicecomponent
caller.calltype="1"
caller.proxydllorurl="http://localhost/webservice.asmx"
caller.classdescript=""
paralist[1]="param1"
paralist[2]="param2"
IRet=caller.of_callwebservice("GetUserName",paralist)
```

2.3.9.1.3 Events

Constructor

Description

It will be triggered when you create an instance from a user-defined proxy object inherited from AppeonWebServiceComponent.

Event ID

pbm_constructor

Argument

None

Return values

Long

Usage

Do not write scripts to this event directly, because the scripts will be abandoned when the application is deployed. Instead, define and inherit an object from AppeonWebServiceComponent, and add the scripts to the Constructor event of the new object. The usage is the same as that of the PowerBuilder system object. For example, you can initialize the property value of this event, or define relevant information objects.

Destructor

Description

It will be triggered when you explicitly call Destroy to destroy the instance of a user-defined proxy object inherited from AppeonWebServiceComponent.

Event ID

pbm_destructor

Argument

None

Return value

Long

Usage

Do not write scripts to this event directly, because the scripts will be abandoned when the application is deployed. Instead, define and inherit an object from AppeonWebServiceComponent, and add the scripts to the Destructor event of the new object. The usage is the same as that of the PowerBuilder system object. For example, you can add scripts to release the instances related with the proxy object.

2.3.9.1.4 Code Examples

Example 1:

```
long IRet
int iResult
string strError
appeonwebservicecomponent caller
// create appeonwebservicecomponent instance and set properties
caller=create appeonwebservicecomponent
// if proxy type is DynamicProxy, the value of calltype is 1;
// if proxy type is DllProxy type, the value of calltype is 2.
// Appeon for J2EE editions support only CallType="1".
// Appeon for .NET edition supports both.
caller.calltype="1"
// since proxy type is DynamicProxy, the value of proxydllorurl is the address of
// the webservice to be called; or else, the value of proxydllorurl is the name
// of DLL.
caller.proxydllorurl="http://localhost/webservice.asmx"
caller.classdescript=""
// Invoke webservice method
IRet=caller.of_callwebservice("GetUserName")
if IRet=0 then
iResult=caller.ReturnValue
strError=caller.ErrorText
end if
```

Example 2:

```
long IRet
int iResult
string strError
any paralist[]
appeonwebservicecomponent caller

// create appeonwebservice instance and set properties

caller=create appeonwebservicecomponent
caller.calltype="1"
caller.proxydllorurl="http://localhost/webservice.asmx"
caller.classdescript=""
paralist[1]="param1"
paralist[2]="param2"

// invoke webservice method

IRet=caller.of_callwebservice("GetUserName",paralist)
```

Example 3:

```
long IRet
int iResult
string strError
appeonwebservicecomponent caller

// create appeonwebservicecomponent instance and set properties

caller=create appeonwebservicecomponent
caller.calltype="2"
caller.proxydllorurl="DotDllForJava"
caller.classdescript="MyJavaWebService"

// invoke webservice method

IRet=caller.of_callwebservice("GetUserName")
if IRet=0 then
    iResult=caller.ReturnValue
else
    strError=caller.ErrorText
end if
```

2.4 Mobile Device API

The APIs listed in this section are specific for the mobile environment including iOS and Android. These APIs allow developers to take advantage of the iOS SDK APIs and Android SDK APIs to access the native features of the target mobile device.

Note: For each category of APIs, there are two objects with almost the same name -- one with the "ex" suffix and the other without the suffix, e.g. eon_mobile_awsex and eon_mobile_aws objects. The former is the extension of the latter, and you are recommended to directly use the object with the "ex" suffix.

2.4.1 Appeon Workspace

Manipulates the various features of the Appeon mobile application and the Appeon Workspace, such as the screen orientation, the title bar, the assistive touch bar, the log, the project information, the version, etc.

Note: The Appeon Workspace API takes effect in both the mobile app running in Appeon Workspace and the native standalone mobile applications.

2.4.1.1 eon_mobile_awsex object

2.4.1.1.1 Function

of_clearlog

Description

Clears the mobile application log information.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

```
aws.of_clearlog ()
```

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_awsex	aws	The name of the
		eon_mobile_awsex object.

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_log

Description

Adds the log to the mobile client log, and the default log level is INFO.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

aws.of_log(value integer ai_level, value string as_info)
aws.of_log(value string as_info)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_awsex	aws	The name of the eon_mobile_awsex object.
integer	ai_level	1 - FATAL level.
		2 - ERROR level.
		3 - WARNING level.
		4 - INFO level. (Default value)
		5 - DEBUG level.
string	as_info	The log information.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

Usage

For the log path of mobile applications (that run in Appeon Workspace), please refer to Section 5.4.6.8, "Client Logs" in *Appeon Server Configuration Guide for .NET* or Appeon Server Configuration Guide for J2EE.

of_getassistivetouchmode

Description

Gets the current assistive touch mode. For more about assistive touch mode, refer to Section 2.2, "Event-handling model" in *Mobile UI Design & Development Guide*.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

aws.of_getassistivetouchmode ()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_awsex	aws	The name of the
		eon_mobile_awsex object.

Return value

Integer.

- 0 The assistive touch mode is Left-click.
- 1 The assistive touch mode is Right-click.
- 2 The assistive touch mode is Drag.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appean Web, or there is an error.

of_setassistivetouchmode

Description

Sets the current assistive touch mode.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

aws.of_setassistivetouchmode (value integer ai_mode)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_awsex	aws	The name of the eon_mobile_awsex object.
integer	ai_mode	0 - Sets to the Left-click mode.
		1 - Sets to the Right-click mode.
		2 - Sets to the Drag mode.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_getassistivetouchbtnvisible

Description

Detects if the assistive touch bar is visible.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

aws.of_getassistivetouchbtnvisible ()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_awsex	aws	The name of the
		eon_mobile_awsex object.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 The assistive touch bar is visible.
- 0 The assistive touch bar is invisible.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_setassistivetouchbtnvisible

Description

Sets whether the assistive touch bar is visible.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

aws.of_setassistivetouchbtnvisible(value integer ai_mode)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_awsex	aws	The name of the eon_mobile_awsex object.
integer	ai_mode	1 - Sets the assistive touch bar to be visible.
		0 - Sets the assistive touch bar to be invisible.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_getapporientation

Description

Detects if the screen orientation of the Appeon mobile application is Landscape or Portrait.

Supported on mobile client only.

This function is only valid for the current running application.

Syntax

aws.of_getapporientation ()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_awsex	aws	The name of the
		eon_mobile_awsex object.

Return value

Integer.

- 0 Unknown.
- 1 Portrait.
- 2 Landscape.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appean Web, or there is an error.

of_setapporientation

Description

Sets the screen orientation of the Appeon mobile application.

The screen orientation is set regardless of current screen rotation.

For apps running on the Android device, this function not only sets the screen orientation, but also locks the screen orientation. Therefore, you no longer need to call <u>of setapprotationlock</u> separately to lock the screen orientation.

For apps running on the iOS device, this function only sets the screen orientation. You will need to call <u>of_setapprotationlock</u> separately to lock the screen orientation. And <u>of_setapprotationlock</u> should be called after the screen orientation is set by of_setapporientation, otherwise of_setapporientation will have no effect and return -1.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

aws.of_setapporientation (value integer ai_mode)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_awsex	aws	The name of the eon_mobile_awsex object.
integer	ai_mode	1 - Sets screen orientation to Portrait.
		2 - Sets screen orientation to Landscape.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_getapprotationlock

Description

Detects if the screen rotation of the Appeon mobile application is locked.

Supported on mobile client only.

Not supported on Appeon Workspace Emulator, and this function is only valid for the current running application. For more about the emulator, refer to Chapter 9, *Launching Appeon Workspace Emulator* in *Appeon Developer User Guide*.

Syntax

aws.of_getapprotationlock ()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_awsex	aws	The name of the
		eon_mobile_awsex object.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Locked.
- 0 Unlocked.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_setapprotationlock

Description

Sets whether to lock the screen orientation of the Appeon mobile application, so the screen orientation will not change with the screen rotation of the device.

For apps running on the Android device, the screen orientation is locked once the screen orientation is set using <u>of setapporientation</u>, therefore, you do not need to call this function separately to lock the screen orientation. And this function has no effect and returns -1 when executed on the Android device.

For apps running on the iOS device, you will need to call <u>of setapporientation</u> to set the screen orientation first and then call this function to lock the screen orientation.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

aws.of_setapprotationlock (value integer ai_mode)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_awsex	aws	The name of the eon_mobile_awsex object.
integer	ai_mode	1 - Locks the screen orientation of Appeon mobile application, so it will not rotate when the screen

Argument Type	Argument	Description
		orientation of the device changes.
		0 - Unlocks the screen orientation of Appeon mobile application.

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_gettitlebarvisible

Description

Detects if the Appeon Workspace title bar is visible or invisible.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

aws.of_gettitlebarvisible()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_awsex	aws	The name of the
		eon_mobile_awsex object.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 The title bar is visible.
- 0 The title bar is invisible.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_settitlebarvisible

Description

Sets whether the Appeon Workspace title bar is visible or invisible.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

aws.of_settitlebarvisible(value integer ai_mode)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_awsex	aws	The name of the eon_mobile_awsex object.
integer	ai_mode	1 - Sets the title bar to be visible.

Argument Type	Argument	Description
		0 - Sets the title bar to be
		invisible.

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_getappinfo

Description

Gets the information of the current Appeon mobile application.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

aws.of_getappinfo (ref string as_appname, ref string as_appurl)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_awsex	aws	The name of the eon_mobile_awsex object.
string	as_appname	Returns the name of the current Appeon mobile application.
		Returns empty string if it is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web or if there is any error.
string	as_appurl	Returns the value of the "App URL" setting of the current Appeon mobile application.
		Returns empty string if it is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web or if there is any error.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appean Web, or there is an error.

of_getversion

Description

Gets the version number of Appeon Mobile.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

aws.of_getversion (ref string as_version)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_awsex	aws	The name of the eon_mobile_awsex object.
string	as_version	Returns the Appeon Mobile version number.
		Returns empty string if it is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or if there is any error.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_sendmail

Description

Sends an email.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

aws.of_sendmail(value eon_mobile_str_mailcontent astr_content, value string
as_recipient[], value string as_cc[], value string as_bcc[], value string
as_attachmentfile[])

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_awsex	aws	The name of the eon_mobile_awsex object.
eon_mobile_str_mailcontent	astr_content	The structure of the email content.
		See variable list of eon_mobile_str_mailcontent.
string	as_recipient[]	Specifies the recipient list of the mail.
string	as_cc[]	Specifies the Cc recipient list of the mail.
string	as_bcc[]	Specifies the Bcc recipient list of the mail.
string	as_attachmentfile[]	Attachment file path list.

Integer.

- 1 Send the email successfully.
- 0 Cancel sending the email.
- -1 Failed to send the email, or It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.
- -2 The email account is not configured.
- -100 System error.

Usage

The following example shows you how to generate a PDF file and send it via email.

Step 1: Generate the PDF file.

• Generate the PDF file by calling the SaveAs function of DataWindow Control, DataWindowChild object or DataStore object on the mobile device.

Syntax:

```
saveas(filename, PDF!, colheading{, encoding})
For example:
dw_1.saveas("test.pdf", PDF!, True)
```

Note:

- 1. filename cannot be empty string or null value.
- 2. The file path will be ignored, for the generated file is automatically redirected to the *%cachedir%/plugin/* directory (**cachedir**: the Cache directory that is used by the current mobile application). You can get the cache directory by calling the <u>of getcachedir function</u>.
- Download the PDF file on the Appeon File service server to the mobile device by calling the <u>appeonfileservice object</u>. These PDF files will be automatically redirected to the *%appcachedir%/plugin/* directory.

Syntax:

```
appeonfileservice lnv_ftp
lnv_ftp = create appeonfileservice

string ls_server
integer li_port
string ls_connectstring
...
ls_connectstring = "username=appeon;password=appeon"
...
ll_re = lnv_ftp.of_appeondownload("test.pdf","") // download pdf file
...
```

Step 2: Send the PDF file.

 Call the of_sendmail function of eon_mobile_awsex object to send the PDF file as attachment.

Syntax:

```
eon_mobile_awsex lnv_aws

eon_mobile_str_mailcontent lstr_content
string ls_recipient[]
string ls_cc[]
string ls_bcc[]
string ls_attachmentfile[]
integer li_re
...
lnv_aws = create eon_moible_awsex
lstr_content.s_subject = "test mail"
lstr_content.s_notetext = "This is a test mail"
ls_recipient[1] = "support@appeon.com"
ls_attachmentfile[1] = appeongetcachedir()+"/plugin/test.pdf"
...
li_re =
lnv_aws.of_sendmail(lstr_content.ls_recipient.ls_cc.ls_bcc.ls_attachmentfile)
```

Note: You should own an account already configured on iPad or iPhone to send the PDF file via email as attachment.

of_getwindowlisticonvisible

Description

Detects if the window list icon is visible or not. For more about the window list icon, refer to the section called "Window title bar, menu, & toolbar" in *Mobile UI Design & Development Guide*.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

aws.of_getwindowlisticonvisible()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_awsex	aws	The name of the
		eon_mobile_awsex object.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 The window list icon is visible.
- 0 The window list icon is invisible.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_setwindowlisticonvisible

Description

Sets whether the window list icon is visible or not.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

aws.of_setwindowlisticonvisible (value integer ai_mode)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_awsex	aws	The name of the eon_mobile_awsex object.
integer	ai_mode	1 - Sets the window list icon to be visible.
		0 - Sets the window list icon to be invisible.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_getcloseappiconvisible

Description

Detects if the close app icon is visible or not. For more about the close app icon, refer to the section called "Window title bar, menu, & toolbar" in *Mobile UI Design & Development Guide*.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

aws.of_getcloseappiconvisible ()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_awsex	aws	The name of the
		eon_mobile_awsex object.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 The close app icon is visible.
- 0 The close app icon is invisible.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_setcloseappiconvisible

Description

Sets whether the close app icon is visible or not.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

aws.of_setcloseappiconvisible(value integer ai_mode, value string
as_title, value string as_message)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_awsex	aws	The name of the eon_mobile_awsex object.
integer	ai_mode	1 - Sets the close app icon to be visible.
		0 - Sets the close app icon to be invisible.
integer	as_title	The title that displays in the dialog box which pops up when the Close App icon is tapped.
string	as_message	The message that displays in the dialog box which pops up when the Close App icon is tapped. A Yes/No button will be displayed in the dialog box. When Yes is tapped, the app will be closed. When No is tapped, the app will not be closed and will continue running.
		If as_message is null or blank, then no message box will be displayed and the app will be closed immediately.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

$of_getdwmousemovemode\\$

Description

Detects if the pbm_dwnmousemove event ID of DataWindow is supported.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

aws.of_getdwmousemovemode ()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_awsex	aws	The name of the
		eon_mobile_awsex object.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Supported.
- 0 Unsupported.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_setdwmousemovemode

Description

Sets whether to support the pbm_dwnmousemove event ID of DataWindow.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

aws.of_setdwmousemovemode (value integer ai_mode)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_awsex	aws	The name of the eon_mobile_awsex object.
integer	ai_mode	1 - Supported.
		0 - Unsupported.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

2.4.1.1.2 Structure

eon_mobile_str_mailcontent

Description

Struct.

The content information of an email.

Property

Type	Variable Name	Description
string	s_subject	Specifies the subject of the mail.
string	s_notetext	Specifies the content of the mail body.
boolean	b_html	Sets if the mail format is HTML.

2.4.2 Barcode

Creates or reads the information of a barcode.

Usage example

• Archives administration:

Facilitate the separation and indexing of documents that have been imaged in batch scanning applications.

• Healthcare industry:

Patient identification (to access patient data, including medical history, drug allergies, etc.)

• Pharmaceutical industry:

Identify, secure and track products to deal with competitors who want to market counterfeit or fake goods.

• Retail industry:

Help track items and also reduce instances of shoplifting involving price tag swapping.

• Tag reader:

Use barcodes to connect customers from your offline marketing materials to information, entertainment, and interactive experiences on their smartphones.

2.4.2.1 eon_mobile_barcodeex object

2.4.2.1.1 Function

of_create

Description

Generates an image containing the barcode according to the data and format specified by the user, and returns the image path.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

barcode.of_create (value string as_data, value integer ai_format, ref string as_filepath)

barcode.of_create (value string as_data, value integer ai_format, ref string
as_filepath, ref blob ablb_data)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_barcodeex	barcode	The name of the eon_mobile_barcodeex object.
string	as_data	Sets the data of a barcode.
integer	ai_format	Sets the format of barcode.
string	as_filepath	Returns the path of the generated barcode image.
blob	ablb_data	Returns the data of the generated barcode image.

Following is the list of supported barcode formats:

Data	Format	Specification
0	Unknown	
1	EAN-2, GS1 2-digit add- on	It is a supplement to the EAN-13 and UPC-A barcodes. It is often used on magazines and periodicals to indicate an issue number.
2	EAN-5, GS1 5-digit add- on	It is a supplement to the EAN-13 barcode used on books. It is used to give a suggestion for the price of the book.
3	EAN-8	It is the short version of EAN-13. An EAN-8 number contains 7 digits of message plus 1 check digit. The first two or three digits identify the numbering authority, and the remaining 4 or 5 digits identify the product.
4	UPC-E4	It is the short form representation of a UPC-A number. It reduces the data length from 12 digits to 6 digits by compressing the extra zeros. It is suited for identifying products in small packages.
5	ISBN-10, from EAN-13	It is printed in human-readable form above the EAN-13 bar code.
6	UPC-A	It is the most common and well-known symbology in the US, which consists of four areas: 1) The number system; 2) The manufacturer code; 3) The product code; 4) The check digit.
7	EAN-13	It is a superset of UPC-A. Any software or hardware capable of reading an EAN-13 symbol will automatically be able to read an UPC-A symbol.

Data	Format	Specification
8	ISBN-13, from EAN-13	It is printed in human-readable form above the EAN-13 bar code.
9	COMPOSITE, EAN/ UPC composite	It is the specification for a 2D barcode symbol included above a DataBar, UPC, EAN or Code 128 barcode to encode additional data. Composite symbols are not supported by all barcode scanners and implementation can be more difficult than other options.
10	Interleaved 2 of 5	It is based on Standard 2 of 5 symbology, but uses both bar and space width to encode information so the density of ITF25 is much higher. It is primarily used in the warehouse industry.
11	CODE 128	A high-density linear symbology that encodes text, numbers, numerous functions and the entire 128 ASCII character set. It enables you to store diversified information in the barcode.
12	CODE 93	An alphanumeric, variable length symbology designed to provide a higher density and data security enhancement to Code 39.
13	CODE 39	The first alpha-numeric symbology that originally encoded 39 characters (now 43). It is not as compact as the Code 128 symbology, but it is still heavily used in the automotive industry and by the US Department of Defense.
14	ITF	A mix between the POS (Point-of-sale) codes and the logistics barcode Code 128. It's mainly being used in trading, but only on products that need no POS interaction.
20	QR CODE	A "2D Matrix" symbology. Because QR Code requires camera based scanners it is currently restricted for use with applications that will involve imaging scanners within mobile devices and not for POS processing.
21	DataMatrix	A 2D barcode symbology with very high data density. It is spreading in the area of mobile marketing, in such applications the DataMatrix barcode is also known under the name SemaCode.
22	AZTEC	It is a matrix symbology which supports the entire ASCII character set and offers several error checking modes. Aztec symbols are square and may be read at any orientation.

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_getfiledata

Description

Reads data from the specified image file.

Syntax

barcode.of_getfiledata(string as_filepath)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_barcodeex	barcode	The name of the eon_mobile_barcodeex object.
string	as_filepath	The full path of the file you want to read.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_read

Description

Executes this function when you need to scan an image containing the barcode information.

The camera will be opened automatically by Appeon, and you need to point the camera at the image to be scanned. The camera will automatically close after a successful scanning, and will return the data and format contained in the barcode.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

barcode.of_read (ref string as_data, ref integer ai_format)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_barcodeex	barcode	The name of the eon_mobile_barcodeex object.
string	as_data	Returns the data of a barcode.
integer	ai_format	Returns the format of barcode.

Following is the list of supported barcode formats:

Data	Format	Specification
0	Unknown	
1	EAN-2, GS1 2-digit add- on	It is a supplement to the EAN-13 and UPC-A barcodes. It is often used on magazines and periodicals to indicate an issue number.
2	EAN-5, GS1 5-digit add- on	It is a supplement to the EAN-13 barcode used on books. It is used to give a suggestion for the price of the book.
3	EAN-8	It is the short version of EAN-13. An EAN-8 number contains 7 digits of message plus 1 check digit. The first two or three digits identify the numbering authority, and the remaining 4 or 5 digits identify the product.
4	UPC-E4	It is the short form representation of a UPC-A number. It reduces the data length from 12 digits to 6 digits by compressing the extra zeros. It is suited for identifying products in small packages.
5	ISBN-10, from EAN-13	It is printed in human-readable form above the EAN-13 bar code.
6	UPC-A	It is the most common and well-known symbology in the US, which consists of four areas: 1) The number system; 2) The manufacturer code; 3) The product code; 4) The check digit.
7	EAN-13	It is a superset of UPC-A. Any software or hardware capable of reading an EAN-13 symbol will automatically be able to read an UPC-A symbol.
8	ISBN-13, from EAN-13	It is printed in human-readable form above the EAN-13 bar code.
9	COMPOSITE, EAN/ UPC composite	It is the specification for a 2D barcode symbol included above a DataBar, UPC, EAN or Code 128 barcode to encode additional data. Composite symbols are not supported by all barcode scanners and implementation can be more difficult than other options.
10	Interleaved 2 of 5	It is based on Standard 2 of 5 symbology, but uses both bar and space width to encode information so the density of ITF25 is much higher. It is primarily used in the warehouse industry.
11	CODE 128	A high-density linear symbology that encodes text, numbers, numerous functions and the entire

Data	Format	Specification
		128 ASCII character set. It enables you to store diversified information in the barcode.
12	CODE 93	An alphanumeric, variable length symbology designed to provide a higher density and data security enhancement to Code 39.
13	CODE 39	The first alpha-numeric symbology that originally encoded 39 characters (now 43). It is not as compact as the Code 128 symbology, but it is still heavily used in the automotive industry and by the US Department of Defense.
14	ITF	A mix between the POS (Point-of-sale) codes and the logistics barcode Code 128. It's mainly being used in trading, but only on products that need no POS interaction.
20	QR CODE	A "2D Matrix" symbology. Because QR Code requires camera based scanners it is currently restricted for use with applications that will involve imaging scanners within mobile devices and not for POS processing.
21	DataMatrix	A 2D barcode symbology with very high data density. It is spreading in the area of mobile marketing, in such applications the DataMatrix barcode is also known under the name SemaCode.
22	AZTEC	It is a matrix symbology which supports the entire ASCII character set and offers several error checking modes. Aztec symbols are square and may be read at any orientation.

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- 0 Cancel.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

2.4.3 Camera

Captures or views a photo or video using the device's camera.

2.4.3.1 eon_mobile_cameraex object

2.4.3.1.1 Function

of_getfiledata

Description

Reads data from the specified image file. If the file is over 4 MB, calling this function may cause memory issue in PB 9 or earlier version. You can upgrade your source code to PB 10 or later, and then call the function of the Appeon Workarounds PBL for the corresponding PB version.

Syntax

camera.of_getfiledata(value string as_filepath)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_cameraex	camera	The name of the eon_mobile_cameraex object.
string	as_filepath	The full path of the file you want to read.

Return value

Blob.

of_openalbums

Description

Opens the album for the user to select a photo or video.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

camera.of_openalbums (ref string as_filepath, ref blob ablb_data)
camera.of_openalbums (ref string as_filepath)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_cameraex	camera	The name of the eon_mobile_cameraex object.
string	as_filepath	Returns the full path pointing to this file in the sandbox cache directory.
		The selected video or photo file will be copied to the cache directory of current application's sandbox.
		The files in this cache directory will be removed when the application exits.
blob	ablb_data	Returns the file data of the photo file or video file.

Integer.

- 1 Select a photo file successfully, and *as_filepath* will return the full path pointing to the photo file in the sandbox cache directory.
- 2 Select a video file successfully, and *as_filepath* will return the full path pointing to the video file in the sandbox cache directory.
- 0 Cancel selecting a file from the album.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

Code example 1

```
eon_mobile_camera ln_camera
String ls_filepath
Integer li_filetype
Integer li_return

li_filetype = 2 // Simultaneously displays the photo or video in the album
ln_camera = create eon_mobile_camera
li_return = ln_camera.of_openalbums (ls_filepath)
```

Code example 2

```
eon_mobile_camera ln_camera
String ls_filepath
Integer li_filetype
Integer li_return
Blob lb_data

li_filetype = 2 // Simultaneously displays the photo or video in the album
ln_camera = create eon_mobile_camera
li_return = ln_camera.of_openalbums (ls_filepath, lb_data)
```

of_takefile

Description

Opens the default camera application and uses it to take a photo or record a video.

Once the photo or video is taken, the camera application automatically closes with all the files saved in the album, and returns to the current application.

The supported video file format is MOV, and the supported photo file format is JPG.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

```
camera.of_takefile (value integer ai_filetype, value boolean ab_allowedit,
ref string as_filepath)
```

```
camera.of_takefile (value eon_mobile_str_cameraoption astr_option, ref string
as_filepath)
```

camera.of_takefile (value eon_mobile_str_cameraoption astr_option, ref string as_filepath, ref blob ablb_data)

camera.of_takefile (value integer ai_filetype, value boolean ab_allowedit,
ref string as_filepath, ref blob ablb_data)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_cameraex	camera	The name of the eon_mobile_cameraex object.
eon_mobile_str_cameraoption	astr_option	Sets the camera parameters.
		See variable list of eon_mobile_str_cameraoption.
integer	ai_filetype	Sets the type of file to take. The camera application will be set to this type by default when it is opened.
		Users can also manually switch the type in the camera application.
		1 - Takes a photo.
		2 - Records a video.
boolean	ab_allowedit	Sets if the file is editable after picture-taking or video-recording.
string	as_filepath	Returns the full path pointing to the file in the sandbox cache directory.
		The video and photo files will be saved into device's album, and will be copied to the cache directory of current application's sandbox.
		The files in this cache directory will be removed when the application exits.
blob	ablb_data	Returns the file data of the photo file or video file.

Integer.

- 1 Take a photo successfully, and as_filepath will return the full path of the photo file, and return empty string if the picture-taking is cancelled, or if there is any error.
- 2 Record a video successfully, and as_filepath will return the full path of the video file, and return empty string if the picture-taking is cancelled, or if there is any error.
- 0 Cancel taking photo or video.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

Code example 1

```
eon_mobile_str_cameraoption lstr_option
eon_mobile_cameraex ln_camera
String ls_filepath
Integer li_return

lstr_option.i_filetype = 1 // Takes the photo
lstr_option.b_allowedit = true // The photo is editable after picture-taking

ln_camera = create eon_mobile_camera
li_return = ln_camera.of_takefile (lstr_option, ls_filepath)
```

Code example 2

```
eon_mobile_str_cameraoption lstr_option
eon_mobile_cameraex ln_camera
String ls_filepath
Integer li_return
blob lb_data
lstr_option.i_filetype = 1 // Takes the photo
lstr_option.b_allowedit = true // The photo is editable after picture-taking

ln_camera = create eon_mobile_camera
li_return = ln_camera.of_takefile (lstr_option, ls_filepath, lb_data)
```

2.4.3.1.2 Structure

eon_mobile_str_cameraoption

Description

Struct.

Optional parameters to customize the camera settings.

Property

Type	Variable Name	Description
integer	i_filetype	Sets the type of file to take. The camera application will be set to this type by default when it is opened.
		Users can also manually switch the type in the camera application.
		1 - Takes a photo.
		2 - Records a video.
boolean	b_allowedit	Sets if the file is editable after picture-taking or videorecording.

2.4.4 Connection

Obtains the network state and connection type.

2.4.4.1 eon_mobile_connectionex object

2.4.4.1.1 Function

of_getconnectioninfo

Description

Gets the device's network connection information.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

connection.of_getconnectioninfo ()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_connectionex	connection	The name of the eon_mobile_connectionex object.

Return value

Integer.

- 0 No connection.
- 1 Cell network: 2G/3G/4G.
- 2 Wi-Fi network.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

2.4.5 Device

Obtains the device specific information, such as the device type, the device DPI/PPI, the OS version, the device's memory, the device's OS, the screen resolution, etc.

2.4.5.1 eon_mobile_deviceex object

2.4.5.1.1 Function

of_getdeviceid

Description

Gets the device's unique identifier (only supported on iOS 6.0 or later), which depends on the device manufacturer, product type, and operating system.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

device.of_getdeviceid(ref string as_id)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_deviceex	device	The name of the
		eon_mobile_deviceex object.

Argument Type	Argument	Description
string	as_id	Returns the device unique identifier.
		Returns empty string if it is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web or, if there is any error.

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

Usage

Use the of_getdeviceid() function to only allow the application to run on specific mobile devices that are authorized. In this way, if unauthorized users install the app on their own mobile device and somehow steals a valid username/password they still won't be able to run the app or your data.

of_getdevicetype

Description

Gets the device type from the manufacturer.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

device.of_getdevicetype(ref string as_type)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_deviceex	device	The name of the eon_mobile_deviceex object.
string	as_type	Returns the device type; e.g., "iPod touch", "iPhone", "iPad", "GT-P5210", "Lenovo A3000-H" etc. The value of device type is set by the manufacturer. Returns empty string if it is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web or if there is any error.

Return value

Integer.

1 - Success.

-1 - It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_getdpi

Description

Gets the device DPI value.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

device.of_getdpi ()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_deviceex	device	The name of the
		eon_mobile_deviceex object.

Return value

Integer.

- >0 Return the device DPI value.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_getppi

Description

Gets the device PPI value.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

device.of_getppi ()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_deviceex	device	The name of the
		eon_mobile_deviceex object.

Return value

Integer.

- >0 Return the device PPI value.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_gettotalmemory

Description

Gets the total number (in KB) of the device memory.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

device.of_gettotalmemory()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_deviceex	device	The name of the
		eon_mobile_deviceex object.

Long.

- >0 Return the total number of the device memory.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appean Web, or there is an error.

of_getfreememory

Description

Gets the total number (in KB) of the device's current available free memory.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

device.of_getfreememory()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_deviceex	device	The name of the
		eon_mobile_deviceex object.

Return value

Long.

- >0 Return the total number of the device free memory.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appean Web, or there is an error.

of_getname

Description

Gets the device's machine name.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

device.of_getname (ref string as_name)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_deviceex	device	The name of the eon_mobile_deviceex object.
string	as_name	Returns the device's machine name.
		Returns empty string if it is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or if there is any error.

Page 105

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_getorientation

Description

Detects if the device screen orientation is Landscape or Portrait.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

device.of_getorientation()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_deviceex	device	The name of the
		eon_mobile_deviceex object.

Return value

Integer.

- 0 Unknown.
- 1 Portrait, Home button at the bottom.
- 2 Portrait, Home button on the top.
- 3 Landscape, Home button to the right.
- 4 Landscape, Home button to the left.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_getplatform

Description

Gets the device's OS name.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

device.of_getplatform (ref string as_platform)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_deviceex	device	The name of the eon_mobile_deviceex object.
string	as_platform	Returns the device's OS name; e.g., returns "iPhone OS" if the device is iPhone, iPad, or iPod touch, and returns "Android" if the

Argument Type	Argument	Description
		device is Android tablets or smartphones. The value of OS name is obtained from the mobile device.
		Returns empty string if it is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or if there is any error.

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_getresolution

Description

Gets the device's resolution.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

device.of_getresolution(ref integer ai_height, ref integer ai_width)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_deviceex	device	The name of the eon_mobile_deviceex object.
integer	ai_height	Returns the device's screen height (in pixels).
integer	ai_width	Returns the device's screen width (in pixels).

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_getosversion

Description

Gets the OS version.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

device.of_getosversion(ref string as_version)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_deviceex	device	The name of the eon_mobile_deviceex object.
string	as_version	Returns the device's OS version. For example, returns "6.0" if the iOS version is 6.0; returns "6.0.1" if the iOS version is 6.0.1. The value of OS version is obtained from the mobile device. Returns empty string if it is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or if there is any error.

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_getstatusbarvisible

Description

Detects if the system status bar is visible.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

device.of_getstatusbarvisible()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_deviceex	device	The name of the
		eon_mobile_deviceex object.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 The system status bar is visible.
- 0 The system status bar is invisible.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_setstatusbarvisible

Description

Sets whether the iOS system status bar is visible. This API takes no effect for the Android device and returns -1.

Supported on the iOS mobile client only.

Syntax

device.of_setstatusbarvisible (value integer ai_mode)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_deviceex	device	The name of the eon_mobile_deviceex object.
integer	ai_mode	1 - Sets the iOS system status bar to be visible.0 - Sets the iOS system status
		bar to be invisible.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

2.4.6 Geolocation

Gets the current position and opens the geolocation functionality.

Usage example

• Express & delivery services:

Track the detailed parcel delivery progress: the time and place of departure, the real-time positioning of the delivery men, passage and arrival, etc.

• Geomarketing:

The online advertising can use this type of marketing, relying on IP addresses to locate the user logged into the Website, and then customizing advertising based on this information.

• Public transportation:

If a user doesn't know the best way to get to somewhere, the user can use the Geolocation API to find out nearby bus stops and metro locations.

• Tourism:

By combining with Map API, travel agencies can provide better vacation tips for the current location and season.

2.4.6.1 eon_mobile_geolocationex object

2.4.6.1.1 Instance variable

powerobject ipo_bindevent

The object to bind with the oe_locationchanged and oe_error.

string is_bindwithlocationchangedevent

The name of the event bound with the oe_locationchanged of the powerobject ipo_bindevent.

string is_bindwitherrorevent

The name of the event bound with the oe_error of the powerobject ipo_bindevent.

integer ii_errorcode

Error code. When the oe_error is triggered, it will be updated and the device will return this message.

```
10 - kCLErrorLocationUnknown, // location is currently unknown, but CL will keep
trying
11 - kCLErrorDenied, // CL access has been denied (eg, user declined location use)
12 - kCLErrorNetwork, // general, network-related error
13 - kCLErrorHeadingFailure, // heading could not be determined
14 - kCLErrorRegionMonitoringDenied, // Location region monitoring has been denied
by the user
15 - kCLErrorRegionMonitoringFailure, // A registered region cannot be monitored
16 - kCLErrorRegionMonitoringSetupDelayed, // CL could not immediately initialize
region monitoring
17 - kCLErrorRegionMonitoringResponseDelayed, // While events for this fence will
be delivered, delivery will not occur immediately
18 - kCLErrorGeocodeFoundNoResult, // A geocode request yielded no result
19 - kCLErrorGeocodeFoundPartialResult, // A geocode request yielded a partial
result
20 - kCLErrorGeocodeCanceled, // A geocode request was cancelled
21 - kCLErrorDeferredFailed, // Deferred mode failed
22 - kCLErrorDeferredNotUpdatingLocation, // Deferred mode failed because location
updates disabled or paused
   - kCLErrorDeferredAccuracyTooLow, // Deferred mode not supported for the
requested accuracy
   - kCLErrorDeferredDistanceFiltered, // Deferred mode does not support distance
filters
25 - kCLErrorDeferredCanceled, // Deferred mode request canceled a previous request
```

string is_errortext

Error message. When the oe_error is triggered, it will be updated and the device will return this message.

2.4.6.1.2 Event

oe_error

Description

It will be triggered if there is an error when using the geolocation functionality.

Supported on mobile client only.

Note: This event will update the value of is errortext and ii errocode instance variables.

Syntax

None.

Return value

None.

oe_locationchanged

Description

It will be triggered when the position (longitude and/or latitude) changes after getting the geolocation information.

Supported on mobile client only.

Note: The user can obtain the new position information by calling the <u>of_getcurrentposition</u> <u>function</u>. WPARAM and LPARAM are both empty.

Syntax

None.

Return value

None.

2.4.6.1.3 Function

of close

Description

Closes the geolocation function.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

gps.of_close()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_geolocationex	31	The name of the eon_mobile_geolocationex object.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 If it is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_getcurrentposition

Description

Gets the current position information.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

gps.of_getcurrentposition(refeon_mobile_str_coordinates
astr_coordinates)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_geolocationex	gps	The name of the eon_mobile_geolocationex object.
eon_mobile_str_coordinates	astr_coordinates	The returned detailed position information. See variable list of eon_mobile_str_coordinates.

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 If it is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_isenabled

Description

Detects if the geolocation services can be used.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

gps.of_isenabled()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_geolocationex		The name of the eon_mobile_geolocationex object.

None.

Return value

Integer

- 1 Enabled.
- 0 Disabled.
- -1 If it is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_open

Description

Opens the geolocation function.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

gps.of_open (value integer ai_locationaccuracy, value integer ai_distancefilter)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_geolocationex	gps	The name of the eon_mobile_geolocationex object.
integer	ai_locationaccuracy	Location accuracy update, recommended to use 0 or 1 for the automatic selection.
		0 - Use the highest-level of accuracy.
		1 - Use the highest possible accuracy and combine it with additional sensor data. This level of accuracy is intended for use in navigation applications that require precise position information at all times and are intended to be used only while the device is plugged in.
		>1 - User-defined accuracy (in meters).
integer	ai_distancefilter	Location filter, used to control the location update message frequency (in meters).
		0 - Notifies by every update.
		>0 - Updates only when the location change exceeds this value.

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 If it is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_register

Description

Registers the object and the event to be bound with the oe_error and oe_locationchanged events.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

gps.of_register (value powerobject apb_bind, value string as_changedevent,
value string as_errorevent)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_geolocationex	gps	The name of the eon_mobile_geolocationex object.
powerobject	apb_bind	The object to be bound with the oe_error and oe_locationchanged event.
string	as_changedevent	The event to be bound with the oe locationchanged event.
string	as_errorevent	The event to be bound with the <u>oe_error event</u> .

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 If it is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

2.4.6.1.4 Structure

eon_mobile_str_coordinates

Description

Struct.

The detailed position information.

Property

Type	Variable Name	Description
decimal{6}	dec_longitude	The longitude value of the current position.
decimal{6}	dec_latitude	The latitude value of the current position.
decimal{2}	dec_altitude	The altitude value of the current position.
decimal{2}	dec_accuracy	The latitude and longitude positioning accuracy.
decimal{2}	dec_altitudeaccuracy	The altitude positioning accuracy.
decimal{2}	dec_heading	The degrees clockwise from true north (0 to 359.99 degrees).

Type	Variable Name	Description
decimal{2}	dec_speed	The displacement velocity (m/sec).
datetime		The timestamp to get the current position information.

2.4.6.1.5 Code Example

• To get the GPS information of the photo you take:

- To mark the movement on the map:
 - 1. Adds an eon_mobile_mapex object, uo_map, to the Window.
 - 2. Declares an instance variable.

```
eon_mobile_geolocationex inv_gps
```

3. Registers the GPS service in the Open event of the Window.

```
inv_gps = create eon_mobile_geolocationex
eon_mobile_str_mapoption lstr_mapoption

// Sets the default argument of the map
lstr_mapoption.b_allowmove = true
lstr_mapoption.b_allowzoom = true
lstr_mapoption.b_locatetocurrentlocation = true
lstr_mapoption.i_mapaccuracy = 5

// Opens the map
uo_map.of_open(lstr_mapoption)

// The ue_gps event will be triggered when the positioning accuracy is 3

// meters and the location update range is beyond 100 meters.
inv_gps.of_open(3, 100)

// Bind the "ue_gps" event and "ue_gpserror" event of the Window to
// the "oe_locationchanged" event and "oe_error" event of Geolocation object.
inv_gps.of_register( this, "ue_gps","ue_gpserror")
```

4. Records the movement and adds it as an annotation to the map.

```
// ue_gps event
eon_mobile_str_coordinates lstr_coordinates
eon_mobile_str_annotation lstr_annotation_appeon
// Get the gps data of the current position
inv_gps.of_getcurrentposition( lstr_coordinates)
// Displays the latitude and longitude of the position in the static text
st_latitude.text = string( lstr_coordinates.dec_latitude)
st_longitude.text = string( lstr_coordinates.dec_longitude)
// Records the gps information of the current position to an annotation
lstr_annotation_appeon.dec_latitude= lstr_coordinates.dec_latitude
lstr_annotation_appeon.dec_longitude = lstr_coordinates.dec_longitude
lstr_annotation_appeon.i_pincolor = 1
lstr_annotation_appeon.s_title= string(lstr_coordinates.dt_timestamp,
"hh:mm:ss")
// Adds this annotation to the map
uo_map.of_addannotation(lstr_annotation_appeon, true)
```

5. Captures the GPS error.

```
// ue_gpserror event
// Displays the error number and the error message
messagebox("Error "+string(inv_gps.ii_errorcode) , inv_gps.is_errortext)
```

2.4.7 Map

Accesses the information about the longitude, latitude and address as well as processes some annotation operations.

Usage example

City planning:

Use the Street View maps to implement a better city planning and design.

• Fire department:

The fire control center can find out the specific position of the man who made the emergency call according to the system, and then quickly plan their arrangement to send the nearest firefighters.

• Mountaineering:

For mountain-climbing lovers, they can identify a location according to the known longitude and latitude and vice versa.

• Tourism:

By combining with Geolocation API, travel agencies can provide better vacation tips for the current location and season.

• Turn-by-turn route navigation:

Help the user navigate along a route by providing detailed turn-by-turn directions. Map API does this by registering with the Geolocation API to receive repeated location updates of the user's position.

2.4.7.1 eon_mobile_mapex object

2.4.7.1.1 Instance variable

integer ii_errorcode

Error code. It will be updated when the oe_error is triggered, and this message will be returned from the device. For example:

```
1 - MKErrorUnknown
2 - MKErrorServerFailure, // The map service is turn off
3 - MKErrorLoadingThrottled,
4 - MKErrorPlacemarkNotFound, // address is not found
-1 - NSURLErrorUnknown
-999 - NSURLErrorCancelled,
-1001 - NSURLErrorTimedOut,
-1002 - NSURLErrorCannotFindHost,
-1004 - NSURLErrorCannotConnectToHost,
-1005 - NSURLErrorNetworkConnectionLost,
-1009 - NSURLErrorNotConnectedToInternet
```

string is_errortext

Error message. It will be updated when the oe_error is triggered, and this message will be returned from the device.

eon_mobile_str_annotation istr_clickedannotation

The annotation (added by of addannotation) that the user clicks on.

2.4.7.1.2 Event

oe_annotationclicked

Description

The oe_annotationclicked event will be automatically triggered when an annotation (added by of_addannotation) is clicked.

Supported on mobile client only.

Note: This event cannot be triggered via the code, and can only be triggered by clicking the annotation on the map.

Syntax

None.

Return value

None.

The information of the clicked annotation is stored to the istr_clicked annotation instance variable.

oe_loadstart

Description

The oe_loadstart event will be automatically triggered when starting loading the map. LPARAM and WPARAM are empty.

Supported on mobile client only.

Note: This event can only be automatically triggered after calling the <u>of open function</u>.

Syntax

None.

Return value

None.

oe_loadend

Description

The successful completion of loading the map. LPARAM and WPARAM are empty.

Supported on mobile client only.

Note: This event can only be automatically triggered after calling the <u>of_open function</u>.

Syntax

None.

Return value

None.

oe_error

Description

Failure in loading the map. WPARAM is the error number.

Supported on mobile client only.

Note: This event can only be automatically triggered after calling the <u>of open function</u>.

Syntax

None.

Return value

None.

oe_changed

Description

The map display area has changed.

Note: This event can only be automatically triggered after calling the <u>of open function</u>.

Syntax

None.

Return value

None.

2.4.7.1.3 Function

of_addannotation

Description

Adds a map annotation.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

map.of_addannotation (refeon_mobile_str_annotation astr_annotation, value boolean ab_move)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_mapex	map	The name of the eon_mobile_mapex object.
eon_mobile_str_annotation	astr_annotation	The annotation to be added. (For the relevant information, refer to the property of the eon_mobile_str_annotation_structure.) When the annotation is added successfully, this function will generate and store the unique identifier of the annotation to the l_id property in the structure. And the l_id property will be used when this annotation is removed or selected.
boolean	ab_move	True: To automatically move the map so as to make the new annotation visible. False: Not to move the map.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 Failure or it is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

Code example

```
eon_mobile_str_annotation istr_annotation_appeon
istr_annotation_appeon.dec_latitude= 22.54993
istr_annotation_appeon.dec_longitude = 113.94977
istr_annotation_appeon.i_pincolor = 1
istr_annotation_appeon.s_pinimage="apb.png"
istr_annotation_appeon.s_subtitle="Appeon Mobile"
istr_annotation_appeon.s_title="Appeon"
uo_map.of_addannotation(istr_annotation_appeon, true)
```

of addresstocoordinate

Description

Obtains the longitude and latitude according to the address.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

map.of_addresstocoordinate(value string as_address, ref decimal
dec_longitude, ref decimal adec_latitude)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_mapex	map	The name of the eon_mobile_mapex object.
string	as_address	Address, a human-readable string to specify locations.
decimal	dec_longitude	The returned longitude, which is defined using numerals within a commaseparated text string that have a precision to 6 decimal places.
decimal	adec_latitude	The returned latitude, which is defined using numerals within a comma-separated text string that have a precision to 6 decimal places.

Return value

Integer

- 1 Success.
- -1 Failure or it is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_close

Description

Closes the default map application.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

map.of_close ()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_mapex	map	The name of the
		eon_mobile_mapex object.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 Failure or it is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_coordinatetoaddress

Description

Converts the longitude and latitude into the corresponding address.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

map.of_coordinatetoaddress (value decimal dec_longitude, value decimal
adec_latitude, ref string as_address)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_mapex	map	The name of the eon_mobile_mapex object.
decimal	dec_longitude	Longitude, which is defined using numerals within a comma-separated text string that have a precision to 6 decimal places.
decimal	adec_latitude	Latitude, which is defined using numerals within a comma-separated text string that have a precision to 6 decimal places.
string	as_address	The returned address, which is converted from longitude and latitude values.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 Failure or it is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_open

Description

Opens the default map application at the specified position.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

```
map.of_open ( value eon_mobile_str_mapoption astr_mapoption )
map.of_open ( value eon_mobile_str_mapoption astr_mapoption, ref
eon_mobile_str_annotation astr_clickedannotation)
```

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_mapex	map	The name of the eon_mobile_mapex object.
eon_mobile_str_mapoption	astr_mapoption	Relevant information about the map. (For the relevant information, refer to the property of the eon_mobile_str_mapoption_structure)
eon_mobile_str_annotation	astr_clickedannotatio	The annotation that the user clicks on. (For the relevant information, refer to the property of the eon_mobile_str_annotation_structure.)

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 Failure or it is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

Code example

```
eon_mobile_str_mapoption lstr_mapoption
lstr_mapoption.b_allowmove = true
lstr_mapoption.b_allowzoom = true
lstr_mapoption.b_locatetocurrentlocation = true
lstr_mapoption.i_mapaccuracy = 5
uo_map.of_open(lstr_mapoption)
```

of_refresh

Description

Refreshes the map according to the specified information.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

map.of_refresh(value eon_mobile_str_mapoption astr_mapoption)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_mapex	map	The name of the eon_mobile_mapex object.
eon_mobile_str_mapoption	astr_mapoption	Relevant information about the map. (For the relevant information, refer to the property of the eon mobile str mapoption structure)

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 Failure or it is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_removeannotation

Description

Removes a map annotation that is added by of addannotation.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

map.of_removeannotation(value eon_mobile_str_annotation astr_annotation)
map.of_removeannotation(value long al_id)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_mapex	map	The name of the eon_mobile_mapex object.
eon_mobile_str_annotation	astr_annotation	The annotation to be removed. (For the relevant information, refer to the property of the eon_mobile_str_annotation_structure.) This function will remove the annotation according to the unique identifier of the annotation stored in the l_id property of the structure.
long	al_id	The unique identifier of the annotation to be removed.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 Failure or it is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_removeallannotation

Description

Removes all map annotations that are added by of addannotation.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

map.of_removeallannotation()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_mapex	map	The name of the
		eon_mobile_mapex object.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 Failure or it is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_selectannotation

Description

Selects a map annotation that is added by of addannotation.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

map.of_selectannotation (value eon_mobile_str_annotation astr_annotation)

map.of_selectannotation (value long al_id)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_mapex	map	The name of the eon_mobile_mapex object.
eon_mobile_str_annotation	astr_annotation	The annotation to be selected. (For the relevant information, refer to the property of the eon mobile str annotation structure.) This function will select the annotation according to

Argument Type	Argument	Description
		the unique identifier of the
		annotation stored in the l_id property of the structure.
long	al_id	The unique identifier of the annotation to be selected.

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 Failure or it is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

2.4.7.1.4 Structure

eon_mobile_str_mapoption

Description

Struct.

A map annotation. The user can click on the text markup.

Property

Type	Variable Name	Description
boolean	b_locatetocurrent location	Moves to the current location.
decimal{6}	dec_longitude	The longitude of the map central location (only takes effect when the value of bLocateToCurrentLocation is False).
decimal{6}	dec_latitude	The latitude of the map central location.
boolean	b_allowmove	Allows the user to move or not (the default value is True).
boolean	b_allowzoom	Allows the user to zoom or not (the default value is True).
integer	i_mapaccuracy	The map display accuracy or amplification factor (unit: meter).
integer	i_maptype	The map type (0: Default type, 1: Satellite view, 3: Hybrid map).

eon_mobile_str_annotation

Description

Struct.

Relevant information about the initialized map.

Property

Туре	Variable Name	Description
decimal{6}	dec_longitude	The longitude of the added or obtained annotation.
decimal{6}	dec_latitude	The latitude of the added or obtained annotation.
string	s_title	The title of the added or obtained annotation.
string	s_subtitle	The subtitle of the added or obtained annotation.
integer	i_pincolor	The pin color. Only takes effect when there is no user-defined pin icon (the supported colors are: Red = 0, Green = 1, Purple = 2).
string	s_pinimage	The pin image (If it is NULL, use the default icon).
long	l_id	The unique identifier of the annotation.

2.4.8 Media

Plays a media file using the device's media player.

2.4.8.1 eon_mobile_mediaex object

2.4.8.1.1 Function

of_play

Description

Uses the default media player application to play the media files.

The supported audio file formats are .aac, .mp3, .aiff, and .wav; the supported video file formats are .m4v, .mp4, and .mov.

Not all the media files with these suffixes can be played; if some media files cannot be played, they can be transcoded via iTunes.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

media.of_play(value string as_filepath)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_mediaex	media	The name of the eon_mobile_mediaex object.
string	as_filepath	Sets the full path of a media file to be played.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Play the media file successfully.
- 0 Cancel playing the media file.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

2.4.9 Notification

Sends a notification to the notification bar.

Usage example

• Airlines:

Because of the weather effects and other force majeures, the airlines can send such warm notifications to inform passengers of the latest flight dynamics, so as to reassure them and reduce some troublesome cases .

• Banking and finance:

The e-notification service is a very practical solution that allows quick and safe transmission of any personalized message via electronic mail or SMS. It is especially helpful as a form of automatic notification of, for example, change in account balance, issuance of an invoice, deadline for installment payment, etc. The client is provided with the latest information and always stays updated.

· Healthcare:

Reminding patients of their dentist appointments is an important part of any dentistry which helps build and strengthen the relationship between patient and dentist. When patients receive those reminders, they are not only reminded of their appointment they are also made aware of the quality and care of the business.

2.4.9.1 eon_mobile_notificationex object

2.4.9.1.1 Function

of_addmessage

Description

Sends a notification to the notification bar.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

notification.of_addmessage (value string as_message)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_notificationex	notification	The name of the eon_mobile_notificationex object.
string	as_message	The message to be displayed on the notification bar.

Return value

Long.

>0 - Return the current notification handle if sending notification successfully.

of removemessage function can use this handle to delete the notification.

-1 - It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_removemessage

Description

Removes a notification from the notification bar.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

notification.of_removemessage (value long al_handle)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_notificationex	notification	The name of the eon_mobile_notificationex object.
long	al_handle	Specifies the handle of the notification, which is created by the of addmessage() function.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

2.4.10 Offline

Checks and applies the updates of the current application.

2.4.10.1 eon_offlineex object

2.4.10.1.1 Function

of_applydbupdate

Description

Updates the local database files of the current application.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

offline.of_applydbupdate()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_offlineex	offline	The name of the
		eon_offlineex object.

Return value

Integer.

- 0 The DB structure of the current application is the same as that in the server, and no need to update.
- 1 Success.
- -1 Failure or it is called in PowerBuilder.
- -2 It is called in Appeon Web and this operation is not supported.

of_checkappeonserver

Description

Detects if Appeon Server exists.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

offline.of_checkappeonserver()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_offlineex	offline	The name of the
		eon_offlineex object.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Appeon Server exists.
- -1 Appeon Server does not exist or there is an error in the checking of the Appeon Server, or it is called in PowerBuilder.

of_applyupdate

Syntax 1

Syntax 2

Description 1

Updates the current application from the server.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax 1

offline.of_applyupdate (boolean ab_showdialog)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_offlineex	offline	The name of the eon_offlineex object.
boolean	ab_showdialog	This argument controls whether to display a dialog box that prompts the end user to restart the app after updated. The prompt message is "After the app is updated, you need to restart the app to make the new version take effect. Please confirm your update." The end user can choose OK to update the app, or choose Cancel not to update the app. True - Displays the dialog box. False - Do not display the dialog box.

Return value 1

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- 0 Latest app and no need to update.
- -1 Failure or it is called in PowerBuilder.
- -2 It is called in Appeon Web and this operation is not supported.

Description 2

Updates the current application from the server according to the return value of <u>of_checkupdate</u>.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax 2

offline.of_applyupdate ()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_offlineex	offline	The name of the
		eon_offlineex object.

Return value 2

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- 0 Latest app and no need to update.
- -1 Failure or it is called in PowerBuilder.
- -2 It is called in Appeon Web and this operation is not supported.

Note: The following application configuration information will be synchronized when running the offline mobile application for the first time or when calling the of_applyupdate function.

- AEM configuration
 - 1. Application > Local Database
 - 2. Application > PB Features > INI Files
 - 3. Application > PB Features > Decimal Precision
 - 4. Application > Client Features > [codeexamples] > Application Title
 - 5. Application > Client Features > [codeexamples] > Retina Display (Mobile Only)
 - 6. Application > Data Transfer > Encoding
 - 7. Mobile UI Resizing
- Application configuration
- · Data source
- Embedded SQL
- DW SQL
- Local database files

of_checkupdate

Description

Detects if there is any update in the current application.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

offline.of_checkupdate()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_offlineex	offline	The name of the eon_offlineex object.

Return value

Integer.

0 - There is no update.

- 1 There is an update only on the application.
- 2 There is an update only on the DB file.
- 3 There are updates both on the DB file and application.
- -1 Failure in the update check or it is called in PowerBuilder.
- -2 It is called in Appeon Web and this operation is not supported.

2.4.11 Textchecker

Checks spelling in a text field.

2.4.11.1 eon_mobile_textcheckex object

2.4.11.1.1 Function

of_completionsforpartialword

Description

Returns a list of words that are possible valid replacements for a misspelled word.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

textchecker.of_completionsforpartialword (value
eon_mobile_str_textcheckoption astr_textcheckoption, ref string
as_completions[])

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_textcheckerex	textchecker	The name of the
		eon_mobile_textcheckerex object.
eon_mobile_str_textcheckoption	astr_textcheck	Check option.
	option	See variable list of
		eon mobile str textcheckoption.
string	as_completions[Returns an array of strings, each of which is a completion of a partially entered word represented by range in string.
		If no possible completions are found, the method returns an empty array.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Found possible completions.
- 0 Found no possible completions.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_getignoredwords

Description

Returns the words that the receiver ignores when spell-checking.

The spell checker excludes ignored words as misspelled words during the current spell-checking session only.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

textchecker.of_getignoredwords (ref string as_words[])

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_textcheckerex	textchecker	The name of the eon_mobile_textcheckerex object.
string	as_words[]	Returns an array of strings, each of which specifies a word the receiver ignores.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Found any ignored words.
- 0 Found no ignored words.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_setignoredwords

Description

Sets the list of words that the receiver should ignore, and the ignored words are not treated as misspelled words.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

textchecker.of_setignoredwords (value string as_words[])

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_textcheckerex	textchecker	The name of the eon_mobile_textcheckerex object.
string	as_words[]	Sets an array of strings, each of which specifies a word the receiver should ignore.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_getlanguages

Description

Gets the languages for which the text checker can perform spell-checking.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

textchecker.of_getlanguages (ref string as_languages[])

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_textcheckerex	textchecker	The name of the eon_mobile_textcheckerex object.
string	as_languages[]	Returns an array of strings representing ISO 639-1 language codes or combined ISO 639-1 language codes and ISO 3166-1 regional codes (for example, en_US).

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_getmisspelledword

Description

Gets the range of the first misspelled word encountered.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

textchecker.of_getmisspelledword(value eon_mobile_str_textcheckoption
astr_textcheckoption, ref long al_start, ref long al_length)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_textcheckerex	textchecker	The name of the eon_mobile_textcheckerex object.
eon_mobile_str_textcheckoption	nastr_textcheck	Check option.
	option	See variable list of eon_mobile_str_textcheckoption.
long	al_start	Returns a long whose value is the starting position of the first misspelled word.
long	al_length	Returns a long whose value is the length of the first misspelled word.

Integer.

- 1 Found the misspelled word.
- 0 Found no misspelled words.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_guessesforword

Description

Returns an array of strings that are possible completions for a partially entered word. Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

textchecker.of_guessesforword(value eon_mobile_str_textcheckoption
astr_textcheckoption, ref string as_guesses[])

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_textcheckerex	textchecker	The name of the
		eon_mobile_textcheckerex object.
eon_mobile_str_textcheckoption		Check option.
	option	See variable list of
		eon_mobile_str_textcheckoption.
string	as_guesses[]	Returns an array of strings each of
		which might be a correct substitute
		(that is, a guess) for a misspelled
		word in the given range of the
		string.
		If no possible guesses are found, the method returns an empty array.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Found possible guesses.
- 0 Found no possible guesses.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_haslearnedword

Description

Detects if the text checker has learned the specified word.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

textchecker.of_haslearnedword(value string as_word)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_textcheckerex	textchecker	The name of the
		eon_mobile_textcheckerex object.
string	as_word	A string representing a word.

Integer.

- 1 The text check has learned the word.
- 0 The text check hasn't learned the word.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_learnword

Description

Tells the text checker to learn the specified word so that it is not evaluated as misspelled. Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

textchecker.of_learnword (value string as_word)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_textcheckerex	textchecker	The name of the eon_mobile_textcheckerex object.
string	as_word	A string representing the word for the text checker to learn.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_unlearnword

Description

Tells the text checker to unlearn the specified word.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

textchecker.of_unlearnword(value string as_word)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_textcheckerex	textchecker	The name of the
		eon_mobile_textcheckerex object.

Argument Type	Argument	Description
string		A string representing the word for the text checker to unlearn.

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

2.4.11.1.2 Structure

eon_mobile_str_textcheckoption

Description

Struct.

Checks spelling.

Property

Type	Variable Name	Description
string	s_source	The string which you want to check.
long	l_start	A long indicating where the check will begin in s_source.
long	l_length	Starting from the position specified by l_start, the number of characters needed to be checked.
string	s_language	The language of the words to be checked for correct spelling.

2.4.12 NFC

Provides access to Near Field Communication (NFC) functionality, allowing the applications to read NDEF message from the Android device.

Note: iOS devices have no NFC features at all, therefore, the NFC APIs are for the Android-powered device only, however, not every Android-powered device provides NFC functionality. For more information, see the Near Field Communication guide.

There are two methods to read/write data from the card. Pay attention to the functions listed below, because they are effective for one method only. The functions not listed below are effective for both methods, such as <u>of open</u>, <u>of close</u>, <u>of getblocksize</u>, <u>of getmaxblockcount</u>, <u>of getmaxsectorcount</u>, <u>of getsize</u>, <u>of gettagid</u>.

Method 1: Read/write data in NDEF (NFC Data Exchange Format)
 The following functions are effective for this method only:
 of getndefrecordcount

Page 137

- of_getndefrecord
- of addrecord
- of_writerecord
- Method 2: Read/write data in bytes from blocks

The following functions are effective for this method only:

- of_settimeout
- of_gettimeout
- of_setkey
- of_startblockoperate
- of_stopblockoperate
- of_readblock
- of_writeblock

See code example for method 1 and 2 in Code example.

2.4.12.1 eon_mobile_nfcex object

2.4.12.1.1 Event

oe_newtagfound

Description

Occurs when the card is detected by the reader.

Syntax

nfc.oe_newtagfound (integer ai_type)

Argument	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_nfcex	nfc	The name of the eon_mobile_nfcex object.
integer	ai_type	0 - MifareClassic. Requires the encryption key, or uses the default key.
		1 - MifareUltralight. Requires no encryption key.
		2 - NfcV. Requires no encryption key.
		3 - NDEF Only. Supports read/write NDEF records but does not support read/write data (in bytes) from the
		block.

Argument	Argument	Description
		4 - UNKNOWN.
		Unrecognizable card types.
		Cannot read/write from
		the card, but can get card
		identifier.

Return value

None

2.4.12.1.2 Function

of_addrecord

Description

Adds the NDEF record.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

nfc.of_addrecord (eon_mobile_str_nfcrecord astr_nfcrecord)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_nfcex	nfc	The name of the eon_mobile_nfcex object.
eon_mobile_str_nfcrecord	astr_nfcrecord	The record to be added.
		See variable list of eon mobile str nfcrecord.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_close

Description

Closes the NFC communication.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

nfc.of_close ()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_nfcex	nfc	The name of the
		eon_mobile_nfcex object.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_getblocksize

Description

Gets the size (in bytes) of the block.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

nfc.of_getblocksize ()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_nfcex	nfc	The name of the
		eon_mobile_nfcex object.

Return value

Integer.

- >0 Returns the size (in bytes) of the block.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_getmaxblockcount

Description

Gets the total number of blocks.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

nfc.of_getmaxblockcount ()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_nfcex	nfc	The name of the
		eon_mobile_nfcex object.

Return value

Integer.

- >0 Returns the total number of blocks.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appean Web, or there is an error.

of_getmaxsectorcount

Description

Gets the total number of sectors.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

nfc.of_getmaxsectorcount ()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_nfcex	nfc	The name of the
		eon_mobile_nfcex object.

Return value

Integer.

- >0 Returns the total number of sectors.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_getndefrecord

Description

Gets the NDEF record.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

nfc.of_getndefrecord (integer ai_index, ref eon_mobile_str_nfcrecord
astr_nfcrecord)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_nfcex	nfc	The name of the eon_mobile_nfcex object.
integer	ai_index	Block indexes which is obtained through of getMaxBlockCount. Block indexes are sequential
		numbers starting from 1.
eon_mobile_str_nfcrecord	astr_nfcrecord	The record to be read.
		See variable list of eon_mobile_str_nfcrecord.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appean Web, or there is an error.

of_getndefrecordcount

Description

Gets the total number of the NDEF records.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

nfc.of_getndefrecordcount ()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_nfcex	nfc	The name of the
		eon_mobile_nfcex object.

Return value

Integer.

- >0 Returns the total number of the NDEF records.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_getsize

Description

Gets the total capacity of the card.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

nfc.of_getsize ()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_nfcex	nfc	The name of the
		eon_mobile_nfcex object.

Return value

Integer.

- >0 Returns the total capacity of the card.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appean Web, or there is an error.

of_gettagid

Description

Gets the unique identifier of the card.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

nfc.of_gettagid (ref string as_tagid)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_nfcex	nfc	The name of the eon_mobile_nfcex object.
string	as_tagid	Returns the unique identifier of the card; or returns

Argument Type	Argument	Description
		empty string if it is called
		in PowerBuilder or Appeon
		Web or if there is any error.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_gettimeout

Description

Gets the timeout value for reading/writing data.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

nfc.of_gettimeout ()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_nfcex	nfc	The name of the
		eon_mobile_nfcex object.

Return value

Integer.

- >0 Returns the timeout value for reading/writing data.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_open

Description

Starts the NFC communication.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

nfc.of_open ()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_nfcex	nfc	The name of the
		eon_mobile_nfcex object.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_readblock

Description

Reads data (in bytes) from the block.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

nfc.of_readblock (integer ai_block, ref blob abl_data)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_nfcex	nfc	The name of the eon_mobile_nfcex object.
integer	ai_block	Block indexes which is obtained through of getMaxBlockCount. Block indexes are sequential numbers starting from 1.
blob	abl_data	Data that are read from the block.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_register

Description

Registers the object and the event to be bound with the oe_newtagfound events.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

nfc.of_register (powerobject apb_bind, string as_changedevent)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_nfcex	nfc	The name of the eon_mobile_nfcex object.
powerobject	apb_bind	The object to be bound with the <u>oe_newtagfound</u> event.
string	as_changedevent	The event to be bound with the <u>oe_newtagfound</u> event.

Return value

Integer.

1 - Success.

-1 - It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_setkey

Description

Sets the read/write encryption key.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

nfc.of_setkey (string as_key)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_nfcex	nfc	The name of the eon_mobile_nfcex object.
string	as_key	Encryption key for reading/ writing data. Or use the system default key.
		MIFARE Classic cards require the key. Card types can be obtained through oe_newtagfound event.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_settimeout

Description

Sets the timeout value for reading/writing data.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

nfc.of_settimeout (integer ai_timeout)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_nfcex	nfc	The name of the eon_mobile_nfcex object.
integer	ai_timeout	Timeout value for reading/ writing data. Normally, this parameter needs not to be set. Only if the read/write operation would take a long time, then this parameter should be set, otherwise the

Argument Type	Argument	Description
		operation will time out and
		disconnect automatically.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appean Web, or there is an error.

of_startblockoperate

Description

Starts reading/writing data from the block.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

nfc.of_startblockoperate ()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_nfcex	nfc	The name of the
		eon_mobile_nfcex object.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_stopblockoperate

Description

Stops reading/writing data from the block.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

nfc.of_stopblockoperate ()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_nfcex	nfc	The name of the
		eon_mobile_nfcex object.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_triggerevent

Description

Triggers the object events bound with the oe_newtagfound event.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

nfc.of_triggerevent (string as_event)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_nfcex	nfc	The name of the eon_mobile_nfcex object.
string	as_event	The event name bound with oe newtagfound event.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of_writeblock

Description

Writes data (in bytes) to the block.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

nfc.of_writeblock (integer ai_block, blob abl_data)

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_nfcex	nfc	The name of the eon_mobile_nfcex object.
integer	ai_block	Block indexes which is obtained through of getMaxBlockCount.
		Block indexes are sequential numbers starting from 1.
blob	abl_data	Data to be written to the block.
		Block size should be obtained through of getBlockSize first. Block size can be 4 bytes or 16 bytes. Data exceeding the block size will be automatically truncated.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

of writerecord

Description

Writes the NDEF record. of addrecord should be called first to add one or more records, then of writerecord should be called to write all records at one time.

Supported on mobile client only.

Syntax

nfc.of_writerecord ()

Argument Type	Argument	Description
eon_mobile_nfcex	nfc	The name of the
		eon_mobile_nfcex object.

Return value

Integer.

- 1 Success.
- -1 It is called in PowerBuilder or Appeon Web, or there is an error.

2.4.12.1.3 Structure

eon_mobile_str_nfcrecord

Description

Structure.

The record to be added.

Property

Type	Variable Name	Description	
int	i_messagetype	0 - URL message	
		1 - Mime message	
		2 - App message	
		3 - Text message	
		4 - Poster message	
		5 - Alternative carrier	
		message	
		6 - Handover carrier message	

Type	Variable Name	Description
		7 - Handover request
		8 - Handover select
		9 - External message
string	s_Domain	This parameter is required when i_messagetype is External message.
string	s_Type	Data type or MIME type. This parameter is required when i_messagetype is Mime message or External message.
string	s_Payload	Valid data.

2.4.12.1.4 Code example

Code example for method 1: Read/write data in NDEF (NFC Data Exchange Format)

Code example for method 2: Read/write data in bytes from blocks

```
eon_mobile_nfcex Inv_mobile_nfc //create nfc object
eon_mobile_str_nfcrecord
                             istr_nfcrecord
//open nfc object
Inv_mobile_nfc.of_open()
//if necessary
Inv_mobile_nfc.of_setTimeout(li_timeout)
Inv_mobile_nfc.of_setkey(ls_key)
Inv_mobile_nfc.of_startBlockOperate()
//read nfc card record
Inv_mobile_nfc.of_readBlock(li_block,ibl_data)
//write nfc card record
Inv_mobile_nfc.of_writeBlock(li_block,ibl_data)
Inv_mobile_nfc.of_stopBlockOperate()
//close nfc object
Inv_mobile_nfc.of_close()
```

3 Appeon Resize PBL Reference

This chapter lists the syntax and code examples of the programming interfaces provided by the Appeon Resize PBL, to resize and move the controls within a window. For more about how Appeon Resize PBL works, refer to Section 2.4.2, "Appeon Resize PBL" in *Mobile UI Design & Development Guide*.

3.1 eon_cst_resize object

The eon_cst_resize object is basically the same as the PFC n_cst_resize object with a little bit modifications and the usage method almost remains the same. The modifications will be discussed below and those that are not discussed here are the same as that of the PFC n_cst_resize object.

3.1.1 Functions

3.1.1.1 of_checkSizeType

Description

Determines whether the specified object is resizable in the current UI layout.

Note: this is not a public function and the internal algorithm may be modified in future by Appean, therefore please do not use this function directly.

Syntax

of_checkSizeType (eon_cst_resizeattrib a_attr, string as_filterstart, string as_origstart, string as_origlength)

3.1.1.2 of getComponentName

Description

Returns the name of the container that contains the current object (usually the container is a window, user object, or tab control).

Syntax

of_getComponentName()

3.1.1.3 of_init

Description

Initializes all the registered objects, calculates their sizes and locations, and completes the registration.

Note: this function is called in of_init (userobject) and of_init (window), so please do not directly call this function.

Syntax

of_init()

Return value

1 - success.

3.1.1.4 of_init (userobject)

Description

Analyzes and registers the internal object of the user object.

Syntax

```
of_init(userobject a_obj)
```

Parameter

userobject - the user object to be analyzed.

Return value

1 - success.

3.1.1.5 of_init (window)

Description

Analyzes and registers the internal object of the window.

Syntax

```
of_init(window a_obj)
```

Parameter

window - the window to be analyzed.

Return value

1 - success.

3.1.1.6 of_register

Description

Same as of_register in the PFC n_cst_resize object with the following modifications in algorithm:

- awo_control is already registered and will not directly return any value, but will find and re-register the corresponding object according to the current parameters. Therefore, users can call the registration functions to re-register the specified object according to their needs, even if the object has been automatically registered via the Appeon resizing algorithm.
- Determines whether the object is resizable or unresizable according to the type of the awo_control object.

Syntax

of_register (windowobject awo_control, boolean ab_scale, integer ai_movex, integer ai_movey, integer ai_scaleWidth, integer ai_scaleHeight)

Parameter

Same as that of the PFC n_cst_resize object.

Return value

Same as that of the PFC n_cst_resize object.

3.1.1.7 of_setResizeType

Description

Determines the resizing behavior of the object according to the resize type (resizable or unresizable) of surrounding controls.

Note: this is not a public function, and the internal algorithm may be modified in future by Appean, therefore, please do not use this function directly.

Syntax

of_setResizeType (powerobject awo_control, boolean ab_leftsizetype, boolean ab_upsizetype, boolean ab_selfsizable)

3.1.1.8 of_typeOf

Description

Same as of_typeOf in the PFC n_cst_resize object but with additional evaluation to the MonthCalender and the DatePicker objects in PowerBuilder 12.5 or later versions.

Syntax

of_typeOf (powerobject awo_control)

Parameter

Same as that of the n_cst_resize object.

Return value

Same as that of the n_cst_resize object.

3.1.2 Properties

The added properties are as follows:

Table 3.1: Added properties

Туре	Name	Description
userObject	iuo_component	The component that contains this object is a user object.
powerObject	ipo_component	The component that contains this object is a window.
int	i_tabIdx[]	Saves the subscript of the Tab control in the component object for adjusting the location and size of the Tab control.

3.2 eon_cst_resizeattrib object

This object is based on the PFC n_cst_resizeattrib object and it provides more variables for the eon_cst_resize object. Only the internal functions of the eon_cst_resize object will use these variables.

3.3 eon_cst_resizecompose object

Scans and initializes the window and the tab controls in the window and triggers the resize event to make the controls in the window adjust their sizes and locations correctly.

3.3.1 Functions

3.3.1.1 of init

Description

Scans, analyzes, and registers the controls of the specified window.

Syntax

```
of_init(window a_obj)
```

Return value

1 - success.

3.3.1.2 of_register (a_obj, as_method)

Description

Specifies the location and the resizing rule of a control in the window by calling the corresponding internal interfaces of the eon_cst_resize object and its functionality is the same as that of the PFC n_cst_resize interface.

Syntax

```
of_register (dragobject a_obj, string as_method)
```

Parameter

Same as that of the PFC n_cst_resize object.

Return value

Same as that of the PFC n_cst_resize object.

3.3.1.3 of_register (a_component, a_obj, as_method)

Description

Specifies the location and the resizing rule of a control in the tab control.

Syntax

of_register (userobject a_component, dragobject a_obj, string as_method)

Parameter

a_component - Tab control;

a_obj and as_method are the same as that of the PFC n_cst_resize object.

Return value

Same as that of the PFC n_cst_resize object.

3.3.2 Properties

The added properties are as follows:

Table 3.2: Added properties

Type	Name	Description
eon_cst_resize	inv_winResize	Saves the registrations of each control in the window object that needs to resize and adjust location.
eon_cst_resize	<pre>inv_userObjResize[]</pre>	Saves the registrations of each control in the tab control that needs to resize and adjust the location.

3.3.3 Event

3.3.3.1 pfc_resize

Description

Triggers the resize event of the window and the tab control of the window to automatically adjust the layout.

Parameter

Same as that of the n_cst_resize object.

Return value

Same as that of the n_cst_resize object.

4 Workarounds for Unsupported Features

Not all of the PowerBuilder features can be supported by Appeon. The unsupported features, if not modified, will be commented out in the generated application files, as a result, the code that contains the unsupported features and other code that is dependent on those unsupported features will stop working.

This chapter provides suggestions to work around the unsupported features that have functional impact on the running of the application. Some cosmetic features, such as **BorderStyle=StyleShadowBox!** property, can be simply ignored if they will not affect the application.

4.1 Objects & Controls

4.1.1 External user object

Description

The external user object is unsupported.

Workaround

Choose one of the following methods:

Method #1: Encapsulate the functions using DLLs.

Method #2: Encapsulate the functions using a user-defined OCX.

4.1.2 UserObject object

4.1.2.1 AddItem function (EAServer only)

Description

AddItem function is unsupported in a user defined object.

Workaround

Call the AddItem function of controls such as ListBox, DropDownListBox, PictureListBox, DropDownPictureListBox, or ListView.

4.1.2.2 DeleteItem function

Description

DeleteItem function is unsupported in a user defined object.

Workaround

Call the DeleteItem function of controls such as ListBox, DropDownListBox, PictureListBox, DropDownPictureListBox, or ListView instead of calling the DeleteItem function of a user-defined object.

4.1.3 System Objects

4.1.3.1 PipeLine object

Description

The Pipeline object including its properties, functions and events is unsupported.

Workaround

Add a server NVO and deploy it to EAServer to work around this issue. The detailed steps are:

- Step 1: Encapsulate the Pipeline object including its properties, functions and events in a server NVO, and deploy the NVO to EAServer component.
- Step 2: Call the interface function of the component and pass the Pipeline object name and relevant parameters to it.
- Step 3: Call the functions, properties or events of the Pipeline object in the component to implement the same functionalities as the original PipeLine object.

The limitation of this workaround is that only the system Pipeline object can be used in the NVO. That is to say, user-defined objects inherited from Pipeline objects are unsupported in the NVO.

4.1.3.2 Application object

4.1.3.2.1 DWMessageTitle property

Description

The DWMessageTitle is unsupported.

Workaround

Use a global variable to record the value of the DWMessageTitle property. Read and write the global variable instead of using the DWMessageTitle property in the Script.

4.1.3.2.2 FreeDBLibraries property

Description

The FreeDBLibraries property is unsupported.

Workaround

It is a useless property for a Web based application. The property can be simply commented out causing no functionality difference for the deployed application.

4.1.4 System Controls

4.1.4.1 ListView control

4.1.4.1.1 GetItemAtPointer function

Description

GetItemAtPoint is unsupported for ListView control.

Workaround

Replace the use of GetItemAtPointer by using Index argument of RightClicked since they return the same value.

4.1.4.1.2 ItemActivate event

Description

The ItemActivate event for ListView control is unsupported.

Workaround

Copy the script in the ItemActivate event to the Clicked or DoubleClicked event.

4.1.4.2 TreeView control

4.1.4.2.1 SetDropHighlight function

Description

The SetDropHightlight function for TreeView control is unsupported.

Workaround

Use other functions to highlight the item specified in SetDropHighlight as the drop target. For example, change the font of the item or modify the item label.

4.1.4.3 Tab control

4.1.4.3.1 TabPostEvent function

Description

TabPostEvent function of tab control is unsupported.

Workaround

Use TabTriggerEvent instead.

4.2 System Functions

4.2.1 DDE Server functions

Description

The DDE Server functions are unsupported.

Workaround

Use a DLL to work around this issue.

- 1. Encapsulate the DDE in a DLL.
- 2. Create a DLL proxy to call the DDE in the DLL.

4.2.2 FileLength64 function

Description

The FileLength64 function is unsupported.

Workaround

Replace the FileLength64 function with FileLength function.

4.2.3 FileReadEx function

The FileReadEx function is supported since Appen 6.5.

Description

The FileReadEx function is unsupported in Appeon 5.x, 6.0, 6.1 and 6.2.

Workaround

Replace the FileReadEx function with FileRead function.

4.2.4 FileSeek64 function

Description

The FileSeek64 function is unsupported.

Workaround

Replace the FileSeek64 function with FileSeek function.

4.2.5 FileWriteEx function

The FileWriteEx function is supported since Appeon 6.5.

Description

The FileWriteEx function is unsupported in Append 5.x, 6.0, 6.1 and 6.2.

Workaround

Replace the FileWriteEx function with FileWrite function.

4.2.6 FromAnsi function

Description

The FromAnsi function is unsupported.

Workaround

Replace the FromAnsi function with String function.

Example

The original code:

FromAnsi (blob)

The modified code in PowerBuilder 9:

String(blob)

The modified code in PowerBuilder 10:

String(blob, EncodingANSI!)

4.2.7 FromUnicode function

Description

The FromUnicode function is unsupported.

Workaround

Replace the FromUnicode function with String function.

Example

The original code:

FromUnicode(blob)

The modified code:

String(blob)

4.2.8 Garbage Collection functions

Description

The Garbage Collection functions (GarbageCollect, GarbageCollectGetTimeLimit & GarbageCollectSetTimeLimit) are unsupported.

Workaround

Appeon has its own mechanism to delete unused objects and classes. This function can be simply commented out, causing no loss to the deployed application.

4.2.9 GetLibraryList function

Description

The GetLibraryList function is unsupported.

Workaround

Create a new table holding all the library information in the database. Use this table to check the information in the library instead of using the GetLibraryList function.

4.2.10 Help functions

Description

Using the Help functions such as ShowHelp or ShowPopupHelp to display a HLP file or a CHM (HTML Help) file is unsupported.

Workaround

To enable you to display a HLP file or a CHM file, replace the Help functions by applying a StaticHyperLink, PictureHyperLink or HyperLinkToURL:

Step 1: Upload the Help file to your Web Server.

Step 2: Create a StaticHyperLink or PictureHyperLink control in the application and set the link of the control to the URL of the Help file. You can also apply the HyperLinkToURL function in the application for accessing the URL of the Help file.

Example

This example uses Appeon Help as the HLP file. First upload the HLP file to the Web Server (in this example Appeon Help is located in http://www.appeon.com/support).

Workaround #1: Open the HLP or CHM file with a StaticHyperLink control.

Create a StaticHyperLink control in the application. Add the Appeon Help URL (http://www.appeon.com/support) to the URL property of StaticHyperLink control.

Workaround #2: Apply the HyperLinkToURL function to access the URL of the Help file.

Add the following code to the relevant location in the application:

```
Inet internet
Internet = create Inet
internet.HyperLinktoURL("http://www.appeon.com/support/manuals")
```

4.2.11 HyperLinkToURL function

Description

While the HyperLinkToURL function is supported, it cannot link to the URL of an Appeon application. This is because an Internet Explorer process only supports one Appeon application at a time. Executing the HyperLinkToURL function from one Appeon application to open another will cause Internet Explorer to shut down.

Workaround

Method 1: Using the Run function to open the second application

Step 1: Replace the call to the HyperLinkToURL function with a call to the Run system function. Comment out the script in the HyperLinkToURL button and add the following script:

```
run("IEXPLORE.EXE http://192.0.2.189:8080/b237293/",Maximized!);
```

In the code example, "http://192.0.2.189:8080/b237293" can be replaced with the URL of an Appeon application.

Step 2: At the Web server, copy the IEXPRLORE.EXE to *C:\WINNT\system* or *C:\WINNT\system32*. Alternatively, add the directory *C:\Program Files\Internet Explorer* in the PATH variable.

Method 2: Using the PictureHyperLink URL property to open the second application

Step 1: Add a PictureHyperLink control to the first application, from which the second application will be opened.

Step 2: Specify the URL of the second application as the URL of the PictureHyperLink control.

4.2.12 Library Directory function

Description

The LibraryDirectory PowerScript function is unsupported.

Workaround

The LibraryDirectory function is used to get a list of all objects or just objects of a specified type in a PowerBuilder library.

Case #1

If the Library Directory function is used in other unsupported Library functions, there is no workaround available. Comment out the script related to the Library functions and the relevant functionality will be lost.

Case #2

If the Library Directory function is used to get the list of all objects in the PowerBuilder Library and check whether a particular object exists, the workaround steps are:

Step 1: Create a table in the database to store the object names of the PowerBuilder library that is passed to the Library Directory function.

Step 2: Use a SQL statement to check whether a particular object exists in the table.

4.2.13 PopulateError function

Description

The PopulateError function is unsupported.

Workaround

Appean has its own error-handling mechanism. This function can be directly commented out, causing no loss to the deployed application.

4.2.14 Registry function

Description

System registry functions can read and write registry entries, keys, and values on a Windows PC. But unlike Windows system, iOS system has no such registry, so these functions cannot be directly executed in iOS system.

Workaround

Appean offers an option of "Appean emulation registry" in AEM to allow the mobile application to read and write the mock registry file stored in the Appean Server database. For detailed information, please refer to **Appean Server Configuration Guide for .NET | AEM User Guide | Application | PB Features | Registry Mode**.

Note: Mobile applications can only read Appeon emulation registry.

4.2.15 Shared Object functions

Description

Shared Object functions like SharedObjectGet, SharedObjectRegister are unsupported by Appeon, so they cannot be applied to show the process of an event with a progress bar, or control the progress of two different processes.

Workaround

The following is the workaround for showing the process of an event to the users:

Before the execution of the event, prompt a message box at the client to inform the user that the event (such as the retrieve of a large amount of data) is taking place and the event may take relatively long.

4.2.16 SignalError function

Description

The SignalError function is unsupported.

Workaround

Appean has its own error-handling mechanism. This function can be directly commented out, causing no functionality loss to the deployed application.

4.3 PowerScript Reference

4.3.1 PowerScript Topics

4.3.1.1 Calling functions and events

4.3.1.1.1 Overriding system function

Description

Overriding system functions is unsupported.

Workaround

Create a user-defined function and rewrite the user code in the system function into the user-defined function.

Example

In the original application, the SetTransObject function of the u_dw object contains the following user code:

```
trans_current = atrans_current return super::settransobject(itrans_current)
```

In the converted Web application, remove the preceding user code from the SetTransObject function, then create a user-defined function *uf_settransobject* and rewrite the following code:

```
itrans_current = atrans_current settransobject(itrans_current)
```

When the SetTransObject function of the u_dw object is called in the Web application, the user code is executed in the newly created $uf_settransobject$ function.

4.3.1.1.2 Passing arguments to functions and events

Duplicate arguments for a function

Description

Repetitively referring objects as arguments for a function is unsupported. Use the following workaround and example to change it into a supported format.

Workaround

Assign the repetitively referenced object to multiple different variables and pass these variables to a function.

Example

The original script:

```
w_1.wf_1(dw_1,dw_1)
```

Re-write it using the following format:

```
u_dw ldw_1, ldw_2
ldw_1 = dw_1
ldw_2 = dw_1
w_1.wf_1(ldw_1,ldw_2)
```

Passing Menu object as a reference parameter

Description

Passing Menu object as a reference parameter is unsupported.

Workaround

Pass the Menu object by value or as read-only instead of by reference. The reason is, when passing by value or as read-only, if you change the properties of the object by value or as read-only, you are changing the original object, which is the same as passing by reference.

Reference parameter

Description

The return values of functions and properties of objects cannot be directly used as reference parameters for functions.

Workaround

Follow the steps below to work around this issue:

- Step 1: Create a variable and assign the return value of a function or the property of an object to the variable.
- Step 2: Call the variable where the return value or the property is called in the original code.
- Step 3: Assign the return value of calling the variable to the original property or object.

Code example

```
// The original code
poptags(theobject.item[theitem])
// After modification
menu lm_menu
lm_menu = theobject.item[theitem]
poptags(lm_menu)
```

4.3.1.2 Declarations

4.3.1.2.1 Shared variables

Description

Shared variables are unsupported. For example, In the *pfcmain.pbl* of a PFC application, the *pfc_u_dw* uses a shared variable *snv_property* with its type being *n_cst_dwsrv_property*. The *snv_property* is unsupported.

Workaround

Follow the steps below to work around this issue.

Step 1: Change the variable $snv_property$ as an instance variable of $n_cst_appmanager$ (usually declared as gnv).

Step 2: Open the *pfc_u_dw*, and replace all the "snv_property" with the "gnv_app.snv_property".

Note

Since the parent code is changed, when deploying a new PFC, the same modification needs to be done again.

Other shared variables can also be worked around in this way.

4.3.1.3 Language basics

4.3.1.3.1 Null values

Description

The Null value calculation in Appeon is quite different from that in PowerBuilder. This is caused by the different calculation methods used in PowerScript and JavaScript.

Workaround

When using expressions with Null value calculations, you should add conditional statements to ensure that you get the correct result.

Example #1

A and/or B is/are likely to carry a Null value in the following assignment:

```
C = A + B
```

Re-write it using the following format:

```
IF IsNull(A) or IsNull(B) THEN
  SetNull(C)
ELSE
  C = A + B
END IF
```

Example #2

Another example for relational operations:

```
IF A = B then
  MessageBox ("Return Value", "True")
ELSE
  MessageBox ("Return Value", "False")
END IF
```

Re-write it using the following format:

```
IF IsNull(A) or IsNull(B) then
  MessageBox ("Return Value", "False")
ELSEIF A = B then
  MessageBox ("Return Value", "True")
ELSE
  MessageBox ("Return Value", "False")
END IF
```

Note

The following table shows the different return values that PowerBuilder and Appeon will produce when an expression contains at least one null value. In these examples, the values of variables A and B are both null:

Expressions	Return Value in PowerBuilder	Return Value in Appeon
A+1	Null	1
A+B	Null	Null
A*B	Null	0
A=1 (relational)	Null	False
A<>1	Null	True
NOT (A=1)	Null	True
A=A (relational)	Null	True
A=B	Null	True
IsNull(A=1)	True	False

4.3.2 PowerScript Statements

4.3.2.1 GOTO statement

Description

PowerScript GOTO statements and Label are unsupported. Using GOTO is not recommended in structured programming.

Workaround

Analyze the code that uses GOTO and re-write the code in a structured way by applying IF ... THEN ... statements.

If the statement that the GOTO label is associated with has a return value, place the statement in a user function, and in place of the GOTO statement, call the user function.

If the statement that the GOTO label is associated with has no return value, place the statement directly in place of the GOTO statement.

Example

The original script:

```
IF sle_1.text = "" THEN GOTO hide_sle_1
sle_1.text = ""
hide_sle_1:
sle_1.visible = false
MessageBox ("","SingleLineEdit sle_1 is cleared and hidden.")
```

Re-write it using IF ... THEN... statement:

```
IF sle_1.text = "" THEN
sle_1.visible = false
MessageBox ("","SingleLineEdit sle_1 is cleared and hidden.")
ELSE
sle_1.text = ""
sle_1.visible = false
MessageBox ("","SingleLineEdit sle_1 is cleared and hidden.")
END IF
```

Re-write it using CHOOSE CASE statement:

```
CHOOSE CASE sle_1.text

CASE ""

sle_1.visible = false

MessageBox ("", "SingleLineEdit sle_1 is cleared and hidden.")

CASE ELSE

sle_1.text = ""

sle_1.visible = false

MessageBox ("", "SingleLineEdit sle_1 is cleared and hidden.")

END CHOOSE
```

4.3.3 SQL Statements

4.3.3.1 Stored procedure with Null output

Description

It is currently unsupported to use NULL value in an OUTPUT parameter when declaring a stored procedure.

Workaround

Set a variable and set it to NULL. Then use the variable in the OUTPUT parameter to provide the same functionality.

Example

Original code:

```
// Declare the procedures
Declare SPgetseniva procedure for SPgetseniva &
@codpes = :1_usp_codpes, &
@nomsis = :s_usp_systemname, &
@staobt = :s_usp_systemstatus,&
@numseniva = null output ;
```

Modified code:

```
integer li_return
SetNull(li_return)
// Declare the procedures
Declare SPgetseniva procedure for SPgetseniva &
@codpes = :l_usp_codpes, &
@nomsis = :s_usp_systemname, &
@staobt = :s_usp_systemstatus,&
@numseniva = :li_return output ;
```

4.3.4 PowerScript Events

4.3.4.1 Help event

Description

The Help event is unsupported.

Workaround

Copy the script of the Help event to the Key event. In the Key event, use the KeyDown function to check whether the user has pressed the F1 key and if the KeyDown function returns true, execute the script that is originally in the Help event.

4.3.4.2 Other event

Description

The Other event is unsupported.

Workaround

Move the script in the Other event to the supported events.

4.4 DataWindow Reference

4.4.1 DataWindow operators

4.4.1.1 DataWindow operator precedence

Description

The AND and OR operators in a DataWindow expression have the same precedence in PowerBuilder, but in Appean, the AND operator has higher precedence.

Workaround

When there are both AND and OR operators in a DataWindow expression, you should use parentheses to get the correct precedence effect.

Example

The following code examples are for a DataWindow expression that sets the column text color. The OR operator will be evaluated first in PowerBuilder, but in Appeon, the following script will evaluate the AND operator first.

Original code:

```
 If(Left(GetText(), 1) = 'V' \ OR \ Left(GetText(), 1) = 'A' \ AND \ Mod(GetRow(), 2) = 1, \\ 236, \ 243433) \ // \ incorrect
```

To have the OR operator evaluated first, add a pair of parentheses to the OR expression:

```
 If((Left(GetText(), 1) = 'V' \ OR \ Left(GetText(), 1) = 'A') \ AND \ Mod(GetRow(), 2) = 1, \\ 236, \ 243433) \ // \ correct
```

4.4.2 DataWindow Object Properties

4.4.2.1 Retrieve. As Needed

Description

The Retrieve. As Needed property of DataWindow object is unsupported.

Workaround

Write script to have the data displayed in batches instead of at one time. The detailed steps are:

Step 1: Create a user object. The user object contains four Picture buttons. The Picture buttons represents First page, Previous page, Next page and Last page respectively.

Step 2: Place the user object in the window that contains the DataWindow in which the large quantity of data will be displayed.

Step 3: Define window functions and modify the original scripts to have them work along with the user object to provide the functionality of displaying data in batches.

4.4.3 DataWindow control

4.4.3.1 Functions

4.4.3.1.1 CanUndo function

Description

CanUndo function is unsupported.

Workaround

Replace the CanUndo function with ModifiedCount function.

Example

The original code:

```
if dw_1.CanUndo() Then
dw_1.Undo()
end if
```

The modified code:

```
if dw_1.ModifiedCount() > 0 Then
dw_1.Undo()
End if
```

4.4.3.1.2 DBCancel function

Description

DBCancel function is unsupported.

Workaround

Appeon has its own mechanism to retrieval data. This function can be simply commented out.

Functionality difference

All the retrieved data will be returned at the same time.

4.4.3.1.3 GenerateResultSet function

Description

The ResultSet system object and GenerateResultSet method are unsupported.

Workaround

To work around the GenerateResultSet method, we have the following two methods:

Method #1: Use GetFullState to retrieve data from a DataWindow and then use SetFullState to apply the blob returned from GetFullState to another DataWindow.

Method #2: Use the datawindow.data property to retrieve data from a DataWindow into a string and insert data into the DataWindow from the string by ImportString.

4.4.3.1.4 GetTrans function

Description

The DataWindow GetTrans function is unsupported.

Workaround

Comment out the unsupported script. Instead use the SetTransObject connection method, to assign a programmer-specified transaction object or a global transaction object called SQLCA to a DataWindow control or DataStore.

To use SetTransObject, write code that performs the following tasks:

- 1. Set up the transaction object by assigning values to its fields (usually in the application's Open event).
- 2. Connect to the database using the SQL CONNECT statement and the transaction object (in the Open event for the application or window).
- 3. Call SetTransObject to associate the transaction object with the DataWindow control or DataStore (usually in the window's Open event).
- 4. Check the return value from the Update method and follow it with an SQL COMMIT or ROLLBACK statement, as appropriate.

4.4.3.1.5 ReselectRow function

Description

The DataWindow ReselectRow method is unsupported.

Workaround #1

If the DataWindow's source table has a primary key, to work around this issue, follow the steps below:

- Step 1: Use GetItem() to get the value of the primary column in the current row.
- Step 2: Use SQL statement to retrieve data for the current row according to the value of the primary key.
- Step 3: Use SetItem() to assign values to each column in the current row.
- Step 4: Change the status of the current row to "NotModified!"

Workaround #2

Replace the ReselectRow function with the Retrieve function.

4.4.3.1.6 ResetTransObject function

Description

The ResetTransObject function of a DataWindow control or a DataStore is unsupported.

Workaround

Replace the ResetTransObject function with SetTransObject function.

Example

The original script:

dw_1.ResetTransObject()

The modified script:

dw_1.SetTransObject(transaction)

4.4.3.1.7 SaveAsAscii function

Description

SaveAsAscii function for DataWindow is unsupported.

Workaround

Use a server NVO to work around the SaveAsAscii function.

Step 1: Encapsulate the SaveAsAscii function into a NVO and deploy the NVO to EAServer.

Step 2: Call to the NVO SaveAsAscii function, and store the generated ASCII text file to the Web Server web root.

Step 3: Send the URL of the generated files to client side using the HyperLinkToURL function of Inet object.

Note

The DataWindow that calls the SaveAsASCII must be deployed to EAServer as well.

All the DataWindow SaveAs types that are unsupported can be worked around in this way.

4.4.3.1.8 Scroll function

Description

The Scroll function of DataWindow control is unsupported.

Workaround

Replace the Scroll function with ScrollToRow, ScrollPriorPage or ScrollNextRow function.

Functionality difference

The event sequence of the corresponding function will be triggered.

Example

The original script:

```
dw 1.Scroll(3)
```

The modified script. Please note that the event sequence of the ScrollToRow function will be triggered.

```
dw_1.ScrollToRow(dw_1.GetRow() + 3)
```

4.4.3.1.9 SetTrans function

Description

Using SetTrans to establish a connection to the transaction object is unsupported.

Workaround

Use the SetTransObject method.

Example

The original script:

```
i = ids_main.SetTrans(itr_sql)
```

Re-write it using the following format:

```
ids_main.setTransObject(itr_sql)
```

4.4.3.2 Events

4.4.3.2.1 ScrollVertical event

Description

ScrollVertical event is unsupported.

Workaround

You can choose either of the following two ways to work around the ScrollVertical event.

To work around the ScrollVertical event for a single DataWindow

- Step 1: Define a user-defined event such as ue_scrollvertical to replace ScrollVertical.
- Step 2: Place the same code that you plan to put in ScrollVertical in the user-defined event.
- Step 3: In the Timer event of the window that hosts the DataWindow, trigger the user-defined event periodically with the following code:

```
long ll_new_firstrow
ll_new_firstrow = long(dw_2.Object.DataWindow.firstRowOnPage) // Assuming the
DataWindow is dw_2
if ll_new_firstrow <> il_old_first_row then
dw_2.trigger event ue_scrollvertical()
il_old_first_row = ll_new_firstrow
end if
```

Step 4: Call the Timer event in the Open event of the window with the following code:

```
timer(0.005)
```

To work around the ScrollVertical event for ancestor DataWindow

You can code the workaround once in the ancestor DataWindow and then apply it for as many DataWindow as you want.

Supposing the ancestor window is w_sheet and the ancestor DataWindow is u_dw:

Step 1: Start the Timer event in the Open event of w_sheet.

```
string ls_timer_interval
ls_timer_interval = &
ProfileString( gnv_app.of_getappinifile( ), "timer", "interval", "0.005" );
timer(Dec(ls_timer_interval));
```

Step 2: In the pfc_postopen event of w_sheet, add the following code for getting all the DataWindows.

```
of_sb_get_dwobjects( this.control );
```

Step 3 - Add a new function called of_sb_get_dwobjects (windowobject awo_control[]) in w sheet.

```
int.
           i;
          lt_tab;
userobject luo_temp;
u_dw lu_dw
for i = 1 to upperbound( awo_control )
if( TypeOf( awo_control[i] ) = Tab! ) then
 lt_tab = awo_control[i];
 of_sb_get_dwobjects( lt_tab.control ); // Recursive call
 elseif( TypeOf( awo_control[i] ) = UserObject! ) then
 luo temp = awo control[i];
 of_sb_get_dwobjects( luo_temp.control ); // Recursive call
elseif( TypeOf( awo_control[i] ) = DataWindow! ) then
  // iu_dw is an instance variable that is an array of u_dw datawindow controls
 iu_dw[ upperbound(iu_dw) + 1 ] = awo_control[i];
end if
next
```

Step 4: In the Timer event for w_sheet, add the following code to check row changes happened to all the DataWindows:

```
int i

for i = 1 to upperbound(iu_dw)
  iu_dw[i].of_sb_verticalscroll()
next
```

Step 5: Add an instance variable for u_dw.

```
long il_old_first_row = -1;
```

Step 6: Add a new function of_sb_verticalscroll() for u_dw.

```
long ll_new_firstrow, ll_counter // Check if only one row per page is being
displayed in dw
ll_new_firstrow = long( this.object.DataWindow.FirstRowOnPage);
if (ll_new_firstrow <> il_old_first_row) then
il_old_first_row = ll_new_firstrow
this.trigger event ue_scrollvertical()
end if;
```

Step 7: Define a user-defined event for u_dw such as ue_scrollvertical to replace ScrollVertical.

Step 8: Place the same code that you plan to put in ScrollVertical in the user-defined event.

4.4.3.2.2 RetrieveRow event

Description

The RetrieveRow event is unsupported.

Workaround

Move the relevant logic to the RetrieveEnd event.

Example

The original script in the RetrieveRow event:

```
if row < 1 then return
// for every single time, check whether the row should be deleted or not.
if f_find(istr_dwnum.dw,istr_dwnum.id
+"='"+this.getitemstring(row,istr_dwnum.id)+"'")>0 then
    this.deleterow(row)
end if
```

The modified RetrieveEnd event (preceding logic is moved to the RetrieveEnd event):

```
long li_row
// loop all rows retrieved from the database and find out which row should be
deleted.
for li_row = 1 to rowcount
  if f_find(istr_dwnum.dw,istr_dwnum.id+"='"+this.getitemstring(li_row,istr_dwnum.id
    +"'")>0 then
    this.deleterow(li_row)
    li_row --
end if
next
```

4.4.3.3 Properties

4.4.3.3.1 LiveScroll property

Description

The LiveScroll property for DataWindow control is unsupported.

Workaround

When the LiveScroll property is enabled, it does not take effect on the Web. A row can only be selected by mouse clicking.

4.4.4 Controls in a DataWindow

4.4.4.1 Large Binary/Text database OLE object

Description

The Large Binary/Text database OLE object for DataWindow is unsupported.

Workaround

This workaround only applies to the BitMap OLE object.

If a column with any large Binary/Text Database OLE object is used for displaying graphs, do the following steps to work around this issue:

Step 1: Replace the column with a Graph control.

Step 2: Retrieve the content of the column in the table related with the DataWindow using a SELECTBLOB SQL statement.

Step 3: Call the SetPicture function of this Graph control.

Page 173

4.4.4.2 Column control

4.4.4.2.1 Char data type column

Description

When you set the data type of a column as *char* with a specified length, the value of the column data type retrieved by Appeon is different from that in PowerBuilder. The value you get in Appeon is *char*, but the value you get in PowerBuilder is char(n).

Workaround

Add one more condition while using the returned value.

Example

The original script:

```
string ls_datatype
ls_datatype = dw_1.object.group_id.coltype
if(ls_datatype = "char(50)") then
    ...
else
    ...
end if
```

Add one more conditional statement, as shown in the following modified script.

The modified script:

```
string ls_datatype
ls_datatype = dw_1.object.group_id.coltype
if(ls_datatype = "char(50)" or ls_datatype = "char") then
   ...
else
   ...
end if
```

4.4.4.2.2 Evaluating DataWindow expressions in scripts

Description

When using global functions in DataWindow expressions to dynamically change the attributes of DataWindow objects at run time, this method doesn't work fine with an Appen application, for the DataWindow expressions are only evaluated once.

Workaround

Modify a computed expression on the DataWindow in order to force the expression to reevaluate.

Note: Generally speaking, DataWindow expressions will slow-down the initial display or subsequent refresh of DataWindows. As such, Appean recommend you reduce the usage of DataWindow expressions if possible, especially in the following situations:

- Avoid using DataWindow expressions for computing and setting column properties.
- Avoid setting sort and filter criteria directly for a DataWindow object. Instead, write the sort and filter criteria in the SQL statement of the DataWindow object. As noted previously, it is faster to use SQL statements than DataWindow functionality.

Example

An expression like this will not re-evaluate itself: Expression: f_color()

After making a change that would cause f_color() to return a different value (i.e. selecting a different preferred color from a drop-down), the application has to slightly change the size of the DataWindow in order to force the expression to re-evaluate.

The modified script:

4.4.5 Functions of DataStore object

Description

CategoryCount, Clipboard, CopyRTF, DataCount for DataStore, FindCategory, FindSeries, GetBorderStyle, GetData, GetDataPieExplode, GetDataStyle, GetDataValue, GetSeriesStyle, PrintCancel, ResetDataColors, SeriesCount, SeriesName, SetDataPieExplode, SetDataStyle, SetDetailHeight, SetSeriesStyle.

Workaround

Replace the DataStore with a DataWindow control and call the corresponding functions of the DataWindow control.

4.5 DBParm parameters in Database

4.5.1 ConnectString parameter

Description

The ConnecString parameter is unsupported.

Workaround

Connect to the database via JDBC, and specify the Data Source name in AEM or dynamically set up the database connection. For more details, please refer to the Chapter 4, *Database Connection Setup* in *Appeon Server Configuration Guide for .NET* or Appeon Server Configuration Guide for J2EE.

4.6 Workaround Techniques (for EAServer only)

4.6.1 Appeon GetFullState/SetFullState/GetChanges/SetChanges (Windows only)

Description

PowerBuilder provides four functions for synchronizing DataWindows and DataStores in a distributed application:

- GetFullState
- SetFullState
- GetChanges
- SetChanges

These four functions use a BLOB (Binary Large Object) parameter to store the state information of a DataWindow or DataStore, but Web applications that use JavaScript, such as Appeon, do not support the BLOB data type.

Workaround

To work around the unsupported features (the BLOB parameter) in GetFullState, SetFullState, GetChanges and SetChanges, Appeon has provided two standard user objects: the appeondatawindow that inherits from the PowerBuilder system DataWindow control, and the appeondatastore that inherits from the PowerBuilder system DataStore object.

These two objects have user-defined functions (GetFullState, SetFullState, GetChanges and SetChanges) that override the original DataWindow/DataStore GetFullState, SetFullState, GetChanges and SetChanges, with a parameter of the String data type.

When coding distributed DataWindow/DataStores for Appeon Web migration, always use the descendants of appeondatawindow and appeondatastore, and the overriding GetFullState, SetFullState, GetChanges and SetChanges functions that take the String data type as the parameter.

Here are detailed steps on how to perform this workaround.

Example

The following workaround for the GetFullState, SetFullState, GetChanges and SetChanges functions used in the application assumes that the distributed application to be migrated is application_distribute.

Step 1: Build a new application called application_datastore in PowerBuilder to include server DataStores in *application_distribute*.

Step 2: Add the *appeon_workarounds.pbl* file to the Library Search Path of *application_datastore*.

Step 3: Copy the EonAXNVO.dll from the *%AppeonDeveloper%\appeon_workaroundsxxxe* directory (**xxx** indicates the corresponding PowerBuilder version) to the same directory as *application distribute*.

Step 4: Search in *application_distribute* for the DataWindow controls that use GetFullState, SetFullState, GetChanges or SetChanges. Change the declarations of these DataWindows to make them inherit from the appendatawindow user object.

In the following example, the unsupported SetFullState function is called in the Constructor event of the dw_1 DataWindow in the w_main Window:

```
long 11_rc
blob lbob_1
nvo_update lnvo_1
ll_rc = myconnect.CreateInstance(lnvo_1, "p_nvo_update1/nvo_update")
IF 11_rc <> 0 THEN
    MessageBox("Create instance failed", ll_rc)
END IF
lbob_1 = lnvo_1.of_getdata1("d_order_master_four")
IF not IsNull(lbob_1) THEN
    dw_1.SetFullState(lbob_1)
ELSE
    MessageBox("", "Getting data failed.")
END IF
```

To re-write the previous unsupported code:

Change the declaration of dw_1 DataWindow by editing the source code of the *w_main* Window.

Right-click on *w_main* in the System Tree and choose Edit Source from the context menu. The Source Editor window opens and displays the source code of the *w_main* Window.

Figure 4.1:

```
w_main (C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop\
forward
global type w_main from window
end type
type dw_1 from datawindow within w_main
end type
end forward

global type w_main from window
integer width = 2533
integer height = 1468
boolean titlebar = true
```

Replace the script "type $dw_{-}1$ from datawindow within $w_{-}main$ " with "type $dw_{-}1$ from appeondatawindow within $w_{-}main$ ".

Save the source code and close the Source Editor window for the w_main Window object.

Figure 4.2:

```
w_main * (C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop\
forward
global type w_main from window
end type
type dw_1 from appeondatawindow within w_main
end type
end forward

global type w_main from window
integer width = 2533
integer height = 1408
boolean titlebar = true
```

Step 5: Search in appeon_datastore for the DataStore objects that use GetFullState, SetFullState, GetChanges or SetChanges. Change the declarations of these DataStores to make them inherit from the appeondatastore user object.

The following is the script for the *of_getdata1* function of the *nvo_update* user object that is called in Step 3. The function creates a DataStore, retrieves data, and uses the unsupported GetFullState function to get and return the state of the DataStore:

Modify the function return value to be the String data type, and re-declare the *lds_1* DataStore as appendatastore. The changed code is shown as follows:

After applying this workaround, migrate the entire application to the Web using Appeon. For detailed steps, refer to the Section 5.3, "Migrating distributed applications with distributed DataWindows" in *Migration Guidelines for Appeon Web*.

4.6.2 Packaging unsupported features in n-Tier NVOs or DLLs

4.6.2.1 Packaging unsupported objects into n-Tier NVOs

Description

The objects shown in the following table are unsupported, but can be supported if they are packaged into n-Tier NVOs.

ADOResultSet	ArrayBounds	ClassDefinition
ClassDefinitionObject	ConnectionInfo	ConnectObject
CORBABadTypeContext	CORBABadInvorder	CORBABadOperation
CORBABadParam	CORBABadTypeCode	CORBACommFailure
CORBACurrent	CORBADataConversion	CORBAFreeMem

CORBAImpLimit	CORBAInitialize	CORBAInternal
CORBAIntFrePos	CORBAInvalidTransaction	CORBAInvFlag
CORBAInvIdentInvOBJRef	CORBAMarshal	CORBANoImplement
CORBANoMemory	CORBANoPermission	CORBANoResources
CORBANoResponse	CORBAOBJAdapter	CORBAObjectNoTexist
CORBAPersistStore	CORBASystemException	CORBATransactionRequired
CORBATransactionRolledbackCORBATranslent		CORBAUnion
CORBAUnknown CORBAUserException		CPlusPlus
DivideByZeroError	ErrorLogging	Exception
JaguarORB	mailFileDescription	mailMessage
mailRecipient	mailSession	OLECustomControl
OLERuntimeError	OLEStorage	OLEStream
OLETxnObject	OMObject	OMStorage
OMStream	ORB	PBTocppObject
Pipeline	ProfileCall	ProfileClass
ProfileLine	ProfileRoutine	Profiling
RemoteObject	ResultSet	ResultSets
RuntimeError	ScriptDefinition	Service
SimpleTypeDefinition	SSLCallBack	SSLServiceProvider
SystemFunctions	Throwable	Timing
TraceActivityNode	TraceBeginEnd	TraceError
TraceESQL	TraceFile	TraceGarbageCollect
TraceLine	TraceObject	TraceRoutine
TraceTree	TraceTreeError	TraceTreeESQL
TraceTreeGarbageCollect	TraceTreeLine	TraceTreeNode
TraceTreeObject	TraceTreeRoutine	TraceTreeUser
TraceUser	TransactionServer	Transport
TypeDefinition	VariableCardinalityDefinition	VariableDefinition

Workaround

Encapsulate the relevant script into non-visual objects (NVOs) and deploy the NVOs to EAServer.

Note

You can also add almost any type of business logic into N-Tier NVOs. Many of the other unsupported features that are discussed in this Workarounds Guide can be supported in N-Tier NVOs, such as DataWindow.RetrieveRow function in a DataStore, etc.

Example

The following steps show how to work around the ArrayBounds object.

```
Step 1: Create NVO n_cst_rs.
```

Step 2: Declare variable instance in $nvo(n \ cst \ rs)$.

```
resultset irs_resultset
ADOresultset irs_ADOresultset
```

Step 3: Define the function *Of_SetResultSet(ref oleobject aole)*.

```
// create ds_source
// generate a result set from an existing DataStore
ds_source.GenerateResultSet(irs_resultset)

// create a new ADOResultSet object and populate it
// from the generated result set
lrs_ADOresultset = CREATE ADOResultSet
lrs_ADOresultset.SetResultSet(irs_resultset)
// pass the data in the ADOResultSet object
// to an OLEObject you can use as an ADO Recordset
irs_ADOresultset.GetRecordSet(aole)
```

Step 4: Declare variable instance on the Client side.

```
OLEObject ioo_ADOrecordset
N_Cst_RS IN_Cst_RS
```

Step 5: Write script in the Client side objects.

```
ioo_ADOrecordset = CREATE OLEObject
IN_Cst_RS = CREATE N_CST_RS
IN_Cst_RS. Of_SetResultSet(ioo_ADOrecordset)
// call native ADO Recordset methods on the OLEObject
ioo_ADOrecordset.MoveFirst()
```

Step 6: Deploy the NVO to EAServer.

4.6.2.2 Placing unsupported functions into n-Tier NVOs

Description

Not all PowerScript functions are supported. For detailed information on all unsupported PowerScript functions, refer to Chapter 7, *Functions* in *Supported PB Features for Appean Mobile* or in Supported PB Features for Appean Web.

Workaround

If an unsupported PowerScript function meets the requirements for functions that can be packaged, encapsulate the function into a PowerBuilder non-visual user object (NVO).

Functions can be packaged into NVOs, provided that they do not:

- use the PowerScript MessageBox function. (EAServer limitation)
- use application global variables. (EAServer limitation)
- use visual controls or objects. (EAServer limitation)
- use Any or visual control/object data types as parameters for NVO functions and/or events. (EAServer limitation)

GetEnvironment, Randomize, and File functions are examples of functions that can be packaged.

For more information on how to use NVOs, refer to Section 5.1, "Moving unsupported features to Appeon Server as n-Tier NVOs" in *Migration Guidelines for Appeon Web*, or perform the steps shown in the following example.

Example

The PowerScript GetEnvironment function is used to populate the Environment object that holds information about the computing platform that the PowerBuilder application is running on. The GetEnvironment() and Environment object are unsupported by Appeon. To work around these unsupported features, consider moving them into Appeon Server.

Be aware that the GetEnvironment function, when executed in EAServer, returns the system information of the server machine.

The following code, written in the Clicked event of the *cb_1* CommandButton in the PowerBuilder Client, gets the complete PowerBuilder version number.

```
Environment lenv_obj
Integer li_return
String ls_pbversion = "" // store PB version number
IF GetEnvironment (lenv_obj) = 1 THEN
    li_return = lenv_obj.PBMajorRevision
    ls_pbversion = ls_pbversion + String(li_return)
    li_return = lenv_obj.PBMinorRevision
    ls_pbversion = ls_pbversion + "." + String(li_return)
    li_return = lenv_obj.PBFixesRevision
    ls_pbversion = ls_pbversion + "." + String(li_return)

ELSE
    ls_pbversion = "-1"
END IF
MessageBox ("PB Version", ls_pbversion)
```

To enable the previous unsupported code to run in EAServer, perform the following steps:

Step 1: Create a PowerBuilder custom class user object in the PowerBuilder Client. Name the custom class user object *nvo_environment*.

Step 2: Add the user function *of_GetPBVersion* to *nvo_environment*. Set the function return value as a string, and add the following code to the function:

```
Environment lenv_obj
Integer li_return
String ls_pbversion = "" // store PB version number
IF GetEnvironment (lenv_obj) = 1 THEN
    li_return = lenv_obj.PBMajorRevision
    ls_pbversion = ls_pbversion + String(li_return)
    li_return = lenv_obj.PBMinorRevision
    ls_pbversion = ls_pbversion + "." + String(li_return)
    li_return = lenv_obj.PBFixesRevision
    ls_pbversion = ls_pbversion + "." + String(li_return)
ELSE
    ls_pbversion = "-1"
END IF
Return ls_pbversion
```

Step 3: Create an EAServer Component project in the PowerBuilder Client that contains information on deploying *nvo_environment* to EAServer, then deploy *nvo_environment* to EAServer within the PowerBuilder IDE.

Step 4: Create an EAServer Proxy project in the PowerBuilder Client that acts as the local representation of the deployed *nvo_environment* EAServer NVO component.

Step 5: When the PowerBuilder Client application starts, create a Connection object named *myconnect*, and connect to the EAServer that hosts the *nvo_environment* NVO component.

Step 6: In the Clicked event of the cb_1 CommandButton in the PowerBuilder Client, comment all the original code that gets the PowerBuilder version and add the following code to the event:

```
// Define local variables
long ll_rc
string ls_pbversion
nvo_environment lnvo_1
// Instantiate remote component
ll_rc = myconnect.CreateInstance(lnvo_1, "nvo_env/nvo_environment")
IF ll_rc <> 0 THEN
MessageBox("Create instance failed", ll_rc)
END IF
// Call component method
ls_pbversion = lnvo_1.of_GetPBVersion()
MessageBox ("PB Version", ls_pbversion)
```

Step 7: Disconnect from EAServer when the Client application ends.

5 FAQ & Workarounds

This chapter lists some frequently asked questions and workaround tips regarding the Appeon application architecture or product features.

5.1 How to remove the Internet Explorer menu

Description

When a Web application is opened in Internet Explorer, you may see both the Internet Explorer menu and the Web application menu. It is possible to design an HTML file or C++ program to remove the Internet Explorer menu.

Workaround

Method 1: In the application folder under the Web server Web root, create an HTML file named appearance appearance in the Web application. For example,

Note: In order for sFeatures settings to take effect, the sName argument in the Open method must be "_blank". This opens a new Internet Explorer window for index.html (the index page of the Web application) and hides the Internet Explorer menu.

Instead of loading Index.html as the entry page for Appeon Web applications, load the appeon.html file using a URL similar to this: http://host:port/appname/appeon.html. When the Open method in the appeon.html file is triggered, the Index.html page will be loaded in a new Internet Explorer window.

Method 2: Create a C++ program that utilizes COM API on the Client side.

The sample code in the C++ program is as follows:

```
// Start a new Internet Explorer as a separate process
IWebBrowser2* pIE = NULL;
HRESULT hr;
hr = CoCreateInstance(CLSID_InternetExplorer, NULL, CLSCTX_SERVER,
   IID_IWebBrowser2, (LPVOID*)&pIE); // if open IE OK
 if (SUCCEEDED(hr)) {
   pIE->put_Visible(TRUE);
   pIE->put_AddressBar(FALSE);
   pIE->put_MenuBar(FALSE);
   pIE->put_StatusBar(TRUE);
   pIE->put_ToolBar(FALSE);
   pIE->put_FullScreen(FALSE);
   COleVariant vtEmpty;
   CString strURL = "http://appeonserver:81"; // The URL to be opened by the
program.
   BSTR bstrURL = strURL.AllocSysString();
   pIE->Navigate(bstrURL, &vtEmpty, &vtEmpty, &vtEmpty);
   ::SysFreeString(bstrURL);}
```

If the user runs the C++ program on the Client machine, the Web application will be opened in an Internet Explorer browser and the display mode of the Internet Explorer browser is specified in the C++ program.

5.2 How to deploy NVO to EAServer 6.1

In this section we will demonstrate how to deploy NVO to EAServer 6.1 in PowerBuilder 11. The example NVO used in this section is a simple NVO.

Configuring to Generate Stub and Skeleton

In Windows, run the following command at a prompt window to make sure Stub and Skeleton will be generated during the NVO deployment:

%EAServer%\bin\configure corba-java-stubs-on

Figure 5.1:

```
D:\Program Files\Sybase\EAServer610\cd bin

D:\Program Files\Sybase\EAServer610\bin\configure corba-java-stubs-on
Buildfile: D:\Program Files\Sybase\EAServer610\bin\..\config\corba-java-stubs-on
Buildfile: D:\Program Files\Sybase\EAServer610\bin\..\config\corba-java-stubs-on
.xml

configure:

BUILD SUCCESSFUL
Total time: 3 seconds
ANT /b RC = 0

D:\Program Files\Sybase\EAServer610\bin\_
```

Adding EAServer profile in PowerBuilder

Use the PowerBuilder component wizard for deploying an NVO to EAServer. Before using the wizard, create an EAServer profile in PowerBuilder, which will connect to the EAServer that hosts Appean Server.

An EAServer profile stores information on connection settings used to connect to EAServer. The profile you create is used by wizards that require a connection to EAServer.

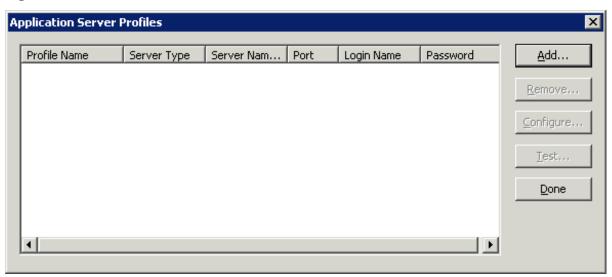
To add an EAServer profile to PowerBuilder:

Step 1: Start EAServer, if it is not already running. Make sure that EAServer is running during the following steps.

Step 2: Click the **Application Server Profile** button in PowerBar1 or choose **Tools** | **Application Server Profile** from the PowerBuilder menu.

Click **Add** on the Application Server Profile dialog box that is displayed.

Figure 5.2:



Step 3: The Edit Application Server Profile dialog box pops up. Type the information contained in the following table into each field. And then verify the EAServer profile by clicking the *Test* button. Note: EAServer must be running for the test to be successful.

In this field	You should
Profile Name	Type EAServer for tutorial
Server Type	Choose EAServer
Server Name	Type localhost
Port Number	Type 9989
Login Name	The default login name is <i>jagadmin</i> . If you have changed the default, enter the correct login name.
Password	There is no password by default. If you have changed the default, enter the correct password.

Figure 5.3:

Edit Application Server Profile	
Profile Name:	EAServer for tutorial
Server type:	EAServer 🔻
Server Name:	localhost
Port:	9989
Login Name:	jagadmin
Password:	•••••
OK Cancel <u>Test</u>	

Step 4: Make sure that connection testing is successful.

5.2.1 Deploying NVOs to EAServer

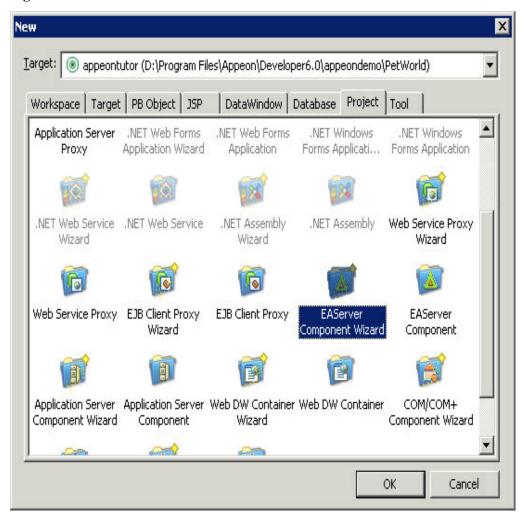
Use the EAServer Component Wizard to deploy EAServer components from PowerBuilder.

To deploy the NVO into EAServer:

Step 1: Start EAServer, if it is not already started.

Step 2: Choose **File** | **New** from the PowerBuilder menu. Then select the **EAServer Component Wizard** icon under the Project tab in the **New** dialog box, and click **OK**.

Figure 5.4:



Step 3: The EAServer Component Project Wizard starts. Click Next.

Figure 5.5:



Step 4: Leave the project name as p_appeontutor_eascomps and Click **Next**.

Figure 5.6:



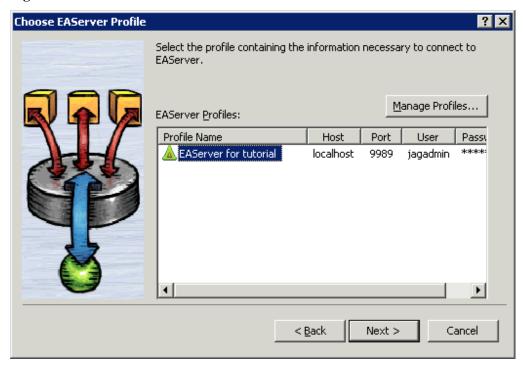
Step 5: Select the *nvo_tutor* NVO that is to be deployed to EAServer. Click **Next**.

Figure 5.7:



Step 6: Select the **EAServer for tutorial** profile. You created this profile in a previous step. If you have set up profiles outside of the tutorial for other EAServers, there will be more profiles in the list.

Figure 5.8:



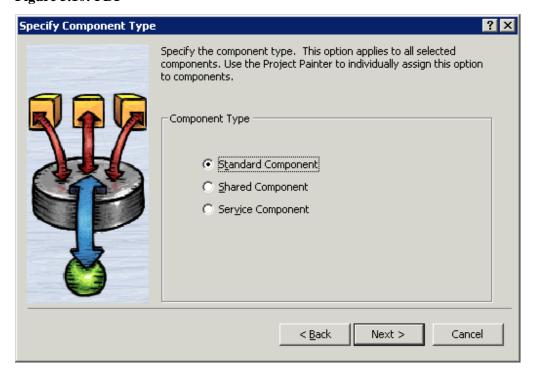
Step 7: Type n_tutor into the Package Name dropdown listbox. If necessary type the Java package name according to your own needs. Click **Next**.

Figure 5.9:



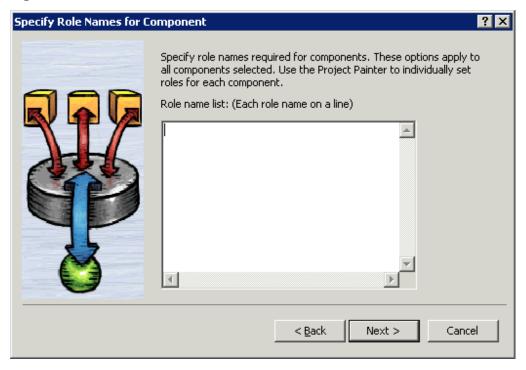
Step 8: Select **Standard Component** on the Specify Component Type dialog box. Click **Next**.

Figure 5.10: PDF



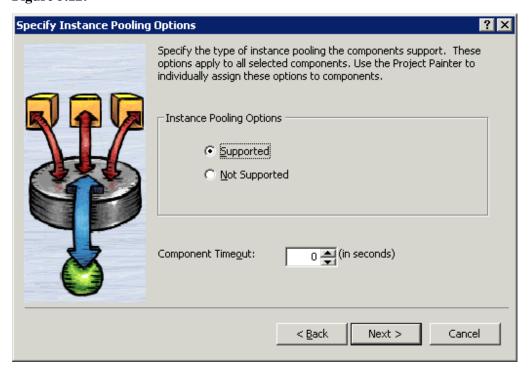
Step 9: Specify the role name if necessary. Click **Next**.

Figure 5.11:



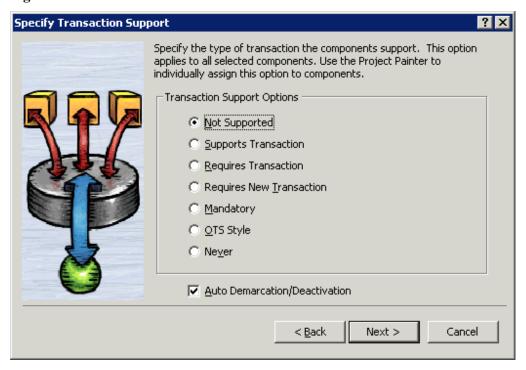
Step 10: Leave the **Supported** option checked for the **Instance Pooling Options** field. Click **Next**.

Figure 5.12:



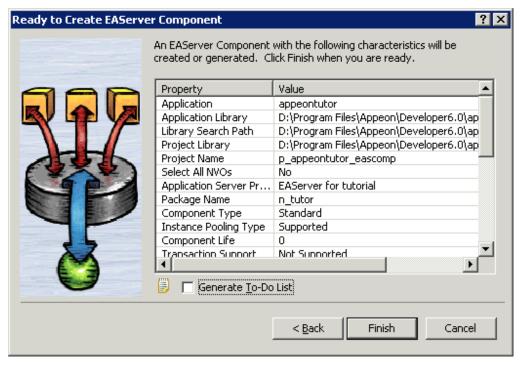
Step 11: In the **Transaction Support Options** field leave the default option as **Not Supported**. Click **Next**.

Figure 5.13:



Step 12: Leave all options at default. Click **Next** until the wizard now comes to its final stage. Click **Generate To-Do List** and **Finish**.

Figure 5.14:

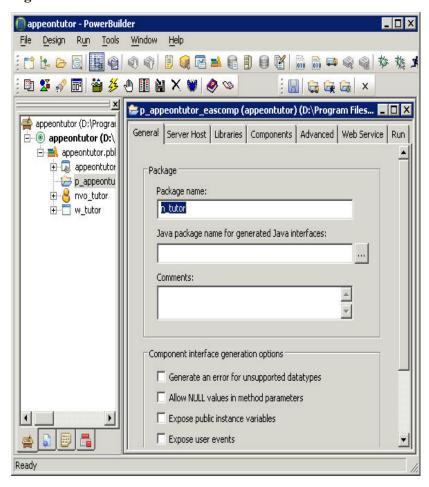


Step 13: The wizard now creates a component project. The Project Painter for the component opens automatically in PowerBuilder, and the project name (p_appeontutor_eascomps) appears in the left system tree list.

Click the **Deploy** button in PowerBuilder PainterBar1, or choose **Design** | **Deploy Project** from the PowerBuilder menu to start deployment of the component.

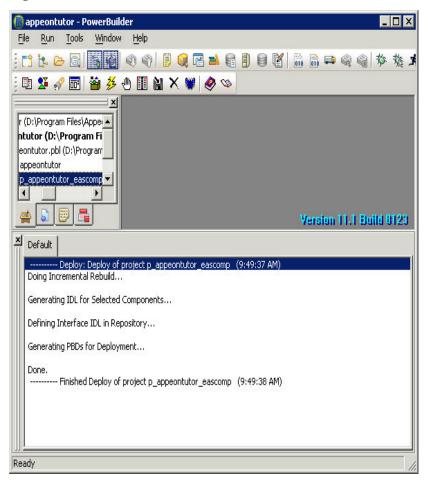
Note: Ensure that EAServer is running.

Figure 5.15:



Step 14: The deployment starts and relevant information is displayed in the Output window. When the process is complete, the Output window will display "Finished Deploy of p_appeontutor_eascomps".

Figure 5.16:



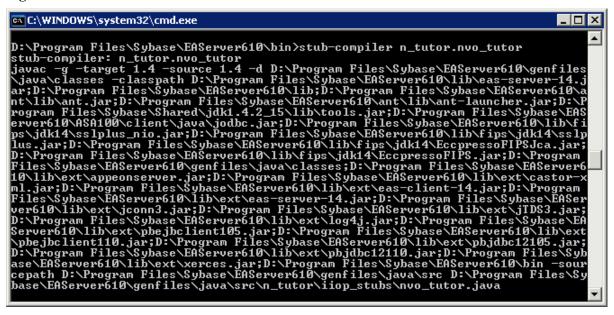
Step 15: Close the *p_appeontutor_eascomps* Project Painter.

Step 16: Check if the Stub is generated in the folder *\${EAServer}\genfiles\java\classes*. If the stub is not generated manually compile the Stub by executing the following command at a prompt window:

\${EAServer}\bin\stub-compiler package_name.component_name.

In the deployment mentioned in this section the package name is n_tutor, the component name is nvo_tutor.

Figure 5.17:



5.3 How to deploy NVOs to EAServer without PowerBuilder

Description

You can deploy NVOs to EAServer without PowerBuilder.

Workaround

Step 1: Copy the following files and sub-directories about the n-Tier NVO from %JAGUAR %\Repository\Component\PackageName.

- The component property files (*.props)
- The Component PBD files
- The component sub-directories

Step 2: Paste the files and sub-directories obtained in Step 1 to %JAGUAR%\Repository \Component\PackageName in the new EAServer.

Step 3: Go to **EAServer Manager** and generate stubs and skeletons for the components. For detailed instructions, refer to <u>How to deploy NVO to EAServer 6.1</u>.

5.4 How to use Client resources in Appeon Web applications

Description

Appeon Web applications cannot directly interface with external resources from PowerBuilder code on the Client.

Workaround

Transfer Client resources to the Server, do all manipulations on the Server, and then return the result to the Client.

Example

The following example shows you how to use an n-tier NVO and a JSP page to work around a PowerBuilder application whose main functionality is updating a database using a text file at the Client.

The original PowerBuilder application

The main logic

- Step 1: In a DataWindow control, save the specified column values as a text file on the Client.
- Step 2: Modify the column values stored in the text file.
- Step 3: Update the latest value stored in the text file to the database.

After modification

The main logic

- Step 1: Encapsulate the following logic to an NVO.
- Logic to save the specified column values as a text file.
- Logic to update the latest value stored in the text file to the database.
- Step 2: Deploy the NVO to EAServer as a Jaguar component.
- Step 3: Call Jaguar component to save the column values as a text file on the Server.
- Step 4: Read the contents of the text file and save it to the Client using IE browser.
- Step 5: Modify the column values in the text file on the Client.
- Step 6: Upload the text file to the Server using JSP.
- Step 7: Use the functionality encapsulated in the Jaguar component to update the database.

5.5 How to replace Appeon image that displays at the running of applications

Description

When you launch an application in Internet Explorer, an image () shows in the browser for a moment, indicating the start of the loading process. The image is pre-defined in Appeon, but you can change it to any other image.

Workaround

Once you change the Appeon-defined image to your own image, all applications deployed to the server will show the new image at the beginning of application-loading process.

Step 1: Prepare an image that you want to display at the beginning of application-loading process. Name it to "awl_loading.gif".

Step 2: Go to the folder where the Appeon-defined image is stored, and replace the old awl_loading.gif with the new awl_loading.gif. You need to replace awl_loading.gif in the following two folders: %AppeonServer%\weblibrary_ax\debug\image\ and %AppeonServer%\weblibrary_ax\release\image\.

5.6 How to deploy an Appeon application without Appeon Developer

Description

Appeon Developer is needed to deploy the application to at least one Appeon Server and Web Server. Once deployed to an Appeon Server and a Web Server, you can replicate the deployed application to other Appeon Servers and Web Servers without using Appeon Developer.

Workaround

Use the Package Wizard provided in the Appeon Developer toolbar to generate a portable installation package for your Appeon deployed application and install the package to the other Appeon Servers and Web Servers. For step-by-step instructions on how to package and install applications, please refer to Chapter 11, *Packaging Applications* in *Appeon Developer User Guide*.

5.7 How to log in the Web application with single sign-on

Method 1: Use a server component to manage user information.

Step 1: Create an EAServer shared component (either a PowerBuilder or Java component) for storing user information. This shared component is shared between the Appeon application and other applications such as COBOL apps, Web Services, SOA, etc.

Step 2: Add the following logic to the Appeon application: when a user logs in, the user information (user ID and password) is passed to the EAServer shared component.

Step 3: When the user accesses another application (COBOL apps, Web Services, SOA, etc), the other application gets the user information from the shared component and authenticates the user.

The same method can be used for the user to first access a non-Appeon application and then access an Appeon application with single sign-on.

Method 2: Apply command line argument.

Appeon supports the CommandParm function and the command line argument in the Open event of a PowerBuilder application. These features can be applied for implementing single sign-on.

The command line argument can be passed to an Appeon application in the following way:

http://192.0.1.94:8080/MyTest/index.htm?user=appeon&password=appeon

This attaches the string "index.htm?arguments" to the end of the original application URL ("index.htm" must be included in the string).

If the user wants to launch an Appeon application after logging on to an LDAP based application, the LDAP based application passes the user information via the URL of the Appeon application, and the user starts the Appeon application without further login procedures.

It is also possible to pass the session ID only. A table is created in the database for keeping the session information of the LDAP based application, with a session ID assigned to each session, and the session information containing user information. When the Appeon

application is launched with the session ID as its command line argument, the application reads from the database table the user information and authenticates the user. The user can start the Appenda application without further login procedures.

5.8 How to add headers & footers to a Web application

Description

Use this solution to add headers and footers to a corporate website with an Appeon application in a frame.

Workaround

Create a new frame page with a header and footer. Set the URL that is used to access the deployed application to the initial page of the content frame.

Step 1: Prepare two HTML files: header.html and footer.html.

Step 2: In Microsoft FrontPage, create a new frame page that contains header, footer and content frames. To create a new frame page, click **File** | **New** | **Page**. In the *Frames Page* tab, select *Header, Footer and Contents Template*.

Step 3: Set *header.html* as the initial page of the header frame, and set *footer.html* as the initial page of the footer frame.

Step 4: Set the URL that is used to access the deployed application as the initial page of the content frame.

Step 5: Put the frame page in the same Web root as the original deployed application and provide the frame page name to the user.

Now the user can directly open the frame page which opens the deployed application. Headers and footers have already been added to the deployed application.

5.9 How to get the user name and password of the operating system

To get the user name and password of the operating system, follow the two steps:

Step 1: Package the GetUserName function into a DLL then call the DLL in PowerBuilder.

Step 2: Deploy the DLL to Appeon Server and download the DLL to the client needed. You can get the detail information of the GetUserName function from the following Website: http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windows/desktop/ms724432(v=vs.85).aspx.

5.10 How to modify the storage location of Web application files in Appeon Developer

Appeon Developer will generate and store Web application files on the local machine before deploying it to Appeon Server. You can configure to store these files to other location rather than the default one. By default the Web files will be stored in %Appeon_Developer% \Project\% application_name% (e.g., *C:\Program Files\Appeon\Developer2013R2\Project \sales*). %Appeon_Developer% indicates the installation path of Appeon Developer.

How to configure the location for Web files

Page 198

Step 1: Open the ADTConfig.xml file in the directory %Appeon_Developer% \Developer2013R2.

Step 2: Find the following lines:

```
<PathCfg>
<Project value="%Appeon_Developer%\Developer2013R2\Project\"/>
</PathCfg>
```

Step 3: Replace the value in bold with another location where you want to store the Web files.

5.11 How to integrate Appean Web applications with JSP/ASP

5.11.1 Applying Appeon CommandParm and Hyperlink features

Description

If your application needs to pass parameters to a JSP/ASP application, use the following method.

Workaround for passing parameters from a JSP/ASP application to an Appeon application

Apply the JSP/ASP programming method to add parameters to the URL of the Appeon application. Based upon the parameters, any functionality can be built in the Appeon Web application, such as opening windows and retrieving data to provide client-side integration.

The Appeon application receives the parameters using the CommandParm function and CommandLine parameter of the Open event.

Workaround for passing parameters from an Appeon application to a JSP/ASP application

Appeon supports PictureHyperLink and StaticHyperLink window controls. For example, you can statically or dynamically assign the URL of the JSP/ASP Web application to *http://www.x.x/index.asp?aid=x&bid=y&cid=z* in the Clicked event of a PictureHyperLink or StaticHyperLink window control and send the parameter from the Appeon application to a JSP/ASP application.

Appeon also supports the HyperLinkToURL PowerScript function. The developers can also apply this function to pass the parameter to a JSP/ASP application through automatic code rather than being user-initiated. The Web application needs to be refreshed while receiving the parameter.

5.11.2 Using Internet Explorer Frame

Description

Appeon applications can be accessed in an Internet Explorer frame. It is possible to set the Appeon application and the ASP/JSP application in two different frames of the same browser.

Workaround

Take the following steps to build up integration using IE frames:

Step 1: Divide the IE browser into two frames; one for running the Appeon application and one for running the ASP/JSP application.

Step 2: Apply the Appeon CommandParm feature for launching the Appeon application from the ASP/JSP application.

Step 3: Apply the Appeon Hyperlink feature for launching the ASP/JSP application from the Appeon application.

5.11.3 Integration through intermediate n-Tier Server-level solutions

Description

It is possible to pass parameters between Appeon applications and JSP/ASP applications by applying server-level integration. The information that is passed can be stored at any of the tiers in the n-Tier environment, including the Client PC, Application Server, or the Database Server.

Workaround

• The information can be stored and read on the Client PC operating system through the signed and secure Appeon ActiveX.

Both Appeon and JSP/ASP application read and write a normal Client PC operating system file. The JSP/ASP application needs the ability to access the Client PC operating system file through ActiveX or a Plug-in, etc.

See the following example for how to store and read the information on the Client PC operating system DLL. Appear calls to a Client PC operating system DLL file in the same way as in PowerBuilder using the Appear ActiveX:

```
Var objForm
set objForm=Server.CreateObject("Scripting.Dictionary")
set tStream = Server.CreateObject("adodb.stream")
```

• The intermediate information can be stored in a Database Server table.

Both applications can read and write a normal RDBMS database table. Information such as orders, products, customers, or loans can be stored in a database table. After the information is stored in the database table, other applications can trigger a user-initiated event or simple automatic timer event to get updated information.

• The intermediate information can be stored in a file on the Application Server.

If both the Appeon and JSP/ASP applications call to the same DLL, the developer can make use of functionality provided by DLLs for setting up communication between the applications.

5.12 No Workarounds

Not every unsupported feature can be worked around or need to be worked around. Some features are small or trivial or may not necessarily cause functionality loss even if they are not modified or worked around.

If the unsupported feature is flagged as "Have to modify" in the Unsupported Feature Analysis report while you cannot find a workaround for it, please send a test case to <support@appeon.com> for help.

appeonwebservice component object, $\underline{73}$

Index

IIIGEX	Application object, <u>155</u>
\mathbf{A}	Applying Appeon CommandParm and
	Hyperlink features, <u>198</u>
AddItem function (EAServer only), <u>154</u>	
Appean Glient Functions 17	В
Appean Client Functions, 17	Barcode, 91
Appean Commit Label, 53	Best practices for calling APIs, $\underline{4}$
Appeon Commit/Rollback Label, <u>52</u>	~
Appeon GetFullState/SetFullState/	C
GetChanges/SetChanges (Windows only), 174	Calling .NET/COM server components (.NET only), <u>68</u>
Appeon Immediate Call Label, <u>56</u>	Calling EJB Component, <u>59</u>
Appeon Labels, <u>51</u>	Calling functions and events, <u>161</u>
Appeon Queue Labels, <u>54</u>	Calling Web Service, 73
Appeon requirements for EJB development,	Camera, 96
<u>67</u>	CanUndo function, 167
Appeon Resize PBL Reference, <u>149</u>	Char data type column, 173
Appeon Rollback Label, <u>53</u>	Client Log, 26
Appeon Update Label, <u>57</u>	Code Example, <u>66</u>
Appeon Workarounds PBL Reference, 4	Code Examples, 72, 76
Appeon Workspace, 77	Column control, 173
AppeonDataWindow and AppeonDataStore,	Configuring and deploying Appeon File
<u>48</u>	Server, <u>26</u>
AppeonDotNetComponent object, 69	Configuring the Appeon File Server, 31, 32
AppeonExtFuncs object, <u>5</u>	<u>36, 37, 39, 39, 42</u>
AppeonFileService object, <u>43</u>	Connection, 100
AppeonGetAppeonUserName function, 17	ConnectServer function, 61
AppeonGetBrowserVersion function, <u>18</u>	ConnectString parameter, <u>174</u>
AppeonGetCacheDir function, <u>18</u>	Constructor, 71, 75
AppeonGetClientID function, 19	Controls in a DataWindow, 172
AppeonGetClientIP function, <u>19</u>	CreateRemoteInstance function, <u>65</u>
AppeonGetClientType function, <u>19</u>	
AppeonGetFullStateEX, 49	D
AppeonGetHttpInfo function, 19	DataWindow control, <u>167</u>
AppeonGetIEHandle function, <u>20</u>	DataWindow Object Properties, <u>166</u>
AppeonGetIEURL function, 20	DataWindow operator precedence, <u>166</u>
AppeonGetOSType function, <u>20</u>	DataWindow operators, <u>166</u>
AppeonGetRemainingdays function, 21	DataWindow Reference, <u>166</u>
AppeonGetServerType function, <u>21</u>	DBCancel function, <u>167</u>
AppeonGetSessionCount function, <u>22</u>	DBParm parameters in Database, <u>174</u>
appeonisin64browser function, <u>22</u>	DDE Server functions, <u>156</u>
AppeonLDAPLogon function, 22	Declarations, <u>162</u>
AppeonPopMenu function, 22	DeleteItem function, <u>154</u>
AppeonPopMenuOn function, 23	Deploying NVOs to EAServer, <u>185</u>
AppeonPrint2File function, <u>24</u>	Deploying the Appeon File Server, <u>34</u> , <u>36</u> ,
AppeonPrint2PDF function, <u>25</u>	<u>37, 39, 39, 43</u>
AppeonSetFullStateEX, <u>49</u>	DestroyRemoteInstance function, <u>66</u>
AppeonSwitchRealTimeCalc function, <u>25</u>	Destructor, <u>71</u> , <u>75</u>

Device, <u>101</u>	Functions for appeonwebservicecomponent,
DisConnection function, <u>61</u>	<u>74</u>
Distributed DataWindows (EAServer only),	Functions for DataWindow control, <u>167</u>
<u>48</u>	Functions of DataStore, <u>174</u>
Duplicate arguments for a function, <u>161</u>	
DWMessageTitle property, <u>155</u>	G
_	Garbage Collection functions, <u>158</u>
${f E}$	General API, <u>4</u>
EJBObject object, <u>60</u>	GenerateResultSet function, <u>167</u>
eon_cst_resize object, <u>149</u> , <u>149</u>	Geolocation, <u>108</u>
eon_cst_resizeattrib object, <u>152</u>	GetItemAtPointer function, <u>155</u>
eon_cst_resizecompose object, <u>152</u>	GetLibraryList function, <u>158</u>
eon_logex, <u>26</u>	GetTrans function, <u>168</u>
eon_mobilecameraex object, <u>96</u>	GOTO statement, <u>164</u>
eon_mobile_awsex object, 77	
eon_mobile_barcodeex object, 91	Н
eon_mobile_connectionex object, <u>101</u>	Help event, <u>165</u>
eon_mobile_deviceex object, <u>101</u>	Help functions, <u>158</u>
eon_mobile_mapex object, <u>116</u>	How to add headers & footers to a Web
eon_mobile_mediaex object, <u>108</u> , <u>125</u> , <u>131</u>	application, <u>197</u>
eon_mobile_nfcex object, <u>137</u>	How to deploy an Appeon application
eon_mobile_notificationex object, <u>126</u>	without Appeon Developer, 196
eon_mobile_str_annotation, <u>125</u>	How to deploy NVO to EAServer 6.1, <u>183</u>
eon_mobile_str_cameraoption, <u>100</u>	How to deploy NVOs to EAServer without
eon_mobile_str_coordinates, <u>113</u>	PowerBuilder, <u>194</u>
eon_mobile_str_mailcontent, 90	How to get the user name and password of
eon_mobile_str_mapoption, <u>124</u>	the operating system, <u>197</u>
eon_mobile_str_nfcrecord, <u>147</u>	How to integrate Appeon Web applications
eon_mobile_str_textcheckoption, <u>136</u>	with JSP/ASP, <u>198</u>
eon_offlineex object, <u>128</u>	How to log in the Web application with
Evaluating DataWindow expressions in	single sign-on, <u>196</u>
scripts, <u>173</u>	How to modify the storage location of Web
Events for AppeonDotNetComponent, 71	application files in Appeon Developer, <u>197</u>
Events for appeonwebservicecomponent, <u>75</u>	How to remove the Internet Explorer menu,
Events for DataWindow control, <u>170</u>	182
External user object, <u>154</u>	How to replace Appeon image that displays
T.	at the running of applications, <u>195</u>
F	How to use Client resources in Appeon Web
FAQ & Workarounds, 182	applications, <u>194</u>
File Upload and Download, 26	HyperLinkToURL function, <u>159</u>
File Pend For function, 157	T
FileSeale(A fraction, 157	I 11 40
FileSeek64 function, 157	il_Id, <u>48</u>
FileWriteEx function, <u>157</u>	InitLocalLanguage function, 62
FreeDBLibraries property, <u>155</u>	Installing the Appeon File Server, 27
From Ansi function, 157	Integration through intermediate n-Tier
From Unicode function, 157	Server-level solutions, 199
Functions for AppeonDotNetComponent, 70	Introduction to Appeon Workarounds, 4
Functions for AppeonFileService object, <u>44</u>	Invoking component functions, <u>63</u>

is_FileServerName, 47	of_create, 91
is_LogOnParams, 48	of_downloadfile, 47
ItemActivate event, <u>156</u>	of_execinterface, 70
	of_FileExists, 47
${f L}$	of_getappeonusername function, 7
Language basics, <u>163</u>	of_getappinfo, 84
Large Binary/Text database OLE object, <u>172</u>	of_getapporientation, 80
LibraryDirectory function, <u>159</u>	of_getapprotationlock, 82
ListView control, <u>155</u>	of_getassistivetouchbtnvisible, 79
LiveScroll property, <u>172</u>	of_getassistivetouchmode, 78
LookUpJndi function, <u>62</u>	of_getblocksize, 139
	of_getbrowserversion function, 7
M	of_getcachedir function, 8
Map, <u>115</u>	of_getclientid function, 8
Media, <u>125</u>	of_getclientip function, 9
Mobile Device API, <u>77</u>	of_getclienttype function, 9
	of_getcloseappiconvisible, 88
N	of_getComponentName, 149
NFC, <u>136</u>	of_getconnectioninfo, 101
Notification, <u>126</u>	of_getcurrentposition, <u>110</u>
Null values, <u>163</u>	of_getdeviceid, 101
0	of_getdevicetype, 102
0	of_getdpi, 103
Objects & Controls, <u>154</u>	of_getdwmousemovemode, 89
oe_annotationclicked, <u>116</u>	of_getfiledata, 94, 96
oe_changed, <u>117</u>	of_getfreememory, 104
oe_error, <u>109</u> , <u>117</u>	of_gethttpinfo function, 9
oe_loadend, <u>117</u>	of_getiehandle function, 10
oe_loadstart, 117	of_getieurl function, 10
oe_locationchanged, 110	of_getignoredwords, 132
oe_newtagfound, <u>137</u>	of_getlanguages, 133
Offline, <u>127</u>	of_getmaxblockcount, 139
of_addannotation, <u>118</u>	of_getmaxsectorcount, 139
of_addmessage, <u>126</u>	of_getmisspelledword, 133
of_addrecord, 138	of_getname, 104
of_addresstocoordinate, 119	of_getndefrecord, 140
of_appeondownload, 46	of_getndefrecordcount, 140
of_appeonupload, 45	of_getorientation, 105
of_applydbupdate, 128	of_getostype function, 10
of_applyupdate, 129	of_getosversion, 106
of_callwebservice, 74	of_getplatform, 105
of_checkappeonserver, 128	of_getppi, 103
of_checkSizeType, 149	of_getresolution, 106
of_checkupdate, 130	of_getservertype function, 11
of_clearlog, 77	of_getsessioncount function, 12
of_clearlog function, 14	of_getsize, 141
of_close, <u>110</u> , <u>119</u> , <u>138</u>	of_getstatusbarvisible, <u>107</u>
of_completionsforpartialword, <u>131</u>	of_gettagid, 141
of coordinatetoaddress, 120	

of_gettimeout, <u>142</u>	of_settimeout, <u>144</u>
of_gettitlebarvisible, 83	of_settitlebarvisible, <u>83</u>
of_gettotalmemory, <u>103</u>	of_setwindowlisticonvisible, <u>87</u>
of_getversion, <u>84</u>	of_startblockoperate, <u>145</u>
of_getwindowlisticonvisible, <u>87</u>	of_stopblockoperate, <u>145</u>
of_guessesforword, 134	of_switchRealTimeCalc function, 17
of_haslearnedword, 134	of_takefile, 98
of_init, <u>149</u> , <u>152</u>	of_triggerevent, <u>146</u>
of_init (userobject), <u>150</u>	of_typeOf, <u>151</u>
of_init (window), <u>150</u>	of_unlearnword, <u>135</u>
of_is64browser function, <u>12</u>	of_uploadfile, <u>47</u>
of_isenabled, 111	of_writeblock, <u>146</u>
of_ldaplogon function, <u>12</u>	of_writerecord, <u>147</u>
of_learnword, <u>135</u>	Other event, <u>166</u>
of_log, <u>78</u>	Overriding system function, <u>161</u>
of_log function, <u>13</u>	.
of_logofffileserver, <u>45</u>	P
of_logonfileserver, <u>44</u>	Packaging unsupported features in n-Tier
of_open, <u>111</u> , <u>121</u> , <u>142</u>	NVOs or DLLs, <u>177</u>
of_openalbums, 97	Packaging unsupported objects into n-Tier
of_play, <u>125</u>	NVOs, <u>177</u>
of_popmenu function, <u>14</u>	Passing arguments to functions and events,
of_popmenuon function, <u>15</u>	161 D : M : 1: 4 C
of_print2file function, <u>15</u>	Passing Menu object as a reference
of_Print2PDF, <u>17</u>	parameter, 162
of_read, <u>94</u>	pfc_resize, <u>153</u>
of_readblock, <u>143</u>	PipeLine object, <u>154</u>
of_refresh, <u>121</u>	Placing unsupported functions into n-Tier
of_register, <u>112</u> , <u>143</u> , <u>150</u>	NVOs, <u>179</u> Paralete Error function 160
of_register (a_component, a_obj,	PopulateError function, 160
as_method), <u>152</u>	PowerScript Peters, 165
of_register (a_obj, as_method), <u>152</u>	PowerScript Reference, 161
of_removeallannotation, <u>123</u>	PowerScript Topics 161
of_removeannotation, 122	PowerScript Topics, <u>161</u> Properties for AppeonDotNetComponent, <u>69</u>
of_removemessage, 127	Properties for AppeonDottvetComponent, 69 Properties for AppeonFileService object, 47
of_runmode function, 11	Properties for appeonwebservice object, 47 Properties for appeonwebservicecomponent,
of_selectannotation, <u>123</u>	73
of_sendmail, 85	Properties of the DataWindow Control, <u>172</u>
of_setapporientation, <u>81</u>	Troperties of the Data window Control, 172
of_setapprotationlock, <u>82</u>	R
of_setassistivetouchbtnvisible, <u>80</u>	Reference parameter, <u>162</u>
of_setassistivetouchmode, 79	Registering parameter functions, <u>64</u>
of_setcloseappiconvisible, <u>88</u>	Registry function, <u>160</u>
of_setdwmousemovemode, 90	RegStruct and RegStructArray functions, <u>64</u>
of_setignoredwords, <u>132</u>	ReselectRow function, <u>168</u>
of_setkey, 144	ResetTransObject function, <u>168</u>
of_setResizeType, 151	Retrieve. As Needed, 166
of_setstatusbarvisible, <u>107</u>	RetrieveRow event, <u>171</u>

Page 204

S

SaveAsAscii function, 169
Scroll function, 169
ScrollVertical event, 170
SetDropHighlight function, 156
SetTrans function, 169
Shared Object functions, 160
Shared variables, 162
SignalError function, 160
SQL Statements, 165
Stored procedure with Null output, 165
System Controls, 155
System Functions, 156
System Objects, 154

\mathbf{T}

Tab control, <u>156</u>
TabPostEvent function, <u>156</u>
Textchecker, <u>131</u>
TreeView control, <u>156</u>

U

Uploading and downloading files, <u>43</u> UserObject object, <u>154</u> Using Internet Explorer Frame, <u>198</u>

\mathbf{W}

Workaround limitations, <u>50</u>
Workaround steps, <u>50</u>
Workaround Techniques (for EAServer only), <u>174</u>
Workarounds for Unsupported Features, <u>154</u>